St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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DID YOU EVER MISS

READING AN ADVERTISEMENT?

If You ever did, do not miss this one. If you ever want any Dry Goods, read this. It will be interesting and profitable. Without saying this will be the ONLY GENUINE CLOSING-OUT SALE OF THE SEASON, we will, in as few words as possible, say what we mean. This is that we,

PENNY & GENTLES,

Southwest Corner Fifth and Franklin Avenua,

Have made it a rule ever since our commencement in business never to have anything left over to the next season. We will, therefore, make a Grand Clearing Sale on MONDAY MORNING, and if you only give a glance at the figures, we will be sure to see you at our store, as Dry Goods at such extraordinarily low prices have never been thought of. Just think of it! Silk Foulards, 25c a yard; All-Wool Buntings, 10c; Mohair Brocade Dress Goods, 5c; Linen-Finished Lawns, 3 1-2c: Standard Calicoes, 4c. Every item in the following list has been copied from the marks on the goods, which are just what the reductions are:

Silks.

THIS IS HOW THEY GO:

Foulard Silks, closing-out price, 25c; have been 50c.
24-inch Foulard Silks, closing out price, 40c; have been 75c.
24-inch All-Silk Foulard Satin, closing-out price, 75c; has been $1 25.
22-inch All-Silk Brocades, closing-out price, 50c; has been $1 25.
1 lot Brocaded Silk Grenadines, closing-out price, 25c; has been 75c.
2 lots Black Silk Brocade, closing-out price, 85c; has been $1 50.
1 lot 22-inch Black Silk, closing-out price, $1; has been $1 35.

Lawns and White Goods.

1 lot Linen finished Lawns, closing out price 3½c; has been 6½c.
1 lot Painted Ground French Organdies, closing out price 10c; has been 15c.
1 lot Linen Lawns, choicest patterns, closing out at 20c; has been 25c.
1 lot White Victoria Lawns, closing out price 8½c; has been 12½c.
1 lot White Piques, closing out price 5c; has been 12½c.
1 lot Dotted Swisses, closing out price 25c; has been 40c.
1 lot Laced Victoria Lawns, closing out price 20c; has been 35c.
1 lot French Sateen and French Chambray Robes closing out price $5; has been $10 and $12 50.

Dress Goods.

1 lot Spring Brocade Dress Goods, closing out at 5c; has been 20c.
1 lot Choicest Brocade Dress Goods, closing out at 7½c; has been 20c.
1 lot Worsted Momies, closing out at 10c; has been 20c.
1 lot Latest Shades Nun's Veiling, closing out at 12½c; has been 20c.
1 lot Choicest Pure Mohairs, latest shades, 15c; has been 35c.
1 lot Silk and Wool Novelties, closing out price 10c; has been 35c.
1 lot Pin Checks, closing out price 15c; has been 35c.
1 lot Pure Wool Albatross Cloths, closing out price 15c; has been 25c.
1 lot of 44-inch all-wool Nun's Veiling at 40c; has been 65c.
1 lot 36-inch choice shades at 25c; has been 45c.

Calicoes and Ginghams.

1 lot Standard Calicoes, closing out price 4c, has been 8½c.
1 lot Indigo Blue Calicoes, warranted fast colors, closing out price 8½c. has been 10c.
1 lot yard-wide French Percales, closing out price 10c, has been 15c.
1 lot newest and best styles Dress Ginghams, closing out price 6½c, has been 12½c.
1 lot handsome Embroidered French Gingham Robes, closing out price $4, has been $6 50.
1 lot French Sateens, closing out at 12½c, has been 30c.

Black Goods.

1 lot All-wool Black Bunting, closing-out price 10c: has been 20c. 1 lot 36-inch Wool Lace Bunting, closing-out price 25c; has been 40c. 1 lot 44-inch All-wool Nun's Veiling, closing-out price 40c; has been 65c.

Linens and Domestics.

CLOSING OUT.

1 lot Turkey Red Table Linen at 45c; has been 50c.
1 lot col'd border Table Linen, closing out at 15c; has been 25c.
1 lot All-Linen German Table Damask at 25c; has been 40c.
1 lot bleached and half-bleached Table Linen, closing out at 45c; has been 65c.
1 lot 12-4 colored crochet Quilts, closing-out price 90c; has been $1 25.
1 lot 12-4 colored crochet Quilts, closing-out price $1 25; has been $1 75.
1 lot 12-4 white crochet Quilts, closing-out price 87c; has been $1 25.
1 case yard-wide soft-finish bleached Muslin, closing-out price 6½c; has been 10c.
1 case 9-4 bleached Sheeting, closing out at 21c; has been 25c.
1 case 10-4 bleached Sheeting, closing out at 22½c; has been 27½c.
1 case 10-4 unbleached Sheeting, closing out at 19c; has been 25c.
1 lot bleached Damask Towels, medallion centers, closing out at 19c; has been 25c.
1 lot all-linen twilled Towels, closing out at 5c; has been 10c.

Embroideries.

1 lot fine Hamburg Embroidery, closing out price 10c; has been 15c.
1 lot 9-inch wide Flouncing Embroidery, closing out price 40c; has been 65c.
1 lot 14-inch wide finest Flouncing Embroidery, closing out price 75c; has been $1 25.
1 lot 5-inch wide Swiss Embroidery, closing out price 25c; has been 35c.
1 lot 10-inch Swiss Embroidery, closing out price 50c; has been 75c.
1 lot Irish Point, closing out price 20c; has been 35c.
1 lot 5-inch Irish Point, closing out price 40c; has been 65c.

Parasols.

1 lot lined and coaching Parasols, all latest goods, closing-out price, $1 75; has been $3.
1 lot rich brocaded Parasols, lace trimmed, closing out price, $6 50.
1 lot 22-inch best twilled Silk Sun Umbrellas, closing out price. $1 75; has been $2 50.
1 lot 20-inch best twilled Silk Sun Umbrellas, at closing out price, $1; has been $1 50.
1 lot 20-inch Satin Parasols, lined, all colors, French horn handles, closing out price, $3; has been $5.

Hosiery and Gloves.

1 lace-top Lisle Thread Gloves, closing out price 10c; has been 25c.
1 lot lacing and Jersey Lisle Thread Gloves, closing out price 15c; has been 35c and 40c.
1 lot Spun Silk and Lisle Thread, closing out price 25c and 35c; has been 75c.
1 lot best quality Jersey Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves, closing out price 50c; has been $1.
1 lot Children's full regular made Fancy stripe Hose 5 and 5½, closing out price 15c and 20c; has been 20c, 35c and 40c.
6 and 6½, same goods, closing out price 20c and 25c; has been 35c and 45c.
7 and 7½, same goods, closing out price 20 and 25c; has been 35c.
1 lot Ladies' full regular made Fancy Striped Hose, closing out price 35c, 3 pairs for $1; has been 50c.
1 lot Ladies' finest Thread Fancy Hose, closing out price 40c; has been 65c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

1 Lot Gents' Summer Undershirts; closing out price, 15c.
1 Lot Gents' Summer Undershirts, regular made, closing out price, 25c; has been 35c.
1 Lot Gents' Gauze Undershirts; closing out price, 45c; has been 65c.
1 Lot Gents' Drill Drawers; closing out price, 35c; has been 50c.
1 Lot Gents' Linen Front and Buff Unlaundried Shirts; closing out price, 45c; has been 65c.
1 Lot Gents' Percale Shirts; closing out price, 35c; has been 75c.
1 Lot Gents' Fancy Half-Hose, full regular made; closing out price, 15c; have been 25c.
1 Lot Gents' Fancy Half-Hose, silk clocked; closing out price, 25c; have been 40c.

Fancy Goods.

1 lot Ladies' Linen Collars, closing out price two for 5c; has been 10c.
1 lot Ladies' Linen Collars, closing out price.
1 lot Ladies' all-linen hemstitched printed border handkerchiefs, closing out price 10c; has been 20c.
1 lot Gents' pure linen handkerchiefs, closing out price 15c; has been 25c.
1 lot Gents' pure linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, colored borders, closing out at 25c; has been 40c.
1 lot Ladies' Linen Collars, slightly soiled; closing out at half price.
1 lot Ladies' Lace Collars, closing out price 10c; have been 35c.
1 lot Ladies' Lace Collars; closing out price 25c; have been 65c.
1 lot Ladies' Fine Lace Collars, closing out price 50c and 75c; have been $1 and $1 50.
1 lot Ladies' Mull Fichus, closing out price 35c; have been 75c,
1 lot Ladies' Mull Fichus, closing out price 75c; have been $1 25.
1 lot Ladies' Mull Fichus, closing out price 15c; have been 50c.

Ribbons.

1 lot striped and watered Sash Ribbons; closing-out price 25c; has been 50c.
1 lot 8-inch watered Sash Ribbon, closing-out price 35c; has been 75c.
1 lot all silk Moire Ribbon, in blacks, No. 9, closing-out price 10c; No. 12 closing-out at 12½.
1 lot fancy Fans, closing out at 25c; price has been 75c.

Ladies' Suits and Wraps.

1 lot Ladies' Cream Bunting suits, closing-out price $1 75; have been $6 50.
1 lot Spring Suits in Bunting, Mohairs and Brocades, closing-out price $2 50; have been $8 50 and $10.
1 lot Summer Silk Suits, closing-out price $6 50; have been $15.
1 lot Gingham Suits, closing-out price $1 25; have been $4.
1 lot Ladies' Calico Suits and Wrappers, best goods, closing-out price 75c; have been $1 50.
1 Lot Children's Calico and Gingham Dresses, closing out at 15c, 25c and 50c; have been 35c, 50c and $1 25.
1 Lot Children's Linen Dresses, closing-out price 45c; have been $1 50.
1 Lot Silk and Satin Spring Wraps: closing-out prices $5, $6 50 and $7 50; have been $15, $16 50 and $17 50.
1 Lot Imported Spring Wraps; closing-out price $3 75; have been $8.
1 Lot Children's Lace Caps, closing out at 25c, 35c, 50c and $1; have been 65c, 85c, $1 and $1 50.

Ladies' Underwear.

1 Lot Ladies' bleached and unbleached Chemises, closing-out price 22c; have been 30c.
1 Lot bleached Chemises, closing-out price 45c; have been 65c.
1 Lot bleached Chemises, closing-out price 50; have been 75c.
1 Lot Ladies' summer Skirts, closing-out price 75c; have been $1 25.

To enumerate every article would be impossible. Sufficient to say, we have thousands of other items at equally low prices, and we wish it understood that we have reduced everything just as advertised.

SALE TO COMMENCE ON MONDAY MORNING AT 8.

PENNY & GENTLES, SOUTHWEST COR. FIFTH STREET AND FRANKLIN AVE.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND

TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

MELLIER'S CINCHONA HAIR DRESSING.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

Cooling and exharating; cleanses the scalp and prevents dandruff 50 cents per bottle.

JUST RECEIVED, an elegant line of Ladies' Satchels and Shopping Bags of Nile, Crocodile, Alligator and Seal.

A large assortment of Sponges, Turkish Towels, Bath Gloves and Chamois Skins, etc.

Manicure Sets, Ladies' and Gents' Traveling Dressing Cases.

N. B.--In our PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT we use only the most approved chemicals, which are dispensed by Graduates in Pharmacy.

A. A. MELLIER, 711 Washington Avenue.

HOW THEY DO IT!

D. Crawford & Co.

In addition to the Drives advertised in yesterday's papers, will make a Special Bargain Lot of 250 pieces---all they have---of Pacific Lawns, which they will offer at

5c A YARD.

The lot does not consist of odds and ends, or bogus goods fixed up with a "Pacific" ticket, but are the Genuine Article, all New Styles for 1883, and fresh from the case. No wholesale merchant in the land will sell them for less than 11c.

The ONLY PLACE to get the DOLLAR'S WORTH for FIFTY CENTS is at

The Popular and Progressive One-Price Cash House of

D. Crawford & Co.

COR. FIFTH and FRANKLIN AVE.

BARGAINS

IN

Ladies' AND Children's

SHOES,

IN FINE AND MEDIUM QUALITIES

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

D. Crawford & Co.

Previous to the departure of their buyer for the Eastern Markets, desire to reduce the bulk of the Stock in this Department, so as to give plenty of room for anticipated heavy Fall purchases, and will offer this week the following Special Lots at Reductions as follows:

450 pairs Child's Fine Kid Newport Buttons, Oxford and Vassar Ties, sizes 5 to 7 1-2, at $1 a pair; former price, $1 40.

475 pairs Children's Newport Buttons, Oxford and Vassar Ties, sizes 8 to 10 1-2, at $1 15 a pair; former price, $1 50.

175 pairs Misses' Kid and Goat Newport Buttons, worked holes, sizes 11 to 1, at $1 25 a pair; former price, $1 75.

400 pairs Ladies' Fine Kid, turned soles, Newport Ties, sizes 2 1-2 to 7, at $1 25 and $1 50 a pair; former price, $1 75 and $2.

300 pairs Ladies' Kid Button Boots, worked holes, sizes 2 1-2 to 6, at $2 a pair; former price, $2 50 and $2 75.

400 pairs Ladies' Extra Fine Kid Buttons, hand and machine-sewed, sizes 2 1-2 to 6, widths B, C, D and E, at $3 a pair; former price, $4.

The above are all fresh and desirable goods, and can only be had at

The Popular and Progressive One-Price Cash House of

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Fifth and Franklin Ave.

FILET UNDERSHIRTS,

40c and 75c Each.

USUAL PRICES, 50c AND $1.

GIBERT BROS.,

MEN'S FURNISHERS,

604 Olive Street, and 613 Washington Ave.

MITCHELL'S

CANDIES

FRENCH FRUITS, CHOCOLATES.

418 OLIVE STREET.

COLUMBUS BUGGY CO.

HAYDEN & ALLEN, Agents,

512 NORTH MAIN STREET.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

N. W. Cor. Fifth and Olive Streets.

Pure Medicines, Fine Perfumery, Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.

ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.

Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

THOS. MAXWELL. JOS. MAXWEL

MAXWELL BROS

Horse and Mule Market.

Horses and mules bought and sold on commission. All kinds of Stock always on hand.

1416 to 1428 Broadway, St. Louis.

Liberal Cash advances made on consignments.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

NO 519 WALNUT ST., BET. 5TH AND 6TH.

"AUNT MARY."

Curious History of an Old and Wealthy Miser.

She is Found Dying in the Midst of Filth and Squalor—Terrible Scenes of Misery in "Bull's Alley"—Money Plenty, but No Food.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Mary Marsh, also known as "Aunt Mary" and "Aunty Peanuts," eighty-six years old and reputed to be a wealthy miser, was discovered yesterday morning on the verge of starvation in her attic room in the rear of No. 166 North Fourth street, Brooklyn. She had locked herself in the apartment about six days ago, and the other tenants, thinking that she was dead, yesterday burst open the door. They found her reduced to a skeleton, lying stark naked on the floor, and barely able to moan. A policeman was sent to the house. He raised up the woman, who was literally covered with vermin, and put her in a bed. Then he left her in charge of the other tenants, saying that he would notify the charity commissioners and call again. Up to 8 p. m., however, neither he nor any of the commissioners had appeared. The front building at No. 166 North Fourth street is occupied by a livery-stable. The rear is known as

"BULL'S ALLEY,"

and is probably the most miserable and poverty-stricken spot in all Brooklyn. A swinging door admits one to the alley, a narrow, dirt-begrimed passage paved with cobblestones. The alley leads into a yard, and facing the latter are two white-washed frame shanties. Mary Marsh lives in one of them. When a reporter opened the door of Mary Marsh's room, a sickening, stupefying odor issued from it that for a moment made him stagger. The room is about eight by ten feet in extent, and opens into another, smaller in size. Except the bed and stove, there was not an article of furniture in either room. They were crammed with the most heterogeneous mass of articles ever seen in a junk shop. There were old and broken pots and pans, a dozen empty tomato cans, soap boxes, empty bottles, pieces of iron pipe and bundles of rags of all sorts. All these articles were strewn about both rooms in confusion, and on all of them the dirt rested an inch thick. The bedstead is of painted pine wood, and worn with age. On it was a mass of filthy rags which supplied the place of bedding. A snow-white object stood out from its dark colored surroundings. At first it was motionless and it was only when it moved and

MOANS ISSUED FROM IT

that the reporter realized that it was a human face and head. Imagine the skull of an aged person with a transparent skin, without the least particle of flesh, drawn tightly across it, with every bone of the skull protruding and the eyes staring wildly from out the depths of their sockets. Picture this animated skull with a head of hair as white as snow, and one will in some measure be able to realize the face and features of Mary Marsh. As she became aware that there were visitors in the room, she raised the torn and tattered coverlet with her right arm and hand, which were as thin almost as those of a babe, and revealed the upper portion of her body, which was entirely nude, and which was that of a veritable skeleton. She was in full possession of her senses, though able to utter only disconnected words. In answer to the question how she came to be in that condition, one of the women present said that it was the belief of everybody in the house that "Aunt Mary" had

DELIBERATELY STARVED HERSELF,

because she was too miserly to satisfy the cravings of hunger. She had lived for years in the vicinity, and was a well-known character. The boys, when plaguing her in the street, called her "Aunty Peanuts." It was not known whether she was married or had any children. They had heard that she had two nephews. She did nothing for a living, but for years had been accumulating all the rubbish in the room, never selling anything, and never permitting anything to be moved. She always had money when she wanted any. In the severest winter weather she had begrudged herself a fire. She never cooked a meal in her room, but would buy some cabbage or a few potatoes, and cook them at a fire in the room of one of the other tenants, and beg the grease and drippings from them, with which she would make some soup. She was never known to buy any meat. She would occasionally send one of the children in the alley for some bread, and when they returned would charge them with having bought a smaller loaf and cheated her out of a few pennies. Then she

WOULD FLY IN A RAGE,

and beat them. This she did so often that the children had fairly refused to go on any errands for her. She would not permit any of her neighbors to go into her room if she could help it. She charged them with wanting to rob her, and locked herself in her room day and night. It was in that way she came to be in her present plight. She had as usual locked herself in, and denied herself food so long that she was too weak to leave. The neighbors heard her moan, but did not pay any attention to it, as she had a habit of doing that almost continually, and was very angry when she had been disturbed on previous occasions. When the door was finally broken open the neighbors gave her some cabbage and potatoes, which she ate ravenously. The reporter then went to the

SIXTH PRECINCT STATION-HOUSE.

He related what he had seen to the sergeant who was in charge of the desk, and asked why the woman had not been removed to the hospital or to an asylum. The sergeant answered that he had sent word to the police headquarters, and they had notified the commissioners. That was all he had to do in the matter.

"Cannot the woman be taken to-night to the hospital in South Third street, which is only a few blocks off?" asked the reporter.

"No, she cannot be removed until to-morrow," replied the sergeant. "It's Sunday, and the charity commissioners cannot attend to it."

"But you could have her removed to-night?"

"It's none of my affair."

"The woman is dying. She may not live until the morning."

"I can't help that."

Mr. Hamilton, the landlord of "Bull's alley," was at Coney Island, but

ONE OF HIS SONS

at once ordered that the woman should be taken to the hospital in one of his father's coaches. His father would never let "Aunt Mary" suffer for anything. As to the money she had given his father, she had used that up long ago, he said. She paid no rent for the rooms in which she was living. She was a miser, he said, and, no doubt, had plenty of money, though no one could tell where she had hidden it.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—For South Atlantic states cooler, partly cloudy weather and local rains, north to west winds, higher barometer. Gulf states, local rains, partly cloudy, light, variable winds, nearly stationary temperature, stationary or higher barometer in east portions. Tennessee and Ohio valley, fair weather, northerly winds, becoming variable, stationary or a slight rise in temperature, rising followed in west portions by falling barometer. Lower lake region, slightly warmer, fair weather, variable winds, stationary or lower barometer. Upper lake region, upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, slightly warmer, fair weather, variable winds generally from south to west, lower barometer. The Missouri river will rise at stations below Omaha and Kansas City.

MISSOURI HAPPENINGS.

Accidentally Shot—Convicted—Depot Burned—High License.

TROY, July 9.—Dr. Bradshaw of this place, while cleaning a loaded revolver, in a room where eight persons were seated, discharged it accidentally, the ball entering the head of a young girl named Georgie Hammond, ten years of age. She cannot recover.

KANSAS CITY, July 9.—George Grant, the colored man who in April, 1881, shot and killed Officer Jones while resisting arrest, was found guilty of murder in the first degree Saturday night.

POTOSI, July 9.—Sam Cook, the colored man who shot his sweetheart and then made three separite attempts at suicide while escaping, was captured yesterday morning. The first of the shots he aimed at his head made a scalp wound only, but the last two entered the brain. Notwithstanding this fact he is eating heartily and is feeling strong. His victim is still alive, but with no hope of recovery.

COLUMBIA, July 9.—Burglars, Saturday night, entered the residences of F. M. Searcy, M. Lanier, Mr. Farris, Dr. A. W. McAllister, Mr. Hale, G. D. Jones, and Dr. Woodson Moss, making a good haul.

INDEPENDENCE, July 9.—The Glendale depot of the C. & A. road was burned down Saturday night by unknown incendiaries who are believed to be part of the old James gang.

ST. JOSEPH, July 9.—The saloon-keepers met Saturday night and decided not to close their saloons Sunday, as provided for in the Downing high-license law, and to take out only wine and beer licenses in the future.

MEXICO, July 9.—Hiram Morgan, who is believed to have jumped from a train while it was in motion, was found horribly mangled on the track of the C. & A. yesterday. He is dying.

SPRINGFIELD, July 9.—J. T. Morris' residence at Henderson was burned to the ground Saturday night.

NOT CLOSED.

How the Rector Baffled the Vestrymen in a Church Quarrel.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—The doors of St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal church at Bridesburg stood barred and locked all day to-day without a single individual crossing the threshold. Upon a gate post a sign informed the public that no services would be held either in the church or the rectory. Notwithstanding this peremptory order the rector erected an altar, as he had done on the preceding Sunday, and held service and Sunday-school in the rectory adjoining the church. This state of affairs is the climax of a long brewing difficulty between the rector, the Rev. J. H. Appleton, and the majority of his vestry. The discontented portion of the vestry claim that their rector is so ritualistic that he borders on Romanism, and that they want to dismiss him. To-day the vestrymen went along the street forbidding persons to attend services at the parsonage. They expect, by the aid of a constable, to compel the present occupant to vacate the rectory.

GUITEAU'S SISTER

Brings Suit Against Her Husband—She Makes Several Demands.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Guiteau's sister has brought another action in court in this county against her divorced husband, George Scoville, asking that he be restrained from visiting her place of abode and from defrauding her of her property and that he be compelled to contribute to her support and that of her child, and that he give her the assassin's effects. She claims to have supported herself and daughter by dressmaking and to have kept the child in a boarding-school.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

There were seven deaths from sunstroke in Philadelphia on Sunday.

In a difficulty in a bar-room in New Orleans on Sunday, Andy Downs, a city employe, was shot and killed by David Noyes.

Judge Hoadly made a speech before an immense audience in German society hall, Cincinnati, on Saturday evening.

At Russellville, Ky., on Saturday evening, Nimrod Long, while fooling with an old gun, shot and killed his cousin, Nimrod Briggs.

Mrs. Albertie Kuhlman, aged eighteen, and Mary Donlen, aged fifteen, were drowned in the Potapsco river, Md., by the upsetting of a boat on Sunday.

Raphael Brano was fatally stabbed in New York city on Sunday night by Savino Simini, because he bought beer in a saloon kept by a rival of Simini's.

A young traveling man from St. Louis, named John Morgan, was shot three times by a man named Johnson, at Minneapolis, Minn., on Saturday. He will recover.

A tidal wave occurred on Saturday in Root river, Wis., the water rising three feet and retiring again in less than a minute. Boats up the river were left high and dry.

August Ehlers and child, in a small boat on the Hudson near Albany, N. Y., in taking shelter under a bank during a cyclone on Sunday, were struck by a falling tree and killed.

Zuckertort, winner of the first prize in the international chess tournament, has declined a challenge from Steinitz, winner of the second prize, to play for the championship and a large stake.

Postmaster-General Gresham has reinforced the order of Postmaster-General Key forbidding the delivery of postal money orders and registered letters to the managers of the Louisiana lottery.

A negro and a white man who refuse to give their names, brutally assaulted two little girls at Sunbright, on the Cincinnati Southern road, on Sunday evening. Both confessed their guilt and will be lynched.

Tim Benton, colored, a fugitive from justice, shot and killed Robert Duggan, a saloon-keeper in Placquemine, La., on Sunday afternoon. Duggan was assisting an officer to arrest Benton. The murderer escaped.

At a meeting in Marseilles, France, on Sunday, of the friends of Louise Michel, a resolution was adopted pledging those present to murder the jurymen who convicted her. The author of the resolution will be prosecuted.

Miss Van Leet, Richmond, Va., whose service during the late war in behalf of union soldiers in Libby prison gave her some prominence, has been tendered a first-class clerkship in the postoffice department at Washington.

A man who registered at a Des Moines, Ia., hotel on Sunday as Henry Seager, Swains, N. Y., turned out to be insane and ruined the furniture of three rooms. He shot himself in the forehead but not dangerously. He was then secured.

John H. Drew, under arrest in Boston for stealing $3,000 worth of furs from Moore, Smith & Co., his employers, has confessed that in order to cover up his robbery he set fire to the firm's building on the evening of June 19, which caused a loss of $5,000.

On Saturday night James Owens, a desperado, shot and killed Marshall Hensley of Greensburg, Ky., mortally wounded Ben Bogley, his deputy, and dispersed a posse which had accompanied Hensley on an expedition to arrest Owens on a felony warrant.

Geo. Ayers, aged sixty, a wealthy farmer living half a mile from Salem Station, Brown county, O., while insane on Sunday morning, murdered his grandson, Chas. Preston, who was asleep, set fire to the house and barn and then shot himself and was burned up in the barn.

WITH A RAZOR.

A Wife Murdered by Her Husband Without Provocation.

A Neighbor, Who was in the House, Tells the Story—The Little Daughter Adds to the Details of the Tragedy—Liquor the Cause.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—At 9:45 last night, Chas. Briggs, an Englishman, forty-five years old, cut his wife's throat in the cellar of the house at No. 425 Taylor street, in the upper section of the city, where the pair resided. The murdered woman, May Elizabeth Briggs, was thirty-five years of age and of the same nationality as her husband. The weapon with which the deed was accomplished was a razor, jagged, old and rusty. The couple had been married for some years. The woman had one child, about twelve years of age, which is supposed to have been born to her out of wedlock, before the marriage. No motive is assigned for the act but the mental derangement caused by a prolonged debauch upon the man's part. On Tuesday the couple visited some friends at the falls of the Schuylkill and while there took a walk in the woods. Briggs, who had been drinking for some time,

CLUTCHED HIS WIFE

by the throat and threatened to choke her if she cried out. She managed to dissuade him from his purpose, and shortly afterward they parted. He was not seen again at his home until yesterday. During the intervening period his wife called twice at the Eighteenth district station-house, at Dauphin street and Trenton avenue, for information, and seemed in great anxiety about him. She was a good-looking woman, well dressed, and a woolen-weaver by trade. The murderer is a bobbin-turner in the employ of William Marshall, a bobbin manufacturer on Second street, above Berks. He was entirely cool and self-possessed, and told the neighbor who took the razor from his hand that it was done and he had intended to do it. Before the house in Taylor street, a modest two-story structure, a crowd was collected which showed the whole neighborhood to be unsettled by the event. The people showed no intention of dispersing at one o'clock this morning.

A POLICEMAN SAT ON THE STEPS

of the house, refusing admission to see the woman who lay inside. On the step of the next house, where she had found a refuge, sat the child Mary, a dark-haired slip of a girl, who looked younger even than her years, but who talked collectedly of what had happened, though from time to time a nervous sob shook her little figure and tears filled her eyes. The only person in the house at the time of the murder, besides Briggs and his wife, was Mrs. Byran Holmes, a neighbor, who lives a few doors to the westward. She was the most intimate friend that Mrs. Briggs had in the vicinity. She is also of English birth and is quite intelligent. From her story it appears that Briggs was visited last evening by William Marshall, his employer, and Mrs. Marshall. From other sources it was learned that Mr. Marshall made his visit partly to see the condition of Briggs, as the former seems to have had some doubts as to his mental capacity. Nothing singular was noticed, and after drinking a bottle of cider with them the Marshalls left the house shortly before 9 o'clock. Then Mrs. Briggs went to market and returned home about a quarter past 9. Mrs. Holmes met her at the house and went indoors with her. Another bottle was opened and drank. Mrs. Briggs had been cleaning her house and she

INVITED MRS. HOLMES

to go up-stairs and look at the rooms. The little daughter was sent out for some more cider. Briggs spoke of his purpose to clean the stair-rods, and started down to the cellar, saying that he would get the bottle of liquid preparation used for the purpose and clean them at once. After a few moments he called up stairs from the cellar to Mrs. Holmes to come down and help him reach the bottle from a shelf. The women heard this, and Mrs. Holmes says she thought this such a strange request that she looked at Mrs. Briggs in surprise, and the latter said she would go herself. She went down stairs and a moment after Mrs. Holmes heard a struggle and then a crash, as if the hanging-shelf had fallen and all the bottles on it had been broken. At this Mrs. Holmes began to scream lustily, and two men entered the house. When Mrs. Holmes descended to the first floor there were two policemen in the back room,

WHO SEIZED BRIGGS

as he emerged from the cellar. The murderer made no resistance. He simply handed the officer the bloody razor and said, "Well, I've done it." The shock of the crime prostrated Mrs. Holmes, and she was taken to her home. Both she and her husband say they never knew of any quarrels between the two, though Holmes, who worked alongside Briggs in Marshall's factory, says he used to say to him at times, "There's something wrong with her," meaning his wife. But apparently they were living together contentedly. The little daughter, Mary Briggs, however, says she saw her father beat her mother on one occasion. But of one fact the Holmes' say they are certain, that Briggs was not drunk last night. They say they never noticed anything strange about his actions, but his physician had pronounced him defective in mind.

TWO WOMEN DROWNED.

Accident to a Fishing Party—A Bride Loses Her Life.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BALTIMORE, July 9.—A party of young folks, eight in number, left this city shortly after twelve o'clock last night, in a small boat for a fishing excursion. They had proceeded but a short distance when the boat was found to be leaking, and the gentlemen rowed toward a scow lying in the river. When the scow was reached one of the party, in attempting to effect a landing, upset the boat, precipitating all the occupants into the river. Six were rescued, but Mrs. Kuhlman, a bride of two months standing, and Miss Mamie Doulen, her bosom friend, were drowned. Both bodies were subsequently recovered. Mrs. Kuhlman was only nineteen years old, and Miss Doulen but fifteen.

ILLINOIS MATTERS.

Destructive Fires—Struck by Lightning—A Bridge Saved.

GILMAN, July 9.—Six brick stores were burned here Saturday, with a loss of $18,000.

CLAYTON, July 9.—An entire block of frame business buildings was destroyed by fire here Saturday night. The loss is not less than $30,000, with hardly $3,000 insurance.

MARSHALL, July 9.—Minnie Twilley, one of the most beautiful girls of this city, was struck by lightning at Casey and seriously injured.

CAIRO, July 9.—Capt. Tom Gallagher, of the steamer Hillman, while she was passing under the C. O. & S. W. bridge, Saturday, discovered that it was on fire. He ordered the boat rounded to and the flames were extinguished, thus saving thousands of dollars and preventing a delay of traffic.

LATEST EDITION.

THE MANIFESTO.

Paul de Cassagnac Talks About Jerome Napoleon's Plans.

France Does Not Want the Umbrella of Louis Phillippe—She Wants the Whip of Louis XIV.—A Very Interesting Interview.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A cable dispatch from Paris to the Herald gives the following interview: "The article published in the Pays by M. Paul De Cassagnac a couple of days ago has given rise to a good deal of comment concerning the appearance of a new manifesto from Prince Jerome Bonaparte. I called on M. De Cassagnac this morning, at his house in the Boulevard Malesherbes, to inquire what foundation there might be for such a supposition.

In hinting at the imminence of another, Jeromist demonstration,' said your correspondent, 'were you only reasoning from what has happened at moments similar to the present, or were you basing your remarks upon positive information which you had received?'

"'I based them upon serious and positive information,' replied M. De Cassagnac.

"'You believe in the issue of a fresh manifesto?' repeated your correspondent.

"'Should the Comte de Chambord die, you may rest assured that Prince Jerome will issue one.'

"'Have you any direct relations with the prince?'

"'Political relations only, but no private intercourse. The prince is rapidly coming over to my group of the imperialist party. Within the

LAST THREE MONTHS

he has changed his policy altogether. He has given up appealing to radicals, and is making advances to the right, which might be ready to march behind him, as I may be doing in another fortnight, if his attitude toward the church up to now did not cause him to be distrusted.'

"'I have some reason to suppose,' observed your correspondent, 'that the prince either has done much to conciliate the Catholic church lately or will do so shortly. Do you know whether I am right?'

"'Yes,' replied Mr. De Cassagnac, 'he has done something, and he will soon do something more important.'

"'Publicly?'

"'Yes, publicly.'

"'Do you mean that he will go to church and take the sacrament or anything of that kind?'

"'No. That would only make him ridiculous. I mean that

HE WILL PROCLAIM HIMSELF

in favor of educational liberty.'

"'What chance have the royalists in France now, do you think?'

"'They can only hope to come in through the fault of Prince Jerome, but they are concocting something, and it was because I saw the danger of further hesitation on the part of the prince that I wrote those articles in the Pays.'

"'By the fault of the prince you, of cour se mean inaction."

"'I do,' answered M. de Cassagnac.

"'A passage in one of your articles,' resumed your correspondent, 'has been interpreted into a half and half Orleanist declaration."

"'A man like myself,' replied Cassagnac, 'is not to be judged by a few sentences in a newspaper article. I have nothing to do with orleanism. I detest the Orleanist system, for it is

BASED ON PARLIAMENTARY GOVERNMENT,

which I believe is utterly out of place in this country. I am far nearer to the Count de Chambord than to the Count de Paris. But I am and always must be what I always have been, an Imperialist. France does not want the umbrella of Louis Phillipe. She wants the whip of Louis XIV. More than any party, however, I love my country. Persons are nothing—principles are everything. Any one who accepted my principles might count on my support.'

"'Have I your permission to publish what you have told me?' said your correspondent, rising.

"'Certainly,' said M. De Cassagnac. 'I am not afraid to have anything I say published.'"

Weavers on a Strike.

FALL RIVER, MASS., July 9. — The weavers at Bourne mill struck this morning on account of a change of wages from day pay to payment by the piece. They claim that it is a reduction, but the management of the mill say it will make no difference, and will be fairer in the end, as under the old system the shirkers received as much as the honest workers. The Bourne mill makes canton flannel.

A Futile Ballot.

CONCORD, N. H., July 9.—The ballot for United States senator to-day resulted as follows: Whole number of votes cast 23. Gilman Marston, 1; John Y. Mugridge, 1; John W. Patterson, 2; Aaron F. Stevens, 3; Harry Bingham, 4; James F. Briggs, 4; Edward H. Rollins, 8. No quorum in either house voted.

A Burglar Killed.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Policemen John Donovan and Charles Reynolds were seriously wounded while attempting to arrest a burglar in Jersey City last night. The burglar was fatally shot. He gave the name of Frank Brown.

Railroad Accident.

FRANKLIN, MASS., July 9.—A passenger train on the Woonsocket division of the N. Y. & N. E. R. R. was thrown from the track this morning. The engine and one car went down the bank. Mrs. C. W. Saunders of West Medway had her shoulder broken. Several others were injured, none fatally.

Suing for Libel.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 9.—Theodore and John F. Allen and their mother, Hannah L. Langley of New York, sue the Union and Advertiser for libel for $100,000 in each case, for copying one month ago a New York letter from the Indianapolis Journal which questions thier honesty.

Damage to the Crops.

LANCASTER, PA., July 9.—Yesterday's storm did great damage in various sections of this county to the growing crops. The corn and oat fields were beaten level with the ground. The tobacco fields are badly washed, necessitating replanting in many cases.

Burned.

SALEM, MASS., July 9.—A fire this morning gutted a building on Essex street owned by the Jewett heirs and occupied by a number of business firms. The losses aggregate $12,000.

McGeoch's Proposition Rejected.

CHICAGO, July 9.—The proposition of Peter McGeoch to his creditors to settle at a rate of 20 cents on the dollar bids fair to fall through, owing to the refusal of several heavy creditors to sign the agreement to that effect. Among others, the firm of Geo. Eldredge & Co., whose claims amount to $93,000, is reported as demanding full payment. It is also reported that Wm. Young & Co. are opposed to McGeoch's proposition.

KILLED ON THE ROOF.

A Madman Takes Possession of a Hotel—Exciting Scenes.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

DES MOINES, IA., July 9. — At noon yesterday a man who had apparently alighted from the Rock Island train going west registered his name at the Morgan house, near the station, as Henry Seager, of Swans, New York. He paid for his room, and went thither at once. About 4:30 o'clock a boarder heard the cry of murder, and called the landlord. The latter hurried to Seager's room and found the door barricaded with the bed. Seager fired a shot at the landlord and he fled. Other shots were fired, one of which carried off the door-plate. They followed in quick succession until thirteen had been fired through the door and wall, several of which scarred the wall across the narrow hall. Seager them demolished the furniture of his room and did the same in several adjoining rooms, and

THREW HIS MONEY,

a considerable amount, into the gathering crowd below. He then had a collision with a boarder named Joseph Holmes in a room at the end of the hall, but breaking away from Holmes he escaped to the roof of the wing to the building. Holmes followed, and while trying to grab Seager he was felled by a blow from a bottle in the maniac's hand, a bad gash being inflicted on his head. By this time five policemen had reached the roof. A shot was fired, whether by Holmes or Seager is not certain, but it took effect in one of Seager's legs and he partly fell. In staggering

SEAGER FIRED AGAIN,

aiming at the center of his own forehead. He was then overpowered and taken to the city hospital, where his wounds were dressed. Seager's skull was crushed by the ball aimed at his forehead, and the bullet that entered his thigh is thought by the doctors to have entered his body. They consider his case fatal. He seems to be a mechanic or laborer. His luggage consisted of a pair of shoes, and inside of his hat band was written the name of Mary Frew.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Two Pardons Issued—New Match Factory—General News.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, July 9.—Upon recommendation from the county officials and citizens Gov. Crittenden this morning commuted the sentence of Joseph Krebbs who was convicted in June, 1875, in Audrain county of murder in the second degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years to a term of imprisonment ending 1885.

A jail pardon was issued to Emil Sommers of Cape Girardeau, who was serving a sixty days' sentence for larceny.

NEW MATCH COMPANY.

The secretary of state issued a certificate of corporate existence this morning to the Western Match company of St. Louis, capital $50,000, half paid up. The incorporators are Dwight Tredway, D. M. Edgerton, John R. Holmes, L. I. Peck, August Nasse, E. G. Scudder and F. Mansfield, all of St. Louis.

The Bryan-Brown Shoe company of St. Louis filed a certificate of increase of capital stock from $60,000 to $150,000.

RECTOR RITCHIE.

His Congregation Walk Out of Church—A Trial Probable.

CHICAGO, July 9.—The Episcopal church controversy which has grown out of the high church tendencies of Arthur Ritchie, pastor of the Church of the Ascension, and which has already served to draw out a letter of protest from the bishop of the diocese, had another sensational feature added to it yesterday. Rector Ritchie, at the morning service, announced that at the conclusion of the service a requiem mass would be said for the soul of Daniel Fountain, who was drowned in Lake Michigan in the latter part of May. The announcement of the requiem mass was apparently such a pronounced step toward Romanism as to cause even those parishioners of the Ascension to rebel who had hitherto stood by the pastor, and one-half of the congregation left the church. In the meantime, at the request of the widow of Daniel Fountain, the celebration was postponed for a few days. It is believed now that the bishop will be compelled to order the trial of the pastor for an infringement of the church rules.

The Hessian Fly.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., July 9.—The state entomologist reports that vast numbers of the Hessian fly are now in the dormant condition, so low down on the stalk that they are left behind in the stubble when the wheat is cut. This is true of the entire winter wheat region of Illinois. He therefore urgently advices that stubble be burned at the earliest day possible, or that, where this is impracticable, the infected fields be plowed deeply and rolled.

The Race is Off.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, July 9.—Owing to a cracked heel developed after his engagement Clingstone could not be exercised and conditioned properly to trot with St. Julien in Chicago this month, and Mr. W. J. Gordon, the owner, announces to-day that the race is off. and that Clingstone will remain here, but that the other entries of his stables, William H., Clemmie G. and George V., will be shipped to-morrow.

Further Orders.

GALVESTON, TEX., July 9.—The agents of the bark Salome at nine o'clock this morning received a cablegram from its owners, in Norway, ordering her to proceed to whatever northern port would be most profitable, and advising Hampton Roads as being the best. The Salome is the vessel with yellow fever aboard, now in quarantine here, and lately from Vera Cruz.

A Robber Shot.

MILWAUKEE, July 9.—Pat. Davitt, an ex-policeman, was shot in the leg early this morning while breaking into the rooms of Chas. Harris, at the corner of Fifth and Blyborne streets, for the purpose of robbery. Davitt's leg will have to be amputated.

A Distillery Burned.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Frieberg & Workum's distillery, on Kirby alley, between Main and Sycamore streets, was burned this afternoon. Loss $25,000; fully insured.

Races Postponed.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The Brighton Beach races are postponed until the 11th inst.

Slow Pay.

The city treasurer this morning received from the state auditor a warrant on the state treasury for $12,500, this being the amount appropriated by the last legislature to indemnify the city for the expense of providing for insane persons from other parts of the state. This is the first payment ever made by the state to the city on this account.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Provisions Give Out at Damietta and Famine Prevails.

European Residents Try to Break the Cholera Cordon and Many are Wounded—The Khedive Ready to Go to Naples—The Count de Chambord Extremely Weak—Bradlaugh Excluded—Turco-American Commission—Four Men Sentenced in Ireland.

England.

LONDON, July 9.—Even if the question of the wind gauge is not settled in favor of the American rifle team, they will obtain the same amount of practice as the English team will, as they have been presented with complimentary tickets for all competitions with military rifles that are to take place prior to the match at Wimbledon. These tickets entitle the Americans to shoot free unless they compete for prizes, in which case they must enter in the usual manner.

PRACTICING.

LONDON, July 9.—The American team began practicing at Wimbledon to-day. Two series of prizes will be instituted which will be open only to Americans.

PUT IN FOR REPAIRS.

QUEENSTOWN, July 9.—The steamer St. Ronans, from London for New York, has put in here with a steam pipe broken.

BRADLAUGH EXCLUDED.

LONDON, July 9.—In the house of commons this afternoon Gladstone, in reply to Sir Stafford Northcote, stated that he had received a letter from Bradlaugh announcing his intention to take his seat in spite of any orders of the house. Gladstone said the government had proposed a method of meeting this difficulty, which had been rejected. It now remained for the house to act. Northcote said he regretted the necessity for protecting order which was the duty of a prime minister, and he moved that Bradlaugh be excluded from the precincts of the house until he engaged not to disturb its proceedings. The motion was adopted by a vote of 232 to 65. Previous to taking the vote Gladstone and several other members of the government withdrew from the house. The other members of the ministry present voted with the minority.

Egypt.

LONDON, July 9.—The ninety-sixty deaths from cholera at Damietta, forty-eight at Mansurah, one at Alexandria, six at Samanoud and six at Shirbin, reported in the Cairo dispatch of last evening, were the fatalities for Saturday. The number of deaths on Sunday was eighty-eight at Damietta, sixty-four at Mansurah, nine at Samanoud, seven at Shirbin and one at Alexandria.

THE KHEDIVE PREPARED TO LEAVE.

CAIRO, July 9.—It is reported that the yacht is being prepared, and will be held in readiness to take the khedive to Naples in the event of the spread of cholera making his departure necessary.

CHOLERA IN ALEXANDRIA.

LONDON, July 9.—A Times correspondent at Alexandria says that a European died there of cholera yesterday. The abattoirs of the city are in a filthy condition and are extremely dangerous to health.

STARVING IN DAMIETTA.

ALEXANDRIA, July 9.—Provisions have given out at Damietta and the people are starving. A number of European residents made an attempt to break the cordon around the town and several were wounded.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, July 9.—At the Sligo assizes today sentence was passed upon Tansy, Rogerson, Houghton and Kelly, the four men found guilty on Saturday of being implicated in the murder conspiracy. Tansy was sentenced to fourteen years penal servitude, Rogerson to twelve, Houghton to eight, Kelly to two years.

Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9.—A Turco-American commissioner has been appointed to examine into the question of the establishment of a petroleum depot. The porte has addressed a note to Gen. Wallace, the American minister, pointing out that it notified him of Turkey's withdrawal from the treaty of commerce with America on the eve of its expiration and invited him to negotiate for the conclusion of the new treaty.

France.

VIENNA, July 9.—The Count de Chambord passed a sleepless night and was slightly feverish. He is extremely weak this morning.

Italy.

ROME, July 9.—It has been arranged that if the Count De Paris becomes recognized as the claimant of the monarchy in France, he will come to Rome to pay his respects to the Pope.

China.

HONG KONG, July 9.—Cholera has broken out at Swatew, and is raging violently,

Central America.

GUAYAQUIL, VIA GALVESTON, July 9.—There has been heavy firing since about one o'clock this morning. Alfaro has just come in and has met with an enthusiastic reception. There is great excitement among the populace. It is reported that Veintemilla has gone on board a river steamer.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Harry White, western passenger agent of the Denver and Rio Grande, is in from Denver.

R. S. Lukenbill, special agent of the Adams Express company, is in the city from the west.

John S. Knox, general freight agent of this division of the L. & N., returned this morning, from a trip east.

D. Wishart, general passenger agent of the 'Frisco Line, with his family, has gone to Winnipeg on a pleasure trip.

The passenger traffic of the west end Narrow Guage is steadily improving, and trains are running promptly on time.

James Leeds, assistant G. F. A. of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, came in from the west this morning, to arrange western freight matters.

Capt. C. W. Rogers, general manager, and Geo. W. Cole, general freight agent of the 'Frisco, left this morning for a trip over the road. They will be gone for the rest of the week.

Capt. R. S. Hayes, senior vice-president, and Col. H. M. Hoxie, third vice-president of the Southwestern system, have returned from a trip over the Wabash system. They report everything going smoothly.

Gen. F. M. Drake, general manager, and T. P. Shounts, general superintendent and general freight agent of the Three Is (Indiana, Illinois and Iowa), arrived in the city Saturday morning, to settle up some old matters with the Gould representatives concerning the sale of several Iowa roads to the system. Gen. Drake is president of the syndicate furnishing the means to build the "Three Is," and the general claims his road will be just what is needed. But very little public aid has been asked. The line is already built from Streator, Ill., to North Judson, Ind., a distance of 110 miles. At North Judson connection is made with the Pan Handle and with the Chicago and Atlantic, a branch of the Erie. The efforts of the constructors will be directed to the completion of the line from Streator westward to Council Bluffs, a distance of 450 miles, and northeast to St. Paul, a distance of 400 miles. It is thought the entire line will be completed inside of twenty months. Gen. Drake returns to Iowa to-night.

Religious News.

No regular meeting was held this morning at the Presbyterian rooms, but several of the brethren met together and had a pleasant chat. Among them were Revs. Dr. Ganse, Porteus, Crandell, Auf der Heide, McComb of Webster Groves and Keach of Bollinger county. Denominational diversity leavened the gathering in the presence of the Rev. Dr. Rhodes, of the Lutheran church, and Rev. Mr. Landsden, of the Methodist church.

The Methodist ministers held their regular meeting this morning, in their rooms on the corner of Eleventh and Olive streets. There were present: Presiding Elder T. A. Hagarty and Rev. Messrs. C. P. Masden, D.D., Dr. Fay, J. J. Corrington, Dr. Hughey, R. R. Pierce, H. Sheetz, L. Hallock and Albert Jump. The reports from the local churches were very favorable, three conversions being reported from Union church, while all reported good attendance at the prayer and social meetings. The reports from the presiding elder showed that an extraordinary revival was in progress in Ironton. The meeting discussed the question of modification of class-meeting, and requested the general conference to insert the class-meeting in the disciplinary list, from which it was taken in 1864. The presiding elder then invited the brethren to join him in cakes and ice-cream, and an adjournment was carried by unanimous vote.

FOUR COURTS NOTES.

New Warrants—Old Cases Disposed of To-Day.

Thomas Stockton was sent to the work-house for six months for a small theft to-day.

Otto Brandenberg was fined costs by Judge Noonan to-day for an assault on John P. Tice.

Thomas Weaner and Charles W. F. Dowdell were fined $1 and costs each for cruelty to animals.

Lucy Barthy was discharged from custody, a charge of assault to kill against her being dismissed at prosecutor's cost.

Isam Chambers, who was shot by a police officer in the Fifth district a few nights ago while resisting arrest, was fined $50 by Judge Jecko this morning.

Louis Figge, a driver for Winklemeyer's brewery, was fined $25 to-day for careless driving. He collided with and upset Mrs. Stephenson's surrey, injuring the lady's arm.

Sallie Prettyman was fined costs to-day for disturbing the peace, by Judge Jecko, and her husband, Wm. H. Sewell, pleaded guilty to being a frequenter of a disreputable house, and was sent to the work-house on a $50 fine.

To-day warrants, charging Annie and Rosa McGowan, Solomon H. Eberlin and Charles Landgraff with assault and battery, Michael Bowler with abandoning his wife, George Herman, John Meyer, Gustave Swickey and Edward Yaw with petit larceny, were returned to the court of criminal correction to-day.

ABOUT TOWN.

DEPOSITIONS in the Duff-Pope suit, growing out of the Standard Opera engagement last season were resumed this afternoon at the office of Jones & Delano.

THE health department will put a force of men at work to-morrow morning to clean out the cellars of houses along the river front that were inundated during the recent overflow.

THE drum corps of the Third regiment maintain they are not to blame for not keeping their engagement with Company G of the First regiment, on July 4, as they only obeyed the orders of their officers.

RECEIPTS at the city treasury to-day are: From the State of Missouri, $12,500; from the Adreon scales, $21 80; from the Citizens railroad company, $2,500; from the city collector, $7,545 26, and from the inspector of weights and measures, $27 45.

DRIVER DORSEY, of the Four courts patrol wagon, who suddenly disappeared yesterday when a small-pox call was received, has not returned yet. A description was forwarded to the various captains this morning to hunt up the missing man.

MAYOR EWING, this morning, sent Maggie Mason, a colored girl, thirteen years old, and Willie Kuhlman, a white boy, aged ten years, to the house of refuge. The commitments were made at the request of the parents of the children.

ON Saturday evening an attempt was made to strangle Judge James C. Edwards of Coldwater, St. Louis county, by a farm hand, who was for some cause dissatisfied. His life was saved by the appearance of two men who rescued him. No arrest was made and Judge Edwards thanked his rescuers for saving his wife from becoming a widow.

JOSEPH LEE, sixteen years old, left his boarding-house on Franklin avenue, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets on Saturday and has not since been heard from. He was sick at the time. His complexion is fair, his eyes gray, his hair light. His mother resides at 1828 Franklin avenue and will be glad to hear of her son's whereabouts.

AT a meeting of Meta lodge, No. 19, A. O. U. W., the following officers were elected: J. H. B. Smith, P. M. W.; J. Cochran, M. W.; L. W. Pritchett, foreman; Wm. St. Cyr, overseer; G. W. Johnson, recorder; A. Franklin, receiver; Wm. C. Rice, financier; S. Rosenbaum, guide; J. Mooney, I. W.; J. Moore, O. W.; Dr. G. W. Armstrong, M. E. Installation next Wednesday evening.

THE Stonewalls have reorganized. They played a picked nine yesterday and defeated them by a score of 19 to 6. The players are as follows: Leonard, c.; J. McCarthy, p.; R. McCarthy, 1st b.; P. Connelly, 2d b.; L. Kinderman, 3d b.; J. Riordan, s. s.; W. Hollearn, r. f.; M. Hollearn, c. f.; W. McCarthy, l. f.

CAPTAIN KEYSER, superintendent of the Anchor line of steamers, stated this morning thrt the trouble regarding the inspection of the company's steamers by the sanitary council at New Orleans grew entirely out of the fact that the company knew nothing of the council, which seemed to be a self-constituted body. Rather than have any more trouble or to give rise to any erroneous impressions, Captain Keyser has instructed the captains of boats for the present to have them inspected by the officers of the council, until such time as the status of the inspecting body is clearly defined.

THE defeat of the grain inspection bill in the Illinois legislature last month has caused a bitter quarrel among prominent Illinois politicians and members of the legislature who opposed the bill. This morning's mail brought a circular to every known politician in two of the senatorial districts of Illinois terming the defeat of the bill a grand sale of the Illinois legislature to the St. Louis merchants' exchange, and accusing two of the senators of being a self-appointed commission to effect the sale. The circular concludes by reminding the reader to remember the senators in next year's campaign.

W. L. GREENE, JR., of R. S. McCormick & Co., performed a gallant feat last evening, and one, too, that shows he is possessed of cool nerve and true courage. While walking along Garrison avenue, near Dr. Brank's church, a runaway—two horses attached to a barouche in which was seated a lady—came dashing down the street. Mr. Greene, at considerable risk, jumped to the street, and, as the horses flew past caught one of them by the bit, and, after being dragged some distance, succeeded in stopping them. The lady's name was not learned. She escaped with no other serious consequences than a bad fright.

THE officers of the Young Men's Hebrew association desire to publicly thank Capt. Albert Lederman of the steamer Colorado for the efficient manner in which he handled their excursion yesterday. Capt. Lederman, while returning from an excursion to Alton with the members of the M. E. church of Marion, Ill., on June 8, was presented with a beautiful basket of flowers by Mr. Goddard of Marion, Ill., a beautiful gold watch chain by Rev. J. Laird, on behalf of the ladies of the M. E. church, and a silver water pitcher by Judge W. C. Jones in behalf of the Colorado Transportation company.

CITY PERSONALS.

A. S. Mermod of this city has gone to Kansas City on business.

W. W. Gibbs, president of the St. Louis Gas, Fuel and Power Co., is in the city.

Misses Susie and Mattie Blow will return soon from Colorado, and will then go east.

Misses Clara and Ida Richards leave to-night for their grandfather's home at Butler, Pa.

Mrs. H. L. Dausman and family and Miss Mamie Sturgis left for Washington last Thursday.

Mrs. R. A. Slater and three children leave to-night for New York, where they spend the summer.

Mr. Pierre Garneau and Miss Garneau will go to Omaha next week to visit Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Garneau, jr.

Mr. Adam B. Roth of Olive street, accompanied by his cousin, John H. Roth, will leave for St. Paul this evening.

Mrs. James Lucas Patterson with her sister, Miss Dickson, will summer at Shelter Island with New York friends.

Mr. James S. McBride, the attorney, who suffered from a severe attack of blood-poisoning, has recovered and taken a new office at 614 Pine street.

Miss Jennie Schnaider, Miss Letitia Stewart, and Miss Isabella Wetzler are the first St. Louis ladies who have ventured through the Cave of the Winds this season.

The following is a list of passengers who left for St. Paul on the steamer Pittsburgh: Major Whiting and family, T. J. Tijan and family, Mr. Piper and wife, Mr. James and wife and daughter, Mrs. Wiggenhorn, Mrs. Claphanson, Mr. Baird and wife, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Pamer and child, Miss McCannon, Mrs. Hopkins, Mr. Evans, Mrs. Hathaway, Mrs. Brown, Mr. Penn and wife, Mrs. Hacker, Mrs. Wade, Mrs. Aculin, Mr. Beckner, Mr. Bonner, Mr. Gillum, Mr. Dowling, Mr. Price, Mr. McDavis, Mr. Kane, Mr. Kell, Mr. Twombly, Mr. Moore and party of fifteen from Little Rock.

WASHINGTON.

Further Damaging Testimony in the Hill Investigation.

Sharp Cross-Firing Between Counsel—"Assisted" Emigrants Coming Through Canada—No New Office—A St. Louis Visitor.

The Hill Investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9.—Coleman opened the proceedings in the Hill investigation by the presentation of a number of Bartlett, Robbins & Co.'s contracts. As he offered the first contract he explained that the prosecution did not claim that the contracts were not all right. They did wish to show that they had been awarded without advertisement, and some of them without competition; that Bartlett & Robbins got nearly all of them, and that they had corruptly been favored in the awards of the contracts for supplying heating apparatus for the public buildings of the United States.

Totten asked if the counsel proposed to follow up this evidence by evidence that Hill had been bribed. It made no difference otherwise how many contracts Bartlett, Robbins & Co. received. Even if they had all of them it only tended to show that they were good men and did the work honestly.

Coleman was astounded that a good lawyer should expect him to show that money had actually passed between the contractors and Hill. If he could so present the facts as to lead to the inference that money must have passed he would have accomplished all he expected in this investigation.

Totten objected, because the proposed evidence would make out a charge.

Coleman called upon the gentleman to say whom he represented.

Totten—"I appear for everybody who is defendant against this assault you are conducting."

Coleman insisted upon an answer, and Totten said he represented Bartlett, Robbins & Co., Mr. Hill, and the Dix Island granite company. He had represented the last-named company many years.

Coleman—"That is all I want to know—how many of these contractors

ARE INTERESTED IN HILL'S DEFENSE,

to the extent of providing counsel."

The prosecution then put in evidence a showing that Bartlett, Robbins & Co., or Bartlett, Hayward & Co., received nineteen contracts for furnishing heating apparatus for public buildings from 1876 to 1883 at an aggregate cost of $417,111, upon which there was extra work amounting to $109,848. Contracts were also put in evidence to show that during the same period the total cost of all the contracts awarded the other firms supplying heating apparatus was $170,000, upon which the extra work amounted to $6,000.

Coleman then offered in evidence the proposals upon which contracts were awarded for the supply of heating apparatus for the bureau of engraving and printing in this city. Bartlett, Robbins & Co. bid $31,448, while Barber & Co. bid $30,524, the contract being awarded to Bartlett, Robbins & Co. A number of similar cases were instanced.

"Here is a curiosity," said Coleman. "It shows how the secretary of the treasury has been coming to the relief of the defense." He then read from the back of a letter from Mr. Hill to Secretary Folger dated after the filing of the charges in this case submitting a statement in regard to the heating apparatus for the Charleston, West Va., court-house with the following endorsement by Secretary Folger. "Upon the facts found in the within statement I decided to accept the proposal of Bartlett, Robbins & Co. as the surest and best for the interest of the government."

"Bring him in!" exclaimed Totten. "Here is a chance for the gentleman to bring another specification."

Coleman remarked that he supposed the secretary had indorsed the paper in that way to show his approval of what Hill did, by doing the same thing himself.

Charles P. Wanneil then took the stand to identify a number of vouchers showing the payments to Bartlett, Robbins & Co., and Bartlett, Hayward & Co.

Why Haugh was Killed.

WASHINGTON, D. C. July 9.—The department of justice has received further information from Jefferson, Texas, relating to the assassination of Judge Haugn, the main witness of the government in the impending case for violating the election laws. The writer says that threats have been made by the defendants in these cases to the effect that they will not be prosecuted by the government, that when they go into court they will go armed, and if the trial should result in a conviction they will kill the court and everybody connected with it. The assassination of Judge Haugh has given rise to considerable uneasiness there, and it is not known how soon others may go the same way. The writer asks that his name be not used in this matter, for should it be known he would not live to see sunshine again.

No New Office.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The attorney-general has given an opinion to the secretary of the treasury that it was not the intention of the act to prevent the importation of adulterated and spurious teas to create a new office to meet the requirement that all teas entered for importation shall be examined before passing from the control of the customs authorities. He says the fifth section of the act refers to the appraisers and revenue officers as already provided by law.

Afraid of the Interviewers.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9.—Hon. B. Gratz Brown arrived this morning, and registered at the Ebbitt house. He immediately proceeded to make himself scarce to interviewers, and up to this time he cannot be found.

Coming Through Canada.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The treasury department is informed that a large number of "assisted" pauper immigrants are coming to the United States through Canada.

Denison's Court.

An unusually large docket was disposed of by Judge Denison in the Second district court this morning, but most of the cases were of an unimportant character. Hugh O'Flaherty assaulted a neighbor with a club and was fined $10 and costs. Mary Hull disturbed the peace and was assessed the same amount. The usual fine of $5 and costs was imposed in over twenty cases of drunk on the streets, the defendant in nearly every case being sent to the work-hosse.

FiftyFeet 3-4 Inch 3-ply of Garden Hose Allcomplete, including brass pipe couplings and clamps for $5.00. All styles hose, pipes, reels, et Goodyear Rubber Co., 4th & Locust.

Lien of Judgment.

The circuit judges met in general term this afternoon and rendered a decision in the Laclede race track ejectment case, Christy vs. Flanagan. It did not appear in the opinion of the supreme court whether the writ of error in this case operated as a supersedeas. Whether it did or not seems to have been immaterial. The circuit judges, except Judge Barclay, conclude that the expiration of the lien of judgment with the three years is plain from the words of the act creating the lien. The court, therefore, holds that the lien of the judgment rendered against Ryan in the circuit court expired November 22, 1878, and for that reason the plaintiff took nothing by the sale under the levy made thereafter and after Ryan had conveyed the lots to Gibbons. Judgment is entered for the defendant.

THE NEWHOUSE FAMILY.

Divorce Case Renewed—Probate Matters—Assigned Estates—New Suits.

Mortimer A. Newhouse to-day renewed his petition for a decree of divorce from Elise Newhouse. This case was before the courts some time since, and was warmly contested. It resulted in a dismissal. The parties were married at Milwaukee in March, 1877. They lived together until May, 1881. Mr. Newhouse charges that his wife has absented herself without cause.

The authenticated copy of the will of Barbara Guenther was admitted to probate today. The deceased lady at one time resided in this city, and was under control of a guardian. She died in Kentucky. Some legacies are left to relatives, and the remainder of the property is left to the trustees of St. Marcus and St. Peter's churches, South St. Louis, for the benefit of the poor.

The will of Jacob Hilsz, bearing date June 26, 1883, was admitted to probate to-day. The estate is left to the widow.

Adeline Grier wants a decree of divorce from James Grier. They were married at Edwardsville in October, 1879, and lived together until June 25, 1880. Mrs. Grier alleges that her husband has abandoned her without cause or provocation. She asks for custody of the child and restoration of maiden name, Hunter.

Judge Thayer heard the evidence of blooded horse experts to-day in the matter of an additional or new bond in the horse replevin case of Broome vs. Wright. The plaintiff was ordered to give $2,500 bond in fifteen days. Chester H. Krum and Edmond A. B. Garesche appeared in the ease.

William C. Little and Harry Webber have filed against John V. Hogan a $2,000 damage suit for failure to execute a contract for the purchase of county bonds.

In the matter of the assignment of M. Eisenstadt & Co., the court to-day issued an order for sale of remaining assets at public auction.

In the matter of the assignment of Flint & Co., the court to-day ordered a sale of the goods for cash in thirty days. Salesmen will be employed to assist.

In the case of Huntington Smith against George McIlvain, Judge Thayer to day rendered judgment for the plaintiff for posession, $82 50 damages and $2 50 monthly rents.

The bond of the assignee in matter of the assignment of the L. W. Hemp tinware company, was approved in court No. 5.

Judge Thayer to-day appointed D. H. Naylor and D. G. Irons appraisers in the matter of the assignment of the Williamson-Stewart Paper company.

The following appeals were granted to-day from the circuit court: State to use of Von der Ahe vs. Cabanne et al.; McHale vs Oertel; Francisco vs. Rowland et al.

Circuit court, No. 5, Judge Thayer's division, will adjourn to-morrow for the long vacation. Judge Lubke will sit in court No. 2 to-morrow.

An attachment suit was filed to-day by John H. Dennan against W. H. Taylor to recover $2,227.

The Team Found.

The sheriff received a telegram at noon to-day that the buggy and team of horses which carried the bank robbers from Belleville was found at Eviston, a small station on the Ohio and Mississippi road, in Clinton county, twenty-seven miles from Belleville. A reward of $200 is now offered for the capture of the robbers. Deputy Ragland is en route for Eviston, where he hopes to gain some clue to to missing men. It is now definitely settled that in leaving Belleville the trio drove north to the toll-gate, then turned east, going through Germantowm and Baden. The route is thickly settled with farmers, but as none of the points between Eviston and Belleville have telegraph or telephone connections, the robbery was not known in time to capture the robbers.

A Threatened Strike,

It was stated this afternoon that all members of the organization known as the Brotherhood of Telegraphers would go out on a strike within a short time. The date is not yet known. The strike is directed, probably, against the Western Union Telegraph company. Mr. W. S. Burton, assistant general superintendent of the company at St. Louis, stated to a POST-DISPATCH reporter that the report was unfounded. The brotherhood had made no demand upon the company and stated no grievances. The Brotherhood of Telegraphers is a national organization. The Western Union Telegraph company gives employment to almost two hundred telegraphers, men and women included, in St. Louis, of whom about 175 are members of the brotherhood.

Infanticide.

Yesterday Officer Garvey of the Fourth district found a dead white infant in the rear of 2108 North Fourteenth street. On making an investigation Capt. Frangel and the officers ascertained that a girl named Mary Smith, lately married to some unknown man, gave birth to a child. From other circumstances connected with the case Coroner Nidelet referred matters to the police department for action.

The Marriage Record.

The following marriage licenses were granted this morning: Geo. W. Carr and Mary Ann Kelly, Adam Schneider and Katharine Hoffmann, Jacob Elmer and Anna Draht, Michael Dunn and Mary Ash, Michael Hawe and Johanna Walsh, Julius C. Gibson and Laura L. Jones, George H. Wesseling and Eliza Knidischeck, Thomas Connelly and Annie Fuchs, Thos. E. Castello and Mary Hannigan.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

W. B. Hess, Fredonia, Kas.; D. R. Diffendorfer and James Moran, Lebanon, Mo.; O. W. Knox, Bolivar, Mo.; F. G. Robinson, Belton, Mo.; Hugo Hermann, Sigel, Ill., and Miss C. Howson, Carbondale, Ill., are at the Hotel Barnum.

Morris M. Masson, Alton, Ill.; W. N. Hubberd and wife, Indian Territory; Ike Gottlieb, Cincinnati, O.; W. H. Hurlburt, Chicago; Capt. M. B. Loyd, Fort Worth, Tex.; W. H. Cheppin, Lexington, Ky., and Wm. C. Heath, New York, are at the Lindell.

Mrs. Hardesty and child and Miss Young, Memphis, Tenn.; John T. Voss, wife and boy, Gerard, Kas.; G. O. Bishop, Hannibal; J. J. Elleck Springfield, Ill.; D. C. Henry, Auburn, N. Y.; W J. Perry, Chicago, and H. H. Oliver, Danville, Ill. are at the Laclede.

T. L. Holmes, Minneapolis; R. B. Turner, Philadelphia; W. B. Allen, Brinkley, Arkansas; H. M. Hunt, White Hall; S. H. Livingston, Wichita, Kansas; E. D. Parker and party, Kansas City; John J. Tracy, Hannibal, Mo.; F. A. Hoyt, Pacific, Mo., are at Hotel Hunt.

T. R. Peaker, Texarkana, Tex.; A. A. Glenn, Wichita, Kan.; L. A. Parker, Davenport, Iowa; E. S. Benson and family, Chicago, Ill.; Floyd Shock, Graham, Texas; H. J. Patterson, Malone, N. Y.; W. S. Meigs, Monterey, Mexico; J. O. Rice, Brunswick, Me., are at Hurst's.

Geo. Walker, Helena, Ark.; J. R. Shields, Carthage, Mo.; James S. Botsford, Kansas City; F. Tiemann, Fort Scott, Kas.; M. S. Joy, Memphis, Tenn.; H. L. Rozier and family, St. Genevieve; T. F. Huerve, Cincinnati, are at the Planters'.

W. McIntosh, of Clarksville, Mo.; C. W. Teusenberg, of Tyler, Tex.; Henry Meyer, Chicago; W. J. Houlahan and wife, of Galveston, Tex.; A. Green, of Chattanooga, Tenn.; B. C. Johnson, of Mexico, Mo.; L. B. Cochrane, of Carbondale, are at the St. James.

W. W. Webster, Muscatine; W. Graham, Chicago; C. Siedler, Jersey City; T. M. Nichol, New York; G. R. Peck and wife, Topeka, Kan.; Wallace Smith, Chicago; L. Leggett, Indianapolis; Misses Grace and Flora Casady, Council Bluffs, Ia.; J. J. Hogan, Boston; G. W. Prussing, Chicago, are at the Southern.

THE SUNDAY PROBLEM.

The Police Board will Consult the City Counsellor.

Police Commissioners in a Quandary—Senator Vest on Gov. Crittenden's Interview—Will the Saloons be Closed on Sunday?

If there is a movement pending to close the saloons and beer gardens on Sunday there was no evidence of it yesterday. There were the usual number of picnics at the groves and gardens in the south and west ends of the city. During the afternoon and night there were concerts in the large gardens, and thousands of well-dressed ladies, gentlemen and children sat in the shade of the trees and sipped the amber beer, while the air was filled with harmony. The saloon men seemed to look upon the movement as a "joke," though the attitude the governor was reported to have taken caused some uneasiness. It looks now as if, should the closing order be issued, that it will be generally obeyed by the down-town saloon-keepers, and that the gardens will temporize with the matter in the courts until the agitation dies out.

Some Short Talks.

Emil Bessehl said this morning that if the police commissioners ordered the closing of the saloons, that there would be no opposition among the down-town saloon-keepers. The Sunday business does not amount to much anyhow, except during the post-office hours. Mr. Bessehl was, however, of the opinion that there would not be much of a shower, if it rained at all, of which there is considerable doubt.

Superintendent Fisher of Anthony & Kuhn's depot had no idea that any serious Sunday closing effort would be made. Public sentiment is strongly against it, and always has been, or some effort in this direction would have been made before.

Manager Peters, of Tony Faust's, thought that the desire for Sunday closing had been overstated. There is nothing new on this subject in the Downing law, and nothing would have been said about it if the newspapers, hard up for an item, had not commenced to stir the matter up. If everybody just goes quietly on and attends to his business nothing more will be heard of it.

Charles Brewer, president of the saloon-keepers' protective association, said that he was opposed to Sunday closing. It could not be enforced in a town where 100,000 people drink beer in public every Sunday. The association would hold a meeting this afternoon to discuss the outlook. Mr. Bremer thought that discussion of the subject simply kept it before the people, and gave too much prominence to a class of men who, simply because they do not want to drink beer, propose to deprive others of that privilege. Tony Neiderweisser, lessee of Schnaider's garden, anticipated no trouble. The beer gardens are too popular an institution to be closed up because a few people on Washington avenue and Lucas place think that a dead letter law should be enforced. Sunday is the workingman's holiday and in this age he is strongly committed to the idea of enjoying it in his own way.

A Talk With Senator Vest.

Senator George G. Vest arrived in the city last evening from the west and spent a couple of hours in a cane-seated chair on the Southern hotel pavement, enjoying the evening breeze and conversing on general topics with such friends and acquaintances as happened along. A POST-DISPATCH reporter joined the group, that the inimitable story-teller was entertaining with a war reminiscence, and waited an opportunity to turn the conversation to the Sunday closing of saloons, which soon presented itself, when a bystander spoke of Governor Crittenden's published declaration of an intention of enforcing the Downing law to the letter.

The senator remarked: "I read that interview to-day, and it bears marks of careful preparation. It bears a strong resemblance to some of his messages. When he talks of 'enforcing' the Sunday closing clause in St. Louis, setting aside the feature that he is not called on to do any 'enforcing' of any law until he is informed that the local authorities are unable to execute the laws, he must know that any such thing is impracticable. There is a wider difference in the make-up of the population of a city like St. Louis than of a small interior town. The great beer gardens and suburban resorts are features of the city, which presents few enough forms of relaxation and amusement. The effort at Sunday closing has been a failure in large cities and ever will be. The movement will at best be but spasmodic. As to the implication that the police commissioners are to be coerced into making the crusade I have nothing to say."

"Does it not look to you as though the governor was making a speech to be read in the country?"

"That is about the size of it."

Forced to the Wall.

Ever since the Downing bill became a law the rate of commercial disaster among saloon-keepers in this city has been unusually high. Within the past ninety days they have been indulging in the luxury of chattel mortgage to an unprecedented extent, which goes to show that the weeding-out process, which the high license bill was intended to accomplish, had begun even before the bill became law. An examination of the reports of one of the commercial agencies during the past ninety days shows that during that time hardly a day has passed that some saloon-keeper has not been reported as having been forced to raise money on the furniture of his place of business, while two, and even three such reports have not been uncommon. A careful search in the reference book of the agency showed that, almost without exception, the saloon-keepers thus forced to raise money were of the poorer class, and there seems to be no reason to doubt that, seeing the coming storm, these men, either of their own accord or under pressure of the brewers who supplied them with beer on credit, have raised money in this way to enable them to weather it. At the recorder's office it was learned that no notice had been taken of the fact that the saloon-keepers were becoming large customers of the chattel-mortgage loaners. A gentleman connected with the office stated that it was a very common thing for saloon-keepers to raise money in this way, and that he did not believe the records of late showed any increase of this kind of transaction, but this negative testimony cannot gainsay the very positive records of the commercial agencies. In conversation with a wholesale liquor-dealer on Market street a POST-DISPATCH reporter learned that while it was an acknowledged fact that the saloon-keepers—at least the less solidly-fixed among them—had been largely forced of late to strengthen financial condition by raising loans, the liquor dealers had nothing to do with it. "Go to the brewers; they will tell you all about it," he said. One of the proprietors of the Cherokee brewery said that he was not aware of the fact brought to his notice, but, when informed that such was the case, acknowledged that it was within the possibilities that the restricting clauses of the new law and the necessity of providing for the higher license had drawn a large number of the smaller saloon-keepers to raise money in this way.

Vice-President of the Police Board.

Gov. Crittenden in a published interview yesterday gave decided opinions concerning what he expected of the officials upon whom he relied to assist him in discharging the highest trust within the gift of the people. He hinted very pointedly that the resignation of the officials under his appointment might be comingly resign if they failed to enforce the law. As these sentiments pointed directly at the board of police commissioners, Vice President Kerwin was called on this morning and asked what he thought about the governor's interview. "Oh, yes, I saw it," said the vice-president. "What do I think about the sentiment? Well, I don't see what other sentiment the governor of Missouri could appropriately express. He says that he is in favor of enforcing the law, and I think it very natural that he should."

"Will you enforce the law as he insinuates he desires the officials shall?"

"I don't know what the board will do. I have my opinion. I am in favor of enforcing the law, but then this is not a new law, as I understand it. It is the old law amended and this Sunday saloon closing section was a part of the old law. It is an important matter and worthy of the consideration of a full board. The municipal assembly has not done anything yet and I don't know but that it would be a wiser plan to wait and see what they will do. The fact of the matter is that if we act under the state law the cases will have to go to the court of criminal correction and probably go to trial before a jury. Now fully three-fourths of the residents of St. Louis are liberal-minded people who like their glass of beer. They have really become Germanized, and I have my doubts if a conviction would be secured in that court."

"Will the board order the department to make cases after Tuesday's meetings?"

"I really can't say what will done. I think we

will first get the opinion
counselor. On last Saturday
chief to telegraph
a certified copy of t
mitted to the city cou
Mr. Bell will have the
us an opinion in time
he has no time to g
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Commissi

Mr. Kinkead had no
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"Do you think that
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Commissi

Mr. Caruth said that
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SECURE boarders by
columns of the POST-DI
ten cents.

A NORSEMA

He Invents a Fire Esc
ommends to Am

Mayor Ewing this morn
ing curious letter all the
Norway. The writer use
and the following is an e
munication:

CHRISTIANA

To His Honor, the Mayor of St. Lou
SIR—Since the accounts
fire in the hotel at Milwa
America, at which fire a
were said to be bu
falling down from
I have tried to find out
during such circumstanc
named event. For the a
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having them as small as
lightest sort of gas, might
air-tight capsules. I woul
be informed that the invent
to the fire office in your city
Yours very respect
M.

ADVERTISE for servants
columns of the POST-DISP
nothing.

SECURE your help throu
columns of the POST-DISP
nothing.

ADVERTISE for servants
columns of the POST-DISP
nothing.

New Build

Mr. Bernard Bockelma
$4,000 brick dwelling hous
of Chouteau avenue, betw
Ohio avenues.

The two adjacent brick
which Mrs. L. Kuttner i
south side of Lasalle str
street and Valle avenue,
cost $5,000.

The estimated cost of
which Mr. Charles Green i
east side of Minnesota
Lafayette avenue and G
$5,000.

SECURE your help through
columns of the POST-DISPAT
nothing.

SECURE your help through
columns of the POST-DISPATC
nothing.

THE twenty words for ten-ce
POST-DISPATCH is the best and
for making known your wants.

Big Fire.

RED WING, MINN., July
lows' hall and two adjoinin
burned last night. Loss, $2
$15,000.

SECURE boarders by advert
columns of the POST-DISPATCH
ten cents.

OBTAIN rooms through the w
POST-DISPATCH, twenty words

ADVERTISE for servants in
columns of the POST-DISPATC
nothing.

SECURE boarders by adverti
columns of the POST-DISPATCH,
ten cents.

OBTAIN rooms through the wa
POST-DISPATCH, twenty words

SECURITIES FOR
$15,000 Lincoln County, Mo.,
10,000 Henry County, Mo.,
10,000 Neosho, Mo., School 6
10,000 Mitchell Co., Tex., Co
4,100 Mason County, Texas,
3,000 Baylor County, Texas
2,000 Warrensburg, Mo., fu
2,000 Hannibal, Mo., fundin
2,000 Dallas Elevator & Com
All of above prompt inter
curities and desirable investm
25 shares Laclede Bank stock,
30 shares American Central I
15 shares Laclede Gas stock, 1
Call on or address
NELSON &
BANKER
Northwest Cor. Third

DEFAULTED BO
Of Missouri, Kansas, Illinois
Adjusted, Bought and
WM. C. LITTLE
BANKERS AND BRO
308 N. Third Stre
Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS AND N
ties of every description. Stocks
on margin.

Established 1858.
BUDD & W

will first get the opinion of the city counselor. On last Saturday I had the chief to telegraph to Jefferson City for a certified copy of the act, which will be submitted to the city counselor. I can't tell whether Mr. Bell will have the time at his disposal to give us an opinion in time for to-morrow's meeting. If he has no time to give us a written opinion he may be able to advise with us. I think the board will act according to his advice. I will see Mr. Bell either to-day or to-morrow morning."

Commissioner Kinkead.

Mr. Kinkead had not seen the governor's interview, but on reading it said: "That's pretty pointed but its the same as the governor said at first."

"Do you think that there will be any resignations on this account?"

"No, I guess not. I told you in the beginning that I was in favor of enforcing any law on the statute books, and let the people determine whether it is obnoxious or not. I can't tell you what will be done at the next meeting more than that I will favor the enforcement of what is the law."

Commissioner Caruth.

Mr. Caruth said that whatever his private opinion may be as a police commissioner, he was in favor of enforcing the laws, and on that subject entertained the same opinion as his excellency.

SECURE boarders by advertising in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

A NORSEMAN'S NOTION.

He Invents a Fire Escape, Which He Recommends to American Mayors.

Mayor Ewing this morning received the following curious letter all the way from Christiana, Norway. The writer uses the English language, and the following is an exact copy of his communication:

CHRISTIANA, NORWAY,
June 16, 1883.

To His Honor, the Mayor of St. Louis:

SIR—Since the accounts regarding the dreadful fire in the hotel at Milwaukee, United States of America, at which fire about a hundred people were said to be burned or perished from falling down from the upper stories, I have tried to find out means to be saved with during such circumstances as those at the above named event. For the attainment of this purpose I have got an idea which I have the honor to communicate you, sir, supposing it to be very useful, if not a general injunction by law of the presence of a saving rope in every bed-room should be introduced everywhere. I namely propose that in such cases, when no better means to hand, a little air-balloon should bring a saving rope to the persons in the upper stories in the burning house; two thin lines are fixed to the balloon, rising to the window, the air current being supposed to carry the balloon along the side of the house. The persons in danger at the window loosen one of the lines, being prolonged underneath with a saving rope. The balloon is hauled down with the other line. Without doubt many persons in danger might be saved in this way. I remember it was stated respecting another large fire in an hotel in America (St. Louis) six or seven years ago, that about ten persons were saved by a rope, while about a hundred people likewise as at the late fire in Milwaukee perished in the flames. The apparatus necessary for the direction treaten of above are so simple that it, in order to save time, might be had at every fire station and police station. Hardly these means of safety should, like the fire-escapes at Milwaukee, be hindered by the telegraph wires, fixed to spars along the building or by the crowd of the spectators. Also the perservers are less exposed to danger, and I suppose my idea might prove specially useful at tall houses, narrow streets and ty its quickness in comparison to other means. The balloons, formed cylindric for the purpose of having them as small as possible, filled with the lightest sort of gas, might probably be kept in air-tight capsules. I would be very glad, sir, to be informed that the invention has proved useful to the fire office in your city.

Yours very respectfully,
M. A. CHRISTENSEN,
Royal Surveyor.

ADVERTISE for servants in the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

ADVERTISE for servants in the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

New Buildings.

Mr. Bernard Bockelmann is building a $4,000 brick dwelling house on the south side of Chouteau avenue, between Jefferson and Ohio avenues.

The two adjacent brick tenement houses which Mrs. L. Kuttner is building on the south side of Lasalle street, between Ham street and Valle avenue, are estimated to cost $5,000.

The estimated cost of the private stable which Mr. Charles Green is building on the east side of Minnesota avenue, between Lafayette avenue and Geyer avenue, is $5,000.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

Big Fire.

RED WING, MINN., July 9.—The Odd Fellows' hall and two adjoining buildings were burned last night. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $15,000.

SECURE boarders by advertising in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

OBTAIN rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

ADVERTISE for servants in the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

SECURE boarders by advertising in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

OBTAIN rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

SECURITIES FOR SALE!

$15,000 Lincoln County, Mo., new 6's.
10,000 Henry County, Mo., new 6's.
10,000 Neosho, Mo., School 6's.
10,000 Mitchell Co., Tex., Court-house 7's.
4,100 Mason County, Texas, 8's.
3,000 Baylor County, Texas, 8's.
2,000 Warrensburg, Mo., funding 6's.
2,000 Hannibal, Mo., funding 6's.
2,000 Dallas Elevator & Compress Co., 8's.
All of above prompt interest-paying securities and desirable investments.
25 shares Laclede Bank stock, 104.
30 shares American Central Ins. stock, 81.
25 shares Laclede Gas stock, 101.
Call on or address

NELSON & NOEL,
BANKERS,
Northwest Cor. Third and Pine.

DEFAULTED BONDS
Of Missouri, Kansas, Illinois and Arkansas
Adjusted, Bought and Sold by
WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
208 N. Third Street.

Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS AND NOTES and securities of every description. Stocks and Bonds carried on margin.

Established 1858.
BUDD & WADE,
Financial agents for Eastern capitalists, 612 Olive st. Real estate loans at 6 per cent. and privilege of paying principal before maturity, either in part or whole

MONEY.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Threes 103⅛; 5s extended int. 101 bid; 4½s 112¾; 4s 119; Pacific 6s '95, 127 bid. Money 2@2½; prime commercial 4 to 6. Bar silver 110½. Exchange quiet at 484¾ long; 488 sight. Governments fraction lower for 3s. States unchanged. Railways quiet, Stock weak, ⅛ to 1 lower; weakest shares were Trunk lines and Louisville and Nashville; toward noon prices rallied ⅛ to ½.

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., No. 213 North Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
Central New Jersey	88⅜	88⅜	87⅞	87⅞
Central Pacific	76⅛	76⅛	75½	75½
Chesapeake and Ohio				
1st pref				
2d pref				
Chicago and Alton				
Chicago, St. P., M. and O.				
do pref				
Chicago, R. I. & P.				
Chicago, B. & Q.	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	105⅛	105⅛	104⅞	105
do pref				
Chicago, St. L. & N. O.				
Chicago & Northwest	133⅛	133⅛	132⅞	132⅞
do pref				
Clev., Col., Cin. & I.				
Col., Chic. & I. C.				
Del., Lack. & W.	128⅛	128⅛	127⅞	127⅞
Delaware & Hudson	109½	109½	109⅛	109⅛
Denver & Rio Grande	44	44	42⅞	42⅞
Hannibal & St. Joe				
do pref				
Houston & Texas				
Ind., B. & Western				
Illinois Central				
Lake Shore	109⅞	109⅞	108⅛	108⅛
Lake Erie & Western	29	29	28⅞	28⅞
Louisville & Nashville	53	53	52⅞	52⅞
Marietta & Cincinnati				
Memphis & Charleston				
Michigan Central	92¼	92¼	91½	91½
Missouri Pacific	101	104⅛	103⅛	103⅜
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	30⅜	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	119⅛	119⅛	118⅞	118⅞
Erie	37⅛	37⅛	36⅞	36⅞
Northern Pacific	51⅛	51⅛	50⅞	51
do pref	89½	89½	88⅜	88⅝
Nashv., Chatt. & St. Louis				
Illinois Central	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜
Nickel Plate				
Ohio & Mississippi	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
Ohio Central	9½	9½	9	9½
Ohio Southern				
Ontario & Western	26⅛	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞
Pacific Mail	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
Philadelphia & Reading	59	59	58	58⅛
Peoria, D. & E.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
St. Louis & San Francisco				
do pref				
do first pref				
Terre Haute				
Texas & Pacific	38⅜	38⅜	37⅛	37⅜
Union Pacific	94⅛	94⅛	93⅜	93⅜
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
do pref	44⅛	44⅛	42⅞	42⅞
Western Union Tel. Co.	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 208 North Third street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
3 ⅌ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	102¾	103⅛
Ex 5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	100⅛	101
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	112⅛	112⅜
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	118⅜	119⅛

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.*

City 6's gold	1893-94	June & Dec.	25	112½	113¼
City 6's gold	1898	June & Dec.	25	115	117
City 6's currency	1886-87	April and Oct.		106	106½
City water 6's	1887	Jan. & July.		105½	106½
City water 6's	1890	Jan. & July.		108½	109½
City water 6's	1892	Jan. & July.		112	113½
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July.		107	......
City 4's	1902	Jan. & July.		101	102
County 6's, gold	1895-96	Various.		112	113
County Park	1905	May & Nov.		118	119
County 7's, curr'ncy	1885	Various		103½	......

*Interest to seller.

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1886-87	Jan. & July.	107	108
Mo. 6's	1888-89	Jan & July.	109	......
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July.	118	......

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m. 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	107	107¾
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May & Nov.	104	104⅜
Mo. Pac. 2d m. 7's	1891	Jan. & July.	113	......
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May & Nov.	116½	117
No. Mo. 1st m. 7's	1895	Jan. & July.	117¾	118
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	106½	107
K. P. 1st m 6's	1896	June & Dec.	107	107¼
K. P. D. Ex. 6's	1899	May & Nov.	107¾	108½
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	......	......
St. L. & M. 1st 7's	1892	Feb. & Aug.	115¼	116

LAND WARRANTS.

40-acres	42 to 46	120-acres	135 to 140
80-acres	88 to 90	160-acres	188 to 190

Clearings	$2,669,389
Balances	387,527

COMMERCE.

St. Louis and Chicago.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat lower, closing at $1 04⅛ July; $1 03⅛@1 03⅜ August; $1 05⅝ September; $1 07⅜ October; $1 03⅜ year. Corn lower; 44 July; 45¼ August; 46¾ September; 47⅛ October; 42⅛ year. Oats lower; 32¾ July; 26⅛ August; 25¾ year. Provisions lower. Hogs lower.

CHICAGO.

Wheat lower, closing at 99¾ August; $1 01½@1 01⅝ September; $1 03⅛ October; $1 04⅛ November; 97 year. Corn lower; 49¼ July; 50¼ August; 50⅛ September; 50⅜@⅛ October; 46½ year. Oats lower; 34½ July; 28¾ August; 27⅝@¾ September; 27¼ year. Rye lower; 54¼ August; Provisions lower. Pork—$14 27½ August; $14 35 September; $14 47½ October; $13 57½ year. Lard—8.77½ August; 8.90 September; 8 97½ October; 8⅝ year. Short ribs—7.32½ August; 7.47¾ September; 7.52½ October; 6.97@7 year.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

Grain.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—July 97⅛; August 99¾; September $1 01½@1 01⅝; October $1 03⅛; November $1 04⅛; year 97 b.

Corn—July 49¼; August 50¼; September 50⅛; October 50⅜@⅛; year 46½.

Oats—July 34½; August 28¾; September 27⅝@¾; year 27¼.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—August $1 12¾; September $1 15; October $1 16¾.

Corn—September 60⅞; October 61⅞

Oats—August 38⅜; September 36½.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—July $1 07 a.; August $1 07⅛; September $1 08¾; October $1 10½@1 10⅝; year $1 16 b.

Corn—No bids.

Oats—September 28 b.

Cotton.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed steady. July 10.16; August 10.24; September 10.10; October 9.90; November 9.82; December 9.83; January 9.92; February 10.03; March 10.13; April ——. Sales 110,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Futures closed steady; July 9.85; August 9.83; September 9.68; October 9.58; November 9.50; December 9.51; January 9.61; February 9.73; March 9.73. Sales 38,500 bales.

Provisions.

CHICAGO.

Pork—August $14 27½; September $14 35; October $14 47½; year $13 57½; January $13 85.

Lard—August 8.77½; September 8.90; October 8.97½; November 8.77½; year 8⅝.

Short ribs—July 7⅛ b.; August 7.32½; September 7.47½; October 7.52½ b.; year 6.97½@7 January 7.02½ b.

Afternoon Board—2 to 3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat weak and lower early, but recovered and closed firm. Corn and oats lower.

Wheat—July $1 04⅛ b; August $1 03⅛ to $1 03½@1 03⅝; September $1 05¼@1 05⅝ to $1 05⅝; October $1 06¾@1 07⅜; November $1 08¾@1 08⅝; year $1 03@1 03⅜.

Corn—July 44 b.; August 45⅜ to 45¼, closing at 45¼; September 46⅝ to 46¾; October 47⅛ to 47½; year 41¾ and later 42⅛ b.

Oats—July 32¾; August 26¼ b; year 25¾ b.

CHICAGO CURB.

Wheat—August 99⅝; Sept. $1 01¾.

Corn—August 50¼.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	12,377	23,157	26,773	48,766
Chicago	17,148	187,221	3,074	220,488
Milwaukee	17,075	940	1,275	100
Baltimore	36,693	5,901	9,315	109,186
Toledo	56,000	14,000	9,000	25,000
New York	65,190	374,121	......	50,708

Chicago Inspections—60 cars spring wheat, 5 cars winter do; 406 cars corn; 110 cars oats; 17 cars rye; 2 cars barley. By canal—4,500 bu corn, 9,000 bu oats, 6,000 bu rye.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

The export inquiry continues excellent for corn, but there are a few things in the way of river shipment. An exporter, in speaking of this demand for corn, remarked that there was not enough tonnage at New Orleans, and also that he and others were afraid of the corn getting out of condition during the time consumed in descending the river and crossing the ocean. July, with its intense heat, is a bad month for exporting corn, unless it is in the driest condition. However, no complaints have yet been heard in that respect so far this season.——J. M. Rumsey & Co. of Chicago wire Buckley & Rasin that John B. Lyon has the corn deal in that market, and will look out to handle it to his own profit.——A telegram from Leavenworth, Kas., to R. S. McCormick & Co. says: "Crop prospects good. New wheat moving now; oats in two weeks."——Local stocks of grain continue to decrease, wheat having fallen off 30,000, corn 80,000 and oats 10,000 bus since Saturday.——Receipts of wheat from July 1 to 9 inclusive for four years were: 1880 580,530 bu; 1881, 286,549 bu; 1882 646,609 bu; 1883, 78,784 bu.——Harker & Pritchard's Merchants' Exchange Price-Current has the following on the condition of hay arriving here: "One cause, and the principal one, too, of the great depression of the lower qualities of hay is the bad condition of the receipts for the past week or ten days, a large majority of the arrivals being more or less heated, and when sold, reclamations are claimed and allowed in a great many instances, or the whole car thrown back upon the hands of the seller. The cause of this 'hot' hay is the fault of the shipper, as it has been pressed and prepared for shipment either in very damp weather or in the rain. If shippers expect to get the market value for hay they must be more careful in preparing it for the market, or not grumble at the low prices realized for heated hay."——New York stocks this morning were 886,031 bu wheat, 469,257 bu corn, 54,598 bu oats, and 19,000 bu rye. This shows a falling off for the week of 10,000 bu wheat, and 5,764 bu corn, and an increase of nearly 1,000 bu oats.——Milwaukee's stock of wheat has decreased 54,000 bu to 1,870,974 bu, corn has fallen off 156,000 bu to 58,722 bu, and oats have increased 16,000 bu to 54,010 bu.——So urgent was the milling demand for old wheat to-day that over 1½c premium was paid for old No. 2 red over regular No. 2. It is confidently believed that old No. 2 will be selling at 5c premium before long.——A late telegram from Chicago reported that Armour was unloading his long provisions, and that there had been several heavy failures in the provision trade of Liverpool and London.

Wheat—Futures took a tumble to-day and weakness was paramount. The tone of Liverpool advices were hardly so unfavorable as they have been, but the markets of this country were declining and all advices from leading speculative centers were generally very bearish. The clear, cool weather exerted a depressing effect also. Considerable irregularity was seen in values here, as the feeling was more or less unsettled, especially during the fore part of the session, but there was manifest among operators more of a desire to sell than to buy. After the noon call a sharp decline in Chicago sent values here down rapidly and at the close was 1¼@2⅜c below Saturday's close. Corn declined, but showed considerable strength, operators seemingly not being so disposed to sell as they were in wheat. There was an advance after a lower opening, and the demand was then first-rate, but later the extreme weakness in wheat caused this market to ease off and late break down, closing dull and weak at declines of ⅞@1⅛c from Saturday's close. Oats were also lower, though July only lost ¼c, as it was sustained by cash, but August declined ⅜c and year 1¼c. Cash wheat was really firm. The speculative grade of No. 2 red was in demand, and for old No. 2 millers readily paid an advance and a premium for regular; No. 4 and rejected were higher and wanted for shipment, but No. 3 red sold lower. Cash corn was firm, with white mixed higher and badly wanted by city millers; No. 2 mixed was in active request on order account. Cash oats were strong and in urgent demand at a sharp advance, but the supply on sale was very small.

Wheat—Receipts 951 sks, 10,000 bu. No. 2 red $1 06@1 07 for old, $1 05½ regular, but not worth over $1 05 late; July $1 05, closing nominal at about $1 04½; August $1 05¼ to $1 04⅛, and late $1 04 asked; September $1 07⅜ to $1 05⅝; October $1 08⅞ to $1 07, closing at $1 07¼; November $1 09½; year $1 04½ to $1 04¼, closing at about $1 03¾; No. 3 red 94¼ regular; No. 4 84@85 regular; rejected 73 E. side; No. 2 Mediterranean $1 09 bid for C.

Corn—Receipts 28 sks, 23,100 bu. No. 2 mixed 45¼@45 regular, 45½@45¼ E. side; July 44⅞ to 45, closing at 44¼ asked; August 46⅜ to 46; September 48¼ to 47½ and late 47 asked; October 48⅝@¾ to 47¼; year 43⅜ to 42, and late 41⅞ asked; No. 2 white-mixed 50¼ this side; rejected do 49¾ bid this side; rejected 43 bid for A., 43½ for C. and St. L.; no grade 33 bid regular; new-mixed 44 in C., 45 in A.

Oats—Receipts 878 sks, 900 bu. No. 2 35 in U., 36¾@37 in St. L.; July 33⅜; August 27⅛ to 26⅞; year 26⅜ to 25⅞; rejected 33½ in A., 35 bid for C., 36 for St. L.

Rye—Receipts —— sks, —— bu. Entirely neglected and nominal. There were no offerings and no public bids.

Flour—Receipts 3,248 brls. Weak and partly lower on all grades except low, which are merely nominal at quotations. Market very much unsettled and nervous, with no demand to speak of outside of a limited inquiry on local account for top grades. Quotations were as follows: (the inside price for straight grades and outside lots between grades): Extra fancy $5 50@5 70; fancy $5 40@5 50; choice $4 80@4 90; family $4 25@4 40; xxx $3 60@3 75; xx $3 15@3 25; x $2 60@2 85; superfine $2 40@2 60; fine $2 10@2 25; patent $6 00@6 50. These prices are for lots on arrivals at depot and levee; favorite brands 25c more and order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Higher at $2 65@2 70 on orders del.; pearl meal grits and hominy $3 60@3 75.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $2 50@2 90.

Millfeed—Easier, with a good Eastern demand, but Southern orders rather scarce. Sacked bran 58 E. track, 59@61 this side; bulk bran 46 this side and at country points, 49 f. o. b. this side; bulk shipstuff 63@65 at country point.

Hay—Receipts 372 tons. Offerings were large and composed mainly of low to medium grades. Only the best stock was wanted, as the demand came from local feeders alone, all the other grades were only salable at low prices. This side—Prairie $8 00@9 00 for prime to choice; $10@$11 for choice to fancy; common to choice clover mixed $7@11; timothy $11@12 for prime; $12 50@13 for strictly prime $13 50@14 for choice; $15@16 for fancy. East track—Mixed $6@10 50; timothy $10@12 for prime to choice; $14@15 for fancy.

Provisions—Receipts 1,285 lbs pork, 1,490 lbs hams, 1,133,300 lbs meats, 41,800 lbs lard, 28,000 lbs grease. With a complete collapse in Chicago the home market became utterly demoralized and broke down, ruling dull and weak all through, with only a small business done. Standard mess pork sold lightly at $16 25. The best bid for prime steam lard was 8½. Loose dry salt entirely nominal at 6.60 for shoulders, 7.80 for longs, 7.90 for c'rib, 8.15 for shorts. In bacon, packed c'ribs sold at 8¾ and shorts at 9⅛@9; shoulders not worth over 7¼@7⅝, or longs over 8½. Hams 12@13. Tallow 7¾@⅞ for fancy cake; 7¾ for strictly prime in oil barrels; No. 2 7¼@½; irregular packages 7⅜@7½; grease tallow 6¾@7. Breakfast bacon 13@14. Grease 5½@6 for brown. 6½@7 for yellow 7½@8 for white. Beef—Extra mess $15@16 per barrel according to brand; $8@8 50 per half barrel; dried 16@18; selected 19 per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $6@7 per dozen. Salt—Domestic $1 25 this side, $1 20 E. side per barrel; ground alum $1 15 per sack for round lots, $1 20@1 25 in a small way.

Highwines—In good demand and steady at $1 14, with sales of 158 brls. Cincinnati steady at $1 13. Chicago $1 16. Peoria steady at $1 15.

Lead—Steady and quiet at $4 15 del for refined and $4 12½ for hard; the last sale of soft Missouri was at $4 12½. Spelter worth $4 30.

Grass seeds—Nothing doing; a speculative demand reported for German millet at 55 for prime. All other descriptions nominal.

Flaxseed—Spot quiet at $1 27½.

Hempseed—Firmer at $1 40@1 50.

Castor beans—Dull and nominally unchanged at $1 35.

Cotton.

The upward movement in values of both spot and future cotton still continues, and instead of declining, as some were disposed to think, prices have improved. New York spots were quiet at 10 3-16, an advance of 1-16 since Saturday; the movement, however, was very light. Futures were steady at 4 to 7 points higher, and continuing steady advanced still more, being 2 to 4 points above the opening figures at the 2:30 p. m. call. New Orleans also partook of the advance, spots ruling quiet at 9 11-16 for middlings with small sales. Futures opening steady and 4 to 7 points up, but unlike the former market showing less steadiness and fluctuating a little, although the tendency was towards higher prices. Locally there was had a very dull market with exceedingly small receipts, but more strength in values with prospects for higher prices should the boom continue. Liverpool reported a moderate inquiry for spots which was freely supplied and transactions were large. Futures at the opening were higher, and although unchanged at the close was easier in tone, and the close at New York was steady, and partly a point higher.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 6⅝; ordinary, 7¾; good ordinary 8¼; low middling, 9⅛; middling, 9⅝; good middling 10; middling fair, nominal. Stained—Good ordinary, 7¾; low middling, 8¼; middling 8⅝. Tinges—Middling, 9; good do 9¼.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 3 bales, against 72 bales last year; since September 1, 1882, 457,607 bales, against 371,697 same time last year; shipments to-day, 253 bales, against 408 last year; since September 446,224 bales, against [illegible] same time last year. Stocks in warehouses and compresses 12,522 bales, against 7,157 same time last year.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 5¼d; Orleans 5⅝d. Sales 10,000 bales. Futures closed easier; July and August 5 31-64d; August and September 5 36-64d; September and October 5 36-64d; October and November ——; November and December 5 32-64d; December and January 5 33-64d.

NET RECEIPTS, STOCKS AND SHIPMENTS.

Receipts at United States ports for 3 days 2,792 bales; last week same time 4,345; same time last year 1,807; exports 15,757 bales; same time last year 9,508; total stocks this week 372,883; same time last year 248,757; net receipts at all United States ports to date 5,907,754 bales; last year 4,631,880.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

CHICAGO.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 208 and 210 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

Wheat—July 97⅞; August 99¾; September $1 01¾; October $1 03¼; November $1 04.

Corn—July 49¾; August 50; September 50; October 50⅛; year 46⅛.

Oats—July 34¾; August 28¾; September 27⅞; year 27¼.

Pork—July $14 10; August $14 25; September $14 42½; October $14 55; year $13 50; January $13 75.

Lard—July 8.60; August 8.75; September 8.87½; October 8.95; year 8.57½.

Short ribs—July 7.15; August 7.30; September 7.42½; October 7.50; year 7; January 7.10.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—July $1 08⅛; August $1 08½; September $1 10¼; October $1 12⅛.

Corn—July 53; August 53¾; September 54½.

Oats—July 36½ b.; August 30 b.

Country Produce.

EGGS—Steady at 13c for candled and 12c for choice marks of current receipts.

VEALS—Small fat milk-fed 8@8½; fair do 7@7½; heretics 4@6. Lambs $1@3 as in size.

HOPS—Choice New York 50@55.

BUTTER—Sales of creamery were at 19@21c for choice to fancy; 22c for selections; dairy 15c@17c for choice to fancy; and 18 for selections; fair to good 10@12c; common 8@10c; country packed quiet at 8@9c for choice fresh, 6@7c for medium and 4c@5c for low grade.

CHEESE—Prime to choice full stock 9¼@10½c; choice part skims 5@7c; inferior 2@4c—in a small way 1@3 higher, according to size of lot.

LIVE POULTRY—Quote: Old chickens, cocks $3 25@3 50; mixed $3 75@4, and hens $4 25@4 50; Springs—Small and scrubby $1 50@2; fair sized $2 50@2 75, and good sized $3@3 25.

GAME—Woodcock nominal at $6.

WHITE BEANS—Jobbing from store. Eastern—Hand-picked navy $2 45@2 50; screened do $2 35@2 40; hand-picked medium $2 30@2 35; screened do $2 20@2 25; country $1 50@2.

WOOL—Tub—Choice 33@34; fair 31@32; common 28@30; fleece-washed merino 28@30. Unwashed—Choice medium 23½@24; medium and combing mixed 21@22; low and coarse 17@20; light fine 19@21; heavy fine 15@17; Kansas medium 18@19½; light fine 16@18; heavy do 13@13½; black, burry, etc., 5@10c ⅌ lb less.

HIDES—Dry Flint 15¾; damaged 12¾; bulls or stags 10; dry salted 11½; do damaged 10; glue stock 5; kip and calf classed as damaged Green—Salted 8¼; damaged 6¼; branded 7; bull or stags 5¾; green (uncured) 6½; glue stock 3

BEESWAX—Choice quotable at 32@33.

DEERSKINS—Prime 28@30; salted and meaty 20@21.

SHEEP PELTS—Green 75c@$1 00; dry 50@80 according to amount and quality of wool; dry shearings 10@20; green lamb skins 15@25.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 60 in large and 61 in small sacks; unripe and quilly 48@53; mixed 30@40; tare 3 and 10 ⅌ cent.

ROOTS—Ginseng—$1 50@1 75, latter for large well dried; Seneca 30@32; blue flag 5; blood root 1½@2; golden seal 9@10; snake 13; prime black 3@3½; May apple 1¾@2¼; pink 14@15; lady slipper 6; bitter sweet bark 5@6; columbo 2½; sarsaparilla 3; wahoo 5@10; angelica 6@7.

Berries and Fruits.

PEACHES—Receipts almost wholly from Southwest Missouri, and are small and more or less soft—bulk of sales were at 40@60 ⅌ peck basket; good to choice at 75c@$1. Illinois good to choice $1 25@1 75, and Arkansas choice at $1 50 ⅌ ⅓ bu box. Mississippi 75c@$1 ⅌ peck box.

APPLES—Receipts liberal, and demand moderate and only for good colored. Sales ranged at 20@25 ⅌ ⅓ bu box for green, 30@32½ for yellow, and 35@40 for red. Green quotable at $1@1 25, yellow at $1 40@1 60, and red at $1 75@2 ⅌ bbl. Sales, 40 bbls red Astrakan and yellow Harvest at $2 ⅌ bbl.

PLUMS—Scarce and in good request. Wild goose $1 00@$1 25 and Chickasaw 50@60 ⅌ ⅓-bu box.

CHERRIES—Arrivals light; nominal at $1 75@2 ⅌ 6-gal case.

RASPBERRIES—Quiet at $1 00@1 25 ⅌ 3-gal. case for red.

BLACKBERRIES—In brisk demand and firm; receipts light. Cultivated $2 50@3, and wild $1 50@2 ⅌ 6-gal. case.

GOOSEBERRIES—Nominal at $2 50 ⅌ bu.

CURRANTS—Steady sale at $3 ⅌ 6-gal case.

WATERMELONS—Steady and unchanged. Georgia jobbed at $20@23, and Texas at $15@18 ⅌ 100. Sales, 2 cars Georgia at $23 on track.

DRIED FRUIT—Lower and dull. Prime apples quotable at 7¾@8, and dark to fair at 6½@7½; peaches at 4@4½ for poor, to 5@5½ for choice.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Firm. We quote (repacked): Oranges—California $4 50@5; Messina $8 and Imperial $9 ⅌ box; Lemons—Messina and Palermo $5@5 50 ⅌ box; Pineapples nominal at $2 50@3 ⅌ doz; Bananas $2@3 50 ⅌ bunch; Cocoanuts $40 ⅌ 1,000.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Apricots $3@3 50 ⅌ 25-lb case.

Vegetables.

NEW POTATOES—Dull and dragging; demand and offerings both light. Sales ranged at $1@1 75 per brl and 50@60 per bushel.

NEW ONIONS—Lower and dull. Sales, 19 sks inferior 50; and 20 sks choice at 90 per bu.

OLD POTATOES—Nothing doing; entirely nominal.

TOMATOES—Receipts quite liberal and exceeding the demand, but sales were at about unchanged prices. Choice smooth (acme variety) Arkansas and Illinois 65@75 per ⅓-bu box; rough variety and soft at 50@60. Alabama freight receipts are not bringing freight charges.

CABBAGE—Choice $2@2 25 per crate on orders.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—1 car rejected spring, 1 car No. 3 Mediterranean, 13 cars No. 2 red, 4 cars No. 3 red, 3 cars No. 4, 2 cars rejected, 1 car no grade; total 25 cars.

Corn—30 cars No. 2 mixed, 10 cars rejected, 3 cars no grade; total 43 cars.

Oats—3 cars No. 2, 2 cars rejected; total 5 cars.

Total in 73 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—31 cars No. 2 red, 5 cars No. 3 red; total 36 cars.

Corn—70 cars No. 2 mixed; 2 cars rejected; total 72 cars.

Total out 108 cars.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	444,494	1,496,269	55,555	65,691	10,660
Saturday	476,195	1,488,743	65,728	66,081	10,660

Withdrawals of Grain

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR 24 HOURS ENDING SATURDAY.

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total
Wheat	14,057	56,773	......	40,830
Corn	15,129	8,507	40,259	63,895
Oats	2,286	2,101	......	5,387
Rye	390	......	......	390
Barley	......	......	......	......

METALS.

CHARCOAL TIN PLATE.

Best charcoal.	No. sheets.	⅌ box.
IC, 10x14	225	6 75
IX, 10x14	225	6 75
IC, 12x12	225	6 75
IX, 12x12	225	8 75
IC, 14x20	112	8 75
IX, 14x20	112	8 75
IXX, 14x20	112	10 75
IXXX, 14x20	112	12 75
IXXXX, 14x20	112	14 50
IX, 20x28	112	18 50
IXX, 20x28	112	22 50
IXXX, 20x28	112	26 50
IXXXX, 20x28	112	30 50

COKE TIN PLATE.

IC, 10x14 best charcoal 225 sheets. @ 8 00
IC, 10x20 " 225 " for gutter, @ 9 75
IC, 14x20 @ 6 00

ROOFING TIN.

Best charcoal.	No. sheets.	⅌ box.
IC, 14x20	112	6 25
IX, 14x20	112	8 25
IC, 20x28	112	12 50
IX, 20x28	112	16 50

RUSSIA SHEET IRON—(Genuine.)

No.	⅌ lb
8, 9 and 10 Russia iron	13
11	13
12	13

Stained Russia ½c ⅌ lb less.
For less than full bundle 1c ⅌ lb extra.

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments for 48 hours, ending at 11 a. m. are as follows:

	RECEIPTS. 1882.	RECEIPTS. 1882.	SHIPMENTS. 1883.	SHIPMENTS. 1882.
Cattle	1,828	2,601	60	210
Hogs	4,952	2,836	251	960
Sheep	1,430	907	....	1,141

CATTLE—The market opened early and there was a very large business done during the morning. In a general way the market was decidedly stronger and prices were higher, some salesmen reporting prices for butchers' cattle 10c up. The movement in this description was brisk and a large number changed hands. All kinds of cattle apparently being in request, and as the offerings of Texas were hardly sufficient to supply the demand local buyers bought freely of other descriptions. The trade in shipping cattle was rather slow, it being somewhat early for eastern buyers to commence operations. The few present, however, complained of the scarcity of suitable grades, claiming that those offered were not up to their requirements. Interior shippers, however, were good purchasers, and took freely of both Texans and natives at strong prices; and the strength and activity exhibited during the morning is in a large part due to them. On the whole the day's business was very satisfactory to salesmen, and the supply, which was fairly large, was considerably reduced, and will undoubtedly be more so when eastern shippers make up their minds to purchase, as they will eventually. Prices were firm for all descriptions at the following

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Scalawags	$2 75@3 50
Stags and bulls	3 75@4 50
Good to extra bulls	4 25@4 60
Butcher steers and spayed heifers	4 50@4 85
Light shipping steers	4 90@5 00
Exporters	5 75@6 10
Heavy shipping steers	5 25@5 67½
Good cows and heifers	4 25@4 60
Common cows and heifers	3 50@4 25
Good cows and calves	30 00@40 00
Common cows and calves	15 00@25 00
Stockers	3 75@4 50
Grass Texans	3 60@2 15

Union Stock Yards.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
20	southwest stockers	950	$4 50
19	southwest stockers	717	3 50
17	native cows and heifers	820	4 00
13	native cows and heifers	829	3 90
11	native cows and heifers	819	3 75
30	Southwest cows and heifers	781	4 00
23	Texas steers	944	4 50
22	Texas steers	935	4 50
22	Texas steers	927	4 50
345	retail from		$2 75@5 00

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

National Yards.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
19	native butcer steers	1,055	$5 20
22	Texan steers	793	3 65
23	Texan steers	927	4 20
22	Texan steers	932	4 40
22	Texan steers	925	4 40
22	Texan steers	932	4 40
11	native butchers steers	1,096	5 25
17	native shipping steers	1,269	5 30
19	native shipping steers	1,157	5 15
18	native butchers	940	4 40
11	native cows and heifers	990	4 40
21	mixed Texans	873	4 00
18	native steers	1,071	3 50
11	mixed Texans	1,088	3 12½
19	southwest cows	896	3 85
22	southwest cows	794	3 75
19	native butchers	814	4 25
23	native cows and heifers	1,014	4 00
27	native cows and heifers	864	4 25
20	mixed natives	889	4 60
17	native shipping steers	1,326	5 60
18	mixed natives	865	4 60
25	southwest butchers	840	4 25
21	Indian butchers	775	4 15
20	native butchers	938	4 70
20	southwest butchers	1,068	4 62½
17	native butchers	983	4 12½

HOGS—The market opened with a large supply and full attendance of buyers from all parts of the country. All had orders to fill, but they purchased with caution and only at a reduction of 5c to 10c from last Friday's prices. Butchers started the movement at an early hour by paying $5 85@6 05 for the best; shippers, however, held off for some time, awaiting advices from above, which, for some cause, were late, and dealers for this reason anticipated unfavorable news. In the meantime, however, a few transfers were made, heavy shipping and mixed hogs selling from $5 70@5 90, and Yorkers at $5 85@5 90. The feeling was very unsettled and the market generally weak, and as prices were not thoroughly established it is impossible to make reliable quotations. Although it is pretty certain that Yorkers will hardly go over the figures given above, or other grades either for that matter.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

National Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price
51	259	$6 05	62	212	$6 05
50	253	6 05	47	227	5 95

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

Union Stock Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
53	188	$6 05	63	206	$6 15
30	255	5 90	56	216	5 95
65	213	6 05	59	180	5 90
34	195	5 90	31	165	5 75
42	234	5 90	20	204	5 25
55	268	6 10	20	204	6 25
42	296	6 15	61	227	6 00
60	225	6 00	75	201	6 05

Horses and Mules.

Saddlers	125@130
Southern horses	80@205
Plugs, common	25@125
Plugs, large, heavy	65@ 60
MULES.	
14 hands 4 to 7 years old	80@100
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	90@110
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	120@135
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra	150@175
16 to 16½ hands	170@210
Plugs, old large	85@110

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Hogs—Receipts 20,000. Market quiet and slow at 15@30 lower. Light $5 65@6 25; mixed packing $5 45@5 80; heavy packing and shipping $5 75@6 10. Cattle—Receipts 9,500. Market dull at 10@15 lower. Exports $5 70@6; common to fair $4 65@5 20.

BUFFALO, N. Y. July 9.—Nothing doing of consequence; prices nominally unchanged. Canal freights firm and unchanged.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, July 9.—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and Western superfine $3 25@4; extra $4 25@5; family $5 25@6 25. Wheat—Western a shade better and closing dull; No. 2 winter red spot $1 13¾@1 14⅛; July $1 14; August $1 14⅝@1 15; September $1 15½@1 15¾; October $1 17⅛@1 17⅝. Corn—Western a shade higher; mixed spot and July 57¾@58¼; August 59⅜@59½; September 61⅛@61⅝. Oats firmer; western white 41@43; mixed 38@40. Rye dull at 65@68. Hay quiet; prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland $12@14. Provisions quiet and steady; mess pork $18 50; bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 8¼ and 9¾. Bacon—Shoulders 9¼; clear rib sides 10¾. Hams 14¾@16. Lard—Refined 11¼. Butter dull; western packed 8@16; creamery 18@23. Eggs quiet at 15. Petroleum dull and nominal; refined 7⅝@7¾. Coffee dull and steady; Rio cargoes; ordinary to fair 8¼@9½. Sugar firm; A soft 8¾. Whisky quiet and steady at $1 14½. Freights to Liverpool per steamer steady; cotton 5-32d; flour 1s 3d; grain 4½d. Receipts—Flour 1,076; wheat 37,000; corn 6,000; oats 1,000. Shipments—Wheat 9,000; corn 109,000. Sales—Wheat 310,000; corn 21,000.

NEW YORK July 9.—Flour—Receipts 13,700 brls; sales 1,000; dull, still in buyers' favor. Wheat—Receipts 65,200; opened ¼@⅝ higher; afterwards ruled weaker and fell back ½@¾; trade quiet. No. 1 white $1 09; sales 160,000 bu. No. 2 red August $1 13½@1 13¾; 640,000 bu. September $1 15¾@1 16½; 320,000 bu. October $1 15¾@1 18¼; 56,000 bu. November $1 19¼@1 20. Corn—Receipts 354,100 bu; July ¼ lower; others ¼@½ higher; quiet; futures 59¾@63⅜; sales 400,000. Oats—Receipts 53,300; dull; shade lower; western 42@51; sales 50,000. Beef—Dull and heavy; spot new extra $13@13 50. Pork—Dull and heavy; spot new mess $17@17 25. Lard—Unsettled and lower; steam rendered 9.35. Butter—Dull and declining; western 10@22; Pennsylvania creamery 23@23½. Cheese—Dull at 2@10¼. Sugar—Quiet and steady. Molasses—Quiet and unchanged. Petroleum—Dull. Rice—Steady and fair demand. Coffee—Quiet and unchanged. Freights—Steady. Turpentine—Firm at 37. Rosin—Quiet at $1 60@1 65. Tallow—Dull at 7⅝. Western eggs firm 17½@18.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Bacon—Cumberland cut dull at 44s 6d; long clear dull at 43s; short rib dull at 45s; short clear dull at 46s. Pork—Prime mess eastern dull at 84s; western dull at 78s; Beef—Prime mess dull at 82s; India mess dull at 86s; extra India mess dull at 90s. Cheese—American choice steady at 57s. Tallow—Dull at 41s. Corn—New mixed steady at 5s 3d. Receipts—Wheat for past week from Atlantic ports 30,000 quarters; Pacific ports 15,250; other sources 18,750. Receipts—Corn 51,000 quarters. Turpentine—Spirits steady at 29s 6d. Rosin—Common steady at 5s.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9, 11:20 A. M.—Flour dull and easy; choice $5 00@5 25; fancy $5 62½@5 87½; extra fancy $6@6 10. Cornmeal easy at $2 70@2 80. Corn easier; mixed 61; yellow none here; white 62@63. Oats slow; St. Louis 44; Galena 44½@45. Bran quiet at 87¼@90. Hay in light demand; prime $14@16 50; choice $17. Pork easy at $16 50. Cut meats steady at 7.40. Bacon quiet and easy at 7½, 9¼; long clear sides 9¼. Hams steady at 12½@13. Lard quiet; refined tcs 9⅝@9¾; packers' tcs 9⅝@9¾. Whisky steady at $1 17. Exchange on New York not received yet.

KANSAS CITY, July 9.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts 7,950 bu; shipments 6,000 bu; weaker; No. 2 red cash sales at 88¼; August sales at 87⅛@87¼; September sales at 88; the year 86 bid, 86¾ asked. Corn—Receipts 21,208 bu; shipments, 20,828 bu; firmer and higher; No. 2 mixed cash sales at 37¼; August 38½ bid, 39½ asked; September 41 asked; the year 33¼ bid, 34½ asked. Oats—No. 2 cash sales at 34. Rye—No. 2 cash sales at 38 bid. Eggs—Dull at 10 candled. Butter—Unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Regular wheat lower; 97½ July; 99¾ August; $1 01¾ September; $1 03¼ October. Corn lower; 49¾ July; 50 August and September; 50⅛ October; 46½ year. Oats—34¾ July; 28¾ August; 27⅞ September. Rye 53 bid. Flaxseed $1 35@1 36. Whisky $1 16. Pork lower; $14 10 July; $14 25 August; $14 42½ September; $14 55 October. Lard—Lower; 8.60 July; 8.75 August; 8.87½ September; 8.95 October.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Flour dull; family $4 50@75, fancy $5@5 50. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red new $1 02@1 03. Corn firmer at 52½. Oats steady; 36@37. Rye easier at 53½. Pork dull and nominal at $15½@16. Lard dull at 8½. Bulk meats dull and lower at 6.50@7.65. Bacon dull at 7¾, 8¼, 9¾. Whiskey steady at $1 13.

DETROIT, July 9.—Flour [illegible]. Wheat dull; [illegible] September $1 06¾ bid; October $1 08⅛ bid; No. 2 red $1 07 bid; No. 2 white 92¼ bid. Receipts 4,000 bu.; shipments 1,000 bu. Corn firm; No. 2 cash 49¼ bid, 50 asked. Oats strong; No. 2 white 41; No. 2 39.

TOLEDO, O., July 9.—Wheat unsettled and 1½@1¾ lower; light trading; No. 1 white $1 01; No. 2 do 89; No. 2 red cash $1 09⅛ bid; July $1 07; August $1 08⅛; September $1 10⅛; October $1 12; January $1 18. Corn strong and ¼c better; high mixed 55 bid; No. 2 cash 53 bid; July 53; August 54⅛ bid; rejected 50½. Oats firm; No. 2 cash 37; year 29¾.

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 9.—Receipts cattle 3,913 head. Market weak; 5 to 10 cents lower on all grades. Receipts hogs 3,897; market demoralized, 20 to 30 cents lower.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Cattle—Dull; receipts 4,700; prime 6⅝@6⅞; good 6⅜@6½; medium 6⅛@6¼; common 5¼@6; Texas 4¾@5⅝. Sheep—Dull; receipts 16,000; prime 5⅜@5⅝; good 4¾@5¼; medium 4½; common 3½@3¾; culls 2@3. Lambs—Dull at 6@8½. Hogs—Dull at 8¼@9¼; receipts 3,500.

MILWAUKEE, July 9.—Wheat weaker at 97; No. 2 96¾ July; 98¾ August; $1 01 September; receipts 17,000; shipments 1,300. Corn higher; 51⅛ No. 2. Oats lower; 35¾ No. 2; 36½ white. Rye dull; 54 No. 1; 52½ No. 2. Barley tame; 47 extra No. 3.

PITTSBURG, July 9.—Oil dull and heavy; trading light; opened sales $1 14¼, declined $1 13½, closed $1 13¾.

CLEVELAND, O., July 9.—Petroleum unchanged. S.W. 110 7¾.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Wheat shade stronger but quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 9.—Turpentine 34½.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Wheat arrived dull; corn arrived nothing offering. Wheat to arrive dull and nominal; corn to arrive quiet. Mark Lane—Wheat and corn quiet. Country markets rather dull. Spot wheat quiet, but steady; No. 2 spring 9s. 1d.; No. 3 spring 8s. 1d; western winter 8s 11d. Western corn steadier at 5s 3d. Demand from United kingdom and continent rather dull for wheat and moderate for corn.

THE RIVERS.

Height of water above low-water mark . 23 ft. 6 in.
Fall in past twenty-four hours .... 1 ft. 10 in.

ARRIVALS.

Alice Brown, Cairo.
Iron Duke, Pittsburg.
Montana, Kansas City.
Colorado, excursion.
Chas. P. Chouteau, excursion.
Spread Eagle, Grafton.
E. C. Elliott, Grand Tower.
Minneapolis, St. Paul.
Sidney, St. Paul.

DEPARTURES.

Alice Brown, Cairo.
Jay Gould, New Orleans.
Colorado, excursion.
Chas. P. Chouteau, excursion.
Spread Eagle, Grafton.
Minneapolis, St. Paul.
Colorado, excursion.
Iron Duke, Sulphur Springs.

Levee Notes.

The river still rises.

Business is opening very fair for the week.

The Alice Brown brought two barges of coal for St. Louis gas works.

There is likely to be some warm competition in all directions the next few months.

The Iron Duke brought two barges of coal to the Missouri iron furnace, Carondelet.

The Jay Gould took out to New Orleans St. L. & M. V. T. barges Nos. 27, 33, 35, 54 and 61.

The harbor boats Salvor and Smith are still being used day and night to clear off the levee.

Capt. Thos. P. Morse, manager of the St. Louis sectional docks, delivered to the government authorities to-day the last of ten barges. He is one day ahead of his contract.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 9.—Arrived: Bowling Green, Bowling Green, 10:45; Clyde, Tennessee river, 4 a. m.; John S. Hopkins, Cairo, 6:30; Wyoming, New Orleans, 10. Departed: Enquirer, Cannelton, 10 a. m.; Fashion, Louisville, 10:30; Wyoming, Cincinnati, 11:15. Fair and cool. Wind northwest, and north. Mercury 66° to 76°. River 10 and 6.10 feet; falling.

CAIRO, July 9.—Arrived: Steamer Ohio, 7 a. m.; Mary Houston, New Orleans, 7; Annie P. Silver, St. Louis, 8; Will S. Hays, Cincinnati, 8. Departed: Thomas W. Means, St. Louis, midnight; Houston, Cincinnati, 7; Hays, New Orleans, 9. River 29 feet 10 inches and falling. Cloudy and mild.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.—River falling; 6 feet 10 inches in canal, and 4 feet 10 inches in chute on falls. Weather cloudy and pleasant. Arrived: Golden Crown, Cincinnati to New Orleans; Nellie Speer below the falls from Cairo; Ariadne from Cincinnati to Evansville.

PITTSBURG, July 9.—River 7 feet 8 inches and falling. Clear and cool. Ktaie Stockdale arrived at 4 a. m. and leaves at 5 p. m.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—River 12 feet 2 inches and falling. Clear. Thermometer 71. Arrived: Scotia, Pittsburg; Gaff, Memphis.

Marine.

MEMPHIS, July 9.—Falling; no arrivals or departures; cloudy.

LONDON, July 9.—Arrived out: Steamers Circassia, Montreal, and Castalia, New York.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Arrived: Steamships, Servia, Liverpool; Devonia, Glasgow.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Arrived: Steamer Illinois from Liverpool.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
JOHN WAHL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE SALE OF
Grain, Flour and Pig Lead
Special Attention Given to the Sale of WHEAT.
Consignments solicited, but no Option business. Liberal Cash Advances made on shipments.
NO. 9 MARKET STREET, ST. LOUIS.

STEAMBOATS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and Fast Electric Passenger Packets.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Clinton, Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona and St. Paul.
Str. SIDNEY..........................Best, Master
Leaves Tuesday, July 10, at 4 p. m.
Str. MARY MORTON.......Boland, Master
Leaves Thursday, July 12, at 4 p. m.
Excursion tickets at low rates to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minnetonka and other Northern resorts. Tickets good to return via river, rail or lake and rail. Our boats are all first-class and afford superior accommodations. Send for list of routes, rates, etc. Staterooms reserved two weeks in advance upon application to
ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent.
Wharfboat foot of Washington av.

St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Co.
For Burlington, Muscatine, Davenport, Clinton Dubuque, LaCrosse and St. Paul.
Str. MINNEAPOLIS..........Thompson, Master
Leaves Monday, July 9, at 4 p. m.
Str. WAR EAGLE..............Asbury, Master
Leaves Wednesday, July 11, at 4 p. m.
For Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy, Canton, Warsaw and Keokuk.
Str. GEM CITY....................Burke, Master.
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
For Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburgh, Mozier's, Clarksville and Louisiana.
Str. WHITE EAGLE.............Riley, Master.
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 o'clock p. m.
Special Excursion Tickets to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minetonka and other Northern Summer Resorts. Send for Illustrated Guide-book giving list of Excursion Routes and Rates.
For freight and passage apply on wharfboat at foot of Olive street.
J. F. BAKER,
General Freight Agent.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

MISSOURI RIVER.

KANSAS CITY PACKET CO.—Star Line.
For Kansas City and way landings.
Str. FANNIE LEWIS..................J. Keiser, Master
Leaves Wednesday, July 11, 5 p. m.
From company's wharfboat, foot of Olive street.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent

Kansas City Packet Co.--Star Line.
For Kansas City and way landings, the new and elegant side-wheel steamer
D. R. POWELL,
R. J. WHITLEDGE..............................Master.
Leaves Saturday July 14.4 p. m. from company's wharfboat, foot of Olive st. Freight received at all times.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

OHIO RIVER.

For Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Mound City, Metropolis, Paducah, Golconda, Shawneetown, Uniontown and all way landings.
Str. GRANITE STATE..........J. B. Griffith, Master
Auschutz, Clerk.
Leaves Wednesday, July 11, at 5 p. m. [illegible]

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line
UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.
Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rouge and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF BATON ROUGE,
H. E. Bixby, Master,
Will leave Wednesday, July 11, at 5 p. m.
JAS. O'NEAL,
JOHN W. CARROLL,
Agents.

Packets for Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. ARKANSAS CITY..................Brolaski, Master
Will leave Tuesday, July 10, at 5 p. m.
Packet for Cape Girardeau and Cairo.
Str. STE. GENEVIEVE...................Carvell, Master
Will leave Wednesday, July 11, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenberg and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.................................Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

St. Louis and Miss. Valley Trans. Co.
FOR NEW ORLEANS.
Str. Jay Gould and barges will leave Thursday, July 12, at 5 p. m. For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas apply to JAS. P. BURDEAU, Agent.

ILLINOIS RIVER

Chicago Fast Freight Line—For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria. Str. CALHOUN, Abrams, Master, will leave every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 p. m., from company's wharfboat, foot of Olive street.
C. S. ROGERS, President.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

People's Packet.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria
Steamer J. A. TYLER..........W. J. Turner, Master
Will leave Tuesday, July 10, at 4 p.m., from upper St. Louis and St. Paul wharfboat, foot of Vine street.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents,
No. 508 N. Commercial. Telephone 304.

COMMISSIONER'S SALES.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Susannah Miiry and others against John Mehl and others, No. 61289, room 3.—In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri.—By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale in the above entitled cause, duly made and entered of record in said court on the 19th day of June, 1883, the undersigned, special commissioner in said cause, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JULY, 1883,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, during the June term, 1883, of said court, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for one-third cash, one-third in six months and the balance in one year, the deferred payments to be secured by promissory notes, to bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, and by a deed of trust on the property to be sold, or, at the option of the purchaser, for cash, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lots one and two of block one hundred and ten, of Soulard's addition, being city block three hundred and eighty-six of said city of St. Louis, each of said lots having a front of thirty feet on the east line of Buel street or an aggregate front of sixty (60) feet, together with the improvements and erections thereon.

This sale will be subject to the approval of said Circuit Court.

JOSEPH WACHTEL,
Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, June 20, 1883.

TRUSTEES' SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, David H. Evans and Julia Evans, his wife, and M. L. Gray, trustee, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 11th day of June, 1872, and recorded in book 458, page 21, St. Louis county recorder's office, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city and county of St. Louis and state of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows: A lot or parcel of ground in block No. 31 of Peter Lindell's 2nd addition, commencing at a point in the south line of Lindell avenue distant westwardly two hundred and thirty-three feet (233 feet) from the southwest corner of Lindell and Sarah avenues, thence running southwardly and parallel with Sarah avenue two hundred and thirteen feet two and one-quarter inches (213 feet 2¼ inches) to an alley, thence westwardly along the north line of said alley one hundred feet (100 feet) to the east line of lot No. 4 in said block, thence northwardly and along the said east line of lot No. 4 two hundred and thirteen feet two and one-quarter inches (213 feet 2¼ inches) to Lindell avenue, thence eastwardly along the south line of Lindell avenue one hundred feet (100 feet) to the place of beginning, being lot No. 3 of the subdivision of said block No. 31, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas two of the said notes have become due and remain unpaid, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, will, on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes, together with the cost and expenses of executing this trust.

Mr. Evans has sold the property, purchaser assuming the debts.

LEONARD MATTHEWS,
Trustee.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Jeremiah Leary,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September 1883.

M. H. PHELAN,
Executor of Jeremiah Leary, deceased.

St. Louis, June 7, 1883. N60

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Ella D. Shade,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

JOHN H. FISSE,
Administrator of Ella D. Shade, deceased.

St. Louis, July 7, 1883.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICES

No. 14,739 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John Rehm, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John Rehm,

deceased, and that I did so on the 19th day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same, and that I did so under an order of the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis, made on that day.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the city of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1883.
Finkelnburg & Rassieur, Attorneys for estate.

ASSIGNEES' NOTICES.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—The undersigned assignee of Samuel A. Todd, hereby gives notice to all creditors of said Samuel A. Todd, that he will, at his office, 214 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo., on Saturday, the 14th day of July, 1883, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. of said day, adjust and allow all demands against said assigned estate.

CHARLES HAMILTON,
Assignee of Samuel A. Todd.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—In re assignment of Campen Biermann & Co.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee of Campen, Biermann & Co., will, on the 1st day of August, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m., and five o'clock p. m., of said day, proceed to publicly adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects of said assignors, at the law office of Phillips & Stewart, No. 222 Pine street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo.

G. H. TEN BROEK,
Assignee of Campen, Biermann & Co.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF M. Spiro.—Notice is hereby given that M. L. Weidner, assignee of M. Spiro, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the June term, [illegible] of said court together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 2 on Wednesday, the 11th day of July, 1883, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

TO CREDITORS of the partnership estate of Newcomb Bros.—Take notice, that letters of administration were granted to the undersigned, as surviving partner, of said estate by the probate court of the city of St. Louis on the 28th day of March, [illegible] All persons having claims against said partnership estate are hereby required to exhibit them for allowance, to me as such surviving partner, within one year from the date of said letters [illegible] precluded from any benefit of [illegible] such claims be not exhibited [illegible] the date of said letters [illegible]

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH.
515 and 517 Market Street.

MONDAY, JULY, 9 1883.

FOR the last two days St. Louis has been a cool and delightful summer resort.

IT is not yet settled whether the KNOX-SHEAHAN sham duel was intended as a satirical hoax or as a bit of fakir advertising business.

THE ecclesiastical death-roll for the last four weeks is an unexampled one. No less than six archbishops and bishops have passed to their reward.

THE English government has shipped the informer CAREY out of the country. Inquiring invincibles are informed that his post-office address is the eastern hemisphere.

THE establishment of the Chicago freight bureau, which is soon to take place, is a well earned compliment to the St. Louis bureau, which has long since passed the bounds of experiment and become an assured success.

MAJ. WASSON has been received at the Lansing penitentiary, and is now in convict's dress. His punishment will certainly tend to make other paymasters in the army more careful how they call pat hands with an insufficient two pair.

NOBODY ever heard of a British or other foreign minister to this country gracing with his presence and oratory the farewell dinner given to an American actor about to go abroad on a professional tour. Minister LOWELL is growing very fond of banquets and of hearing himself talk.

THE KNOX-SHEAHAN duel is passing rapidly into history, along with OSSIAN, WILLIAM TELL, Sir WILLIAM of Cloudesly, and a number of other people who "didn't was." The cold incredulity of a heartless world must be very trying to a gallant humorist with enough lead in his system to ballast a man-of-war.

IN the face of the yellow fever and cholera scare Mexico has awoke to the discovery that she has no quarantine laws. This, taken in connection with her absurd customs regulations, warrants the statement that an epidemic disease is about the one article that can be imported into the sister republic without the aid of an expert.

ONE of the leading lawyers of the St. Louis bar shows in another column what a literal enforcement of the Sunday law means. Gov. CRITTENDEN will find it much easier to enforce the law against railroad corporations, if he has a mind to make a reputation as the first governor with a tender conscience and without discretion.

FIELD MARSHAL MURAT HALSTEAD is again fighting over his great battle of Gravelotte. A recent reference by BISMARCK to PHIL SHERIDAN's share in a certain incident of that battle enables the veteran strategist and military critic of Cincinnati to chip in with a few corrections and another vivid picture of the smoke and flame and carnage.

THE closing out sale of the Heralds college in New York will furnish many of our patricians with an opportunity to secure a set of ancestors at a simply nominal cost. The usual price of a pedigree is $25, but under the sheriff's hammer a fairly good genealogy ought to be secured for $10 to $15. Coats-of-arms, crests, mottoes and supporters will doubtless be lumped and sold in a round lot.

THEY tell a strange story about the disappearance of the national board of health from the scene of its labors. With the expiration of the appropriation the N. B. of H., instead of waiting to hand things over in order to its successor, the Marine hospital service, turned a couple of fever ships loose on the gulf and vacated the premises. Between the national board of health and the marine hospital the sanitary interests of the nation are "between the devil and the deep sea."

GOV. BARSTOW and his Vermont soldiers subdued those terrible insurgents at Ely without shedding a single drop of blood. How bravely they would have fought if there had been any occasion for slaughter, may be inferred from what they did. When they found themselves surrounded by the starving wives and children of the unpaid miners, they went down into their pockets and haversacks, organized themselves into relief committees, obtained assurances that the arrears due should be paid, and, behold, order reigns in Ely.

THE department of justice has formally decided that to export whisky with the intention of bringing it back is an evasion of the revenue laws which cannot be permitted, but that whisky shipped with the intention of finding a market abroad can, in case of failure to find such market, be brought [illegible] violation of the law. Surely, [illegible] exporter intends to sell his whisky abroad if he can get there a better price for it than at home, and as it is only a question of intention he can just ship "for Cowes and a market," and bring the cargo back whenever it suits him.

THE SUNDAY LAW.

GOV. CRITTENDEN announces in an official interview that he intends to enforce the Sunday clause of the DOWNING law "to its very last letter," if he has the power, and that he has no doubt as to his power. In this connection he speaks of his reverence for the Sabbath, but declares that it is not his Sabbatarian ideas, nor yet his own private views of the Sunday law, but his oath of office, which impels him to enforce that law vigorously. He says:

> One of the first articles in my political creed is to enforce all laws, and the enforcement will speedily determine whether or not they should be repealed. When a law officer winks at the violation of any statute or part of a statute, he furnishes the lawless classes with a club with which to pound society, and adds one more to the many stumbling-blocks that already lie in the way of justice.

Now Gov. CRITTENDEN has been many a time reminded of the fact that his administration has set the example of permitting Mr. JAY GOULD and his partners to consolidate the management of parallel and competing roads in Missouri, contrary to the most explicit and emphatic mandates of her constitution and statutes. Has he ever hinted to any official under him the propriety of enforcing these laws, or caused a single investigation to be made or a single step to be taken in that direction? When a law officer winks at notorious violations of constitution and statutes by Mr. GOULD and his mighty corporations, does he not "furnish the lawless classes a club with which to pound society?" Does he not "add one more to the many stumbling-blocks that already lie in the path of justice?" Because rich corporations have no soul to save, must they be allowed to disregard all human law but their own sense of power and expediency? Gov. CRITTENDEN has strained his legal authority to the utmost, and perhaps exceeded it, in his efforts to protect them from highway robbery, and a little of the same zeal in enforcing the law against them would lend an appearance of consistency at least to his new departure on the subject of the Sunday law.

Gov. CRITTENDEN admits that he shrunk from the enforcement of the Sunday clause in the old dram-shop law till it was reënacted in the Downing law. His predecessors in office had made it a dead letter by failing to enforce it, and he admits that he followed their example for the purely personal reason that any active steps towards enforcing it would be construed as fanaticism on his part. Its reënactment, however, makes him alone responsible if it should again become a dead letter, and awakens his previously sleeping conscience to the obligations of his oath.

The simple fact is, that the clause was reenacted because it always had been a dead letter, and never was, or was intended to be, literally and universally enforced. A literal enforcement of the law against all business but "works of necessity or charity" on Sunday, would impose hardships which no city population on the continent could or would stand. To close up the beer-gardens and beer-saloons of St. Louis on Sunday would be to close up the boarding-houses of a great many people, and make Sunday a day of imprisonment and torture, instead of a refreshing holiday to nearly half of her working people. If Gov. CRITTENDEN thinks he can enforce the Sunday law to such an extent in this city, he is not only doomed to disappointment, but we believe his experiment will do more harm than good.

So far as the DOWNING law is a new law it is entitled to respect and obedience, and an earnest effort should be made to enforce it. But the real friends of high license and and strict regulation as antidotes to the prohibition mania, should beware of making this DOWNING law a mere pack-horse for Sabbatarian fanaticism. It is an open secret that the opponents of this new law propose to render it unpopular and secure its repeal by overloading its enforcement with howls for the enforcement of the old dead letter enactments which seem to have been injected into it for no other purpose but to kil the whole law.

A PARTY OR A MOB?

Nobody denies that the Iowa republican platform means prohibition, but the breth are at variance among themselves as to what they are going to do about it. The editor of the Des Moines *Register* interprets the platform in connection with the nomination of Judge REED over Judge DAY, and looks forward to a re-organization of the supreme court and a new decision reversing the judgment of that court and restoring the dead amendment to life. The Burlington *Hawkeye* points out how the court may be packed with a prohibition majority by electing REED in place of DAY and increasing the number of judges from five to seven, thus changing the status of the supreme bench from four to one against the amendment to four to three for it. On the contrary, the Dubuque *Times* and the Keokuk *Gate City* shrink from this revolutionary programme and contend that the platform and the party accept the existing judgment of the court as the law of the state, intending to demand statutory prohibition from the next legislature, and preliminary steps in the direction of adopting a new constitutional amendment Then comes the Davenport *Gazette*, insisting that the platform does not say what it means, and that its real meaning is that the amendment pronounced null and void by the supreme court is still a living reality in spite of that decision. Thus do the supporters of the ticket go into the fight wrangling among themselves as to what they will do if successful, while a [illegible] with the mess that has been made of the prohibition policy, and others are even still more disgusted with the loud demand for a revolutionary reconstruction of the supreme court. After showing their own contempt for the constitution and the authority of the courts, the prohibitionists will have a happy time enforcing an unpopular law, enacted and sustained by such mob-like processes.

LOUISE MICHEL.

The last sentence pronounced against LOUISE MICHEL is, in view of all the testimony in the case, but little less cruel than that under which JOAN of Arc perished. LOUISE is a monomaniac, made so by her own sufferings and by her sympathy with the sufferings of her pauper countrymen. Her brain is evidently scorched with the fanatic ardor of her convictions, and she may be too dangerous a person to be at liberty in such a city as Paris, but the whole history of her life proves her a sincere and self-sacrificing patriot and humanitarian whose ambition and insane dream it is to die a martyr to the cause of the people and the regeneration of France. To sentence such a woman to a long term of imprisonment at hard labor like a common felon, because she was conspicuous in a strike which became a riot, is not creditable to the humanity or justice of French law. Surely some less cruel and less degrading form of restraint would have better secured the state against any danger to be apprehended from her conduct or example. When questioned at her trial, she said:

> There were 50,000 workmen out of work, who assembled merely to confer quietly. I expected that they would have been swept away by the cannon, so I went to die with them. It would have been cowardly not to do so. I simply wished the cry for work of the suffering thousands to reëcho throughout Paris. The black flag is the flag of strikes and of famine. I waved it constantly. I did not stop before any baker's shop, and directed no pillage, but I would have done so if it would have procured bread permanently for the destitute.

When HENRI ROCHEFORT took the stand as a witness he said he could believe no accusation of pillage directed against LOUISE MICHEL. As her fellow-convict in New Caledonia in 1871, he narrated the sacrifices she made for her companions in misfortune. She begged him to desist, saying that she could listen to insults, but not to praises. ROCHEFORT, however, continued telling how she gave up her own rations to nourish others, went barefooted, made her quarters a hospital for the sick and wretched, and devoted her hours of rest to nursing them. The punishment of a common thief or murderer is now the doom of this woman, and, while humanity revolts at the cruelty of it, the moral effect of her martyrdom will only make her teachings and example more impressive to the rabble of Paris.

THERE is some talk of a compromise permitting Mr. RANDALL to take the speakership nomination unopposed, provided he will respect the wishes of a majority of the house democrats in constituting the ways and means committee. It is hardly worth while to discuss the morality of such bargains since it is an open secret that even worse ones enter into nearly every election of the speaker. When Mr. KERR was elected there was as wide a difference among democrats on the currency question as there is now in regard to the tariff question. Mr. KERR was not in harmony with the majority of his party, but it was understood that he would, and he certainly did, constitute the committee so as to represent the majority. It is in the power of the speaker to appoint committees that will stifle and suppress the will of the body over which he presides, and it is certainly proper to exact from the candidate beforehand an assurance that he will do the fair thing in that respect. A majority of the democratic members of the house are committed to tariff reform. They will falsify their pledges and stultify themselves if they assist in such an organization as will enable the speaker and a minority of democratic and republican protectionists to overrule a majority of the people's representatives.

COUNT TOLSTOI, the Russian minister of the interior, has bought the *Golos* newspaper for 400,000 roubles. The count will find that a little Paris green placed in the pastepot will make the cockroaches weary. Shears are best sharpened on the neck of a bottle. A base-ball bat is the handiest implement to regulate the exchange fiends with. Spring poetry can be obtained in job lots by applying to this office, if the Russian female intellect be found unequal to the grind. The count is a wise man. Perhaps he will not make a fortune out of the *Golos*, but he will have more than 400,000 roubles worth of fun going to matinees and base-ball matches with his coronet chalked, and writing city personals about his best girl.

A SON is born to Prince FREDERICK WILLIAM, eldest son of the Crown Prince FREDERICK WILLIAM, and now Queen VICTORIA has a grandson and a great-grandson, who are both in the direct line of succession to the thrones of Prussia and the German Empire. If the old lady's stock continues to multiply at the present rate it must soon cost more than all the standing armies. "No buttress frieze or coign of vantage in the royal palaces of Europe but it hath made its pendent bed and procreant cradle." And where it most breeds and haunts the taxes are appalling.

THE NEW YORK PRESS.

Current Editorial Comment of the Metropolitan Journals.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The World says: "Judge Hoadly has a great work on his hands, a great trust in his keeping. He is the standard-bearer of democracy in a battle on the result of which important interests depend. There is a revolution in Ohio, and all through the west against the insolent encroachments of a republican oligarchy. It must not be allowed to go backward. Judge Hoadly has been chosen as the captain to lead it [illegible] the way. His heart must be strong. He has drawn the sword. He must throw away the scabbard."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "With a republican senate and a republican administration to block the way, the house of representatives may be able only to carry out a part of the programme of retrenchment, as was the case under similar conditions in 1875. but the good work will be initiated next winter, and whatever part of it may be left unfinished will enter into the presidential campaign."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "If Mr. Randall is to be the speaker of the next house, as now seems probable, it will not be without a protest from a strong section of his party. His advocates in this neighborhood say that his election is the only thing that can save the party, and that to fail in electing him would be 'suicide.' But in the south, the ablest democrats say just the opposite. A good deal has been made of the open adhesion of Congressman-elect Dibble of South Carolina to Mr. Randall's cause, but this announcement has aroused a feeling of bitter condemnation in that state. Many of its journals say that the election of Randall would be fatal to the party."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "If properly considered, the interference of the state militia in the trouble between the miners and their employers at Ely, Vt., was really in the interest of the rioters themselves. Not only were they happily prevented from committing acts of violence and bloodshed, but their chances of getting their back pay were greatly improved. The ring-leaders, who are under arrest, will probably get off with light punishment, for there is much proper sympathy with the miners. But in spite of these facts, the action of Gov. Bristow was vigorously denounced yesterday by the delegates to the Central Labor union. Hanging is what they think the governor and militiamen deserve. If these men would only reflect a little, they would quickly see that if the state had not interfered it is entirely likely that hanging would have been the fate of some of the angry miners."

PERSONAL POINTS.

—Father Ryan, the "poet of the confederacy," claims to be the last of the unreconstructed rebels and that now there are no more.

—James Payn, who has published thirty-three novels and is about forty-five years old, complains that he is a slow writer.

—Horatio Seymour was a large contributor to the memorial tablets just put up on the Schuylerville battle-field, near Saratoga.

—Seven young Jewish rabbis will be consecrated at Cincinnati on Tuesday, the first class of rabbis ever educated wholly in this country, it is said.

—J. C. Hartshorn of Providence, R. I., is erecting at his own expense a $20,000 building at Richmond, Va., to be used as a school for colored girls.

—It was fortunate for Mr. Beirne, says a Boston punster, who has since died of softening of the brain, "that his antagonist was an Elamite and not a Hittite."

—George Fawcett Rowe is over sixty and has done pretty near five hundred plays, though his native modesty, or something else, keeps most of them strictly private,

—The New Orleans Picayune says that Mr. Nellie Grant Sartoris appears to be beating about the Bush too much when he talks of the scandal that has in some way attached itself to his name.

—Horatio Seymour says that if he were younger he would edit a newspaper. The Courier-Journal thinks Mr. Seymour would make a delinquent subscriber come on with the cord-wood if anybody could.

—The Washington correspondent of the Albany Journal says that Mary Cremer Ames and her new husband, Edward Hudson, look like a benignant old aunt and her nephew, the husband being many years the younger of the two.

—Justice Bradley, of the United States supreme court, who helped to figure out a majority for Hayes in 1876, claims that he has discovered the exact date of the crucifixion, and can demonstrate that it took place on the 7th of April A. D. 30.

—James R. Adams, who plays Pantaloon in his brother's "Humpty Dumpty" company, has joined a circus company for a summer season. The New Orleans Picayune says he finds that there is very little call for Pantaloons in the summer.

—Harry Hill says of Beecher: "He's all out of training; forty or fifty pounds too fat. He'll die of apoplexy, more than likely. There's too much blood in him by a gallon or so; lives too high and doesn't exercise enough; skin looks bad; color almost purple. Properly trained, he could live till ninety."

—General Basil W. Duke and others have issued an address calling for a full attendance of the survivors of General John H. Morgan's division of confederate cavalry at the reunion to be held in Lexington, Ky., on the 24th, 25th and 26th inst. An effort is to be made to prepare a complete record of the fate of each man in the ten regiments that were under Morgan's command.

—Of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, John Bright's colleague in parliament for Birmingham, and president of the board of trade in the Gladstone government, a Philadelphia Press correspondent writes: "He is quite young, looking to be not more than thirty-five. His face is almost beardless, but is not entirely destitute of adornment, for he has a sharp and quite prominent nose, something like that of William Pitt, and he has a solitary eye-glass stuck against it, a la the conventional English swell. His dress is so stylish and airy that in our own country he would pass for a fop rather than for a great statesman."

POLITICAL FOINTERS.

THEY say in Maine that Blaine is on the stillest kind of a still hunt this time.

IT is believed by the Courier-Journal that the fire-cracker men lobbied the declaration of independence through.

JUDGE FORAKER thinks that the prohibitionists of Ohio cannot run a successful summer campaign on an ice-water and oat-meal diet.

THE meanest man out, in the opinion of the New Orleans Picayune, is one who knows who will be the next president but will not tell.

IT is only in the minds of republican editors that "sagacious democrats who watch the drift of affairs in Ohio are getting very uneasy."

GENERAL A. D. STREIGHT, who came near receiving the republican nomination for governor of Indiana in 1880, is in the field again for next year.

THE Atlanta Constitution says: "The indications are that the democrats mean to take time by the forelock instead of the hind leg as heretofore."

EX-SENATOR THURMAN has a boy who says he is going to vote for Foraker, republican, for governor. The old senator still stands by Hoadly and the whole ticket notwithstanding his son has flown the track.

THE New York World thinks the rank and file of the democratic party have for some time past been in advance of the leaders. They ought to have been behind them, for some of the leaders have sadly needed kicking, says the Mobile Register.

THE Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution (Dem.) has made up its mind that the democratic party does not want a handsome leader—that what it wants is a man "with a head on him like the dome of an observatory—high up and big around."

UNDER no circumstances, whatever, would Charles Francis Adams, jr., accept the gubernatorial nomination in Massachusetts. "Nothing," says the Boston Journal, "could be more foreign to his taste or ambitions than an entrance into political life."

ABOUT WOMEN.

BOSTON women, it is predicted, will take kindly to Lady Habberton's "divided skirt."

A CHINESE bride wears a hat that is larger than an umbrella. The heathen ladies are gradually approaching the Gainsborough.

THE bully of Sioux City is a woman weighing 220 pounds, and she distinguished herself by assaulting and knocking down two men a few days ago.

SURPRISED eyebrows are among the new fashions. They are very becoming to a maiden when she suddenly hears that the ice-cream has given out.

IT takes but thirteen minutes to lead an elephant on a train, while it takes twenty for any sort of a woman to kiss her friends good-by and lose the check for her trunk.

HOLDING two bundles, also a fan and a parasol, while hunting for a nickel in a pocket-book that must be in the bottom of a bag, will keep a woman busy for some minutes in a street car.

"I DO not ask for a ballot though very life were at stake," writes Annie Louise Cary. A common flat-iron or a rolling-pin lays over the ballot by a large majority when life is at stake in a small family.

OF Miss Lizzie Frazier, who makes a full hand on her father's farm, the Nevada, Cal., Transcript says: "She is worth a ten-acre lot of lah-de-dah girls, and the young man who gets her for a wife will get something worth having."

MRS. FRANK LESLIE'S friends contradict the renewed story of her engagement to the Marquis de Leuville. Mrs. Leslie was in London, during June, in the height of the season. Lord Houghton gave a luncheon to her, and in various ways she met a great deal of the literary society of London.

MISS KATE VAUGHN, who ran away from London with Col. Wellesley, heir presumptive to the dukedom of Wellington, will bring a theatrical company to America. American men, and women too, are thought to be willing to pay almost any price for a sight of the beauty that can lead a nobleman astray.

MARY HEWENS BURNHAM FOX FISKE, of New York, writes thus sweetly of Gebhardt's Lily: "Mrs. Langtry is a most remarkable woman. On a fine complexion, a good head of hair, a gash of a mouth, large, wholesome teeth, a bust as flat as a Boston cracker, very ugly arms, abnormally big hands and feet, wickedly slender and nubby-kneed legs, a very shamble of a walk, a violently corseted waist, she has established a reputation for beauty almost divine."

Answers to Correspondents.

HENRY WARD—The Provident Savings institution receives small deposits such as you probably desire to make.

CHAS. WILSON—A loses the bet. Com. Vanderbilt's parents were Hollanders.

CONSTANT READER—There is no stated premium on old coins in general. Numismatists pay various prices for them according to their age and rarity.

JUSTITIA—Your communication was written on both sides of the paper, and hence could not be used. Try it again.

OUR MAIL POUCH.

About $300.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 8, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please decide a bet by stating what was the entire cost of Nugent's sign at the entrance of Forest park, and oblige, BICYCLE.

The Vice-President's Pay.

ST. LOUIS, July 7, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

To settle a dispute, will you please inform us through the columns of your valuable paper the amount the vice-president of the United States receives a year as salary? and much oblige

A SUBSCRIBER.

[$10,000 a year.—ED. P.-D.]

An Independent City.

TRENTON, ILL., July 7, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Is St. Louis in St. Louis county? Is it any part of St. Louis county? I understand St, Louis to be separate from the county; others disagree. Who is right? R. G.

[The city of St. Louis is independent of St. Louis county and is no part of it.—ED. P.-D.]

High License.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 8, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

To decide a bet, be so kind as to let me know what the future license will be, with and without liquors. Respectfully, SALOON-KEEPER.

[With liquors (whisky and brandy) $550 per year; without liquors (wine and beer) $130.—ED. P.-D.]

A Query for Reporters.

ST. LOUIS, July 8, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Why is it the reporters, in speaking of casualties, collisions, catastrophes, etc., generally wind up by saying there was so and so many dollars' worth of damage done? Would they not convey their idea better by saying so many dollars damage done? Worth has an opposite meaning from damage. OBSERVER.

The Metropolitan Life.

EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL., July 9, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Would you be so kind as to tell me if the Metropolitan life insurance company of New York, with branch office in the Westliche Post building, St. Louis, is genuine or a fraud. By answering in your next paper you will oblige many policy-holders. A. BRITTON.

[Reported by Insurance department, A 1, O. K. —ED. P.-D.]

Father Burke.

ST. LOUIS, July 8, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please let me know when it was that the Rev. Father Thos. Burke died in Ireland, and oblige A CONSTANT SUBSCRIBER.

[The Rev. Father Thos. Nicholas Burke was born in Galway, Ireland, in 1830. He visited the United States and Canada in 1871, and, after preaching and lecturing throughout the country two years, he returned to Ireland, and died in Dublin, on July 2, 1883.—ED. P.-D.]

Mechanical Drawing,

ST. LOUIS, July 6, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you please let me know in your next issue if there is any place in the city where mechanical drawing is taught in the evening and oblige MECHANIC?

[Mechanical drawing is a regular branch of instruction during the winter course of the night-school in the Polytechnic building on Seventh and Chestnut streets. The course is free. Mechanical drawing is also part of the course of night instruction at the Manual Training school (Washington university) during the winter session.—ED. P.-D.]

Not a Hoodlum Resort.

ST. LOUIS, July 8, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please inform, through your valuable paper, whether hoodlums and tramps are allowed in the city water-tower during night-time, and whether the place is locked up in the evening. By inserting you will confer a favor on a READER.

[The municipal assembly has, so far, failed to enact any laws according such a privilege to that class of citizens. The water-tower is always locked up. Admission can only be had by applying to the keeper.—ED. P.-D.]

In the Same Bath.

ST. LOUIS, July 9, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I am informed that during ladies' hour every day at the natatorium several men are present—employes of the institution—who mingle freely with the ladies. The latter are attired for the bath, and those who desire to acquire the art of swimming are costumed in a manner which necessarily exposes portions of their person. To any sensitive young lady the presence of these men is embarrassing, and is an indecency to which the patrons of the natatorium ought not to be subjected. The only excuse given for it is that the men are required to give instructions and render assistance in case of accident. There are females who are amply competent to give these instructions, and, as far as aid in case of danger is concerned, it could be rendered quite as readily if the men were kept within call in another apartment. I do not understand how this disgraceful intermingling of the sexes in such a place was ever permitted in the first instance, or why it has been continued. Can the gentlemen directors of the natatorium be aware of it? or do not their families patronize the swimming school?

AN INDIGNANT BROTHER.

Several Ways.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 9, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

You are giving such good counsel on things generally that I feel encouraged to ask what is to be done with a husband who is continually clashing with his wife, who is disagreeable at all times when sober, and unbearable when drunk? What is to be the remedy for a man who is a stickler about everything, contributes no domestic pleasure, is constantly fault-finding and selfish, and whose language is paralyzing to a well-bred woman?

[If you have done your whole duty in the premises, and cannot win him from his evil ways by wifely devotion, and biblically and figuratively speaking, by heaping coals of fire on his obdurate head, perhaps, a literal following of the injunction might be beneficial. Try heroic treatment, and if that fails there is no hope for the brute. In this case the divorce court offers ready and pleasant relief, especially if he has property; or if there is another better-tempered man handy. Should your environment offer neither of these remedies, and you do not feel like trusting yourself alone to a cold world, we can think of no means of relief except a gradual breaking of his spirit by a liberal use of broomstick and rolling-pin, or a permanent abode in the family burying lot, You might try poison on him.—ED. P.-D.]

The Sunday Law.

ST. LOUIS, July 9, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I see by the newspapers that a meeting of the board of police commissioners is to be held next Tuesday for the purpose of considering the Sunday law. Now, if the same is to be strictly enforced, what will be the effect? Section 1,578 of the Revised statutes of Mo., of 1879 reads: "Every person who shall either labor himself, or compel or permit his apprentice or servant, or any other person under his charge or control, to labor or perform work, other than the housework affairs of daily necessity, or other work of necessity or charity, or who shall be guilty of shooting game or shooting on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined not exceeding fifty dollars." Section 1581 prohibits the sale, or exposing for sale, of any goods, wares or merchandise, from which only (by section 1582) drugs, medicines, provisions or other articles of immediate necessity are excepted. A strict enforcement of these provisions of the law would prevent the running of steam or street railways, the printing, issue and sale of newspapers, the hiring out of carriages, the hair-dressing and shaving by barbers, the sale of cigars, soda water, etc., on Sunday, and even a person owning a carriage and having a coachman could not order him to harness up or permit him to drive out to church or for pleasure without violating this law. If the law is to be enforced, it should be enforced impartially and against all persons violating it; and measures will be taken to prevent a discrimination. L. G.

A Complaint.

ST. LOUIS, July 5, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

As your valuable journal is always ready to right wrongs, please make space for the following outrageous manner in which the Cairo Short line treated its patrons on the Fourth of July. They agreed to run an excursion train every hour. They did so in the morning, but they failed to keep their promise after compelling the excursionists to buy round trip tickets from St. Louis to Belleville to attend the grand annual picnic of Star division, No. 9, Uniformed rank of Knights of Pythias. It was well attended; the railroad company sent out four trains—five, six, eight and nine carloads of people. On the return the five o'clock train took some few back, the six, seven, eight and nine o'clock trains never came. A train of about four cars and a baggage car came at 7 p. m. The locomotive was sent in and left the cars on a side track until 9:45, when the regular train from Cairo took us to St. Louis. We were packed in the cars like sardines. The conductor and brakemen absented themselves for the space of three long weary hours, there was no one to keep the rowdies off the train and no protection for women and children, not even a glass of water to drink, Some ladies were so very weak and overheated that they fainted. I think, and so do a thousand more, that it was a direct outrage to treat us that way. The citizens of Belleville treated us well, and condemn the action of the company in acting that way. I was told by an employe that the reason we were left that way was simply to save one-fourth day's pay for the extra locomotive; the regular train men all had to double up to bring us to Belleville. We were told before we engaged the grounds that we would be treated the same way as the order of "Harugari." Many were left over night, to get home as best they could in the morning. We only ask what is right, for the sake of our wives, mothers, daughters and little children. We shall never travel on the Cairo Short line again. A KNIGHT.

[The Cairo Short Line people state that their contract with the Knights of Pythias was carried out to the letter; that it was not agreed to run trains hourly from Belleville to St. Louis after 5 p. m.; that only two special trains, one leaving at 5:30 p. m., the other at 6:30 p. m., were contracted for by the knights, and that these trains were run as per contract. The coaches referred to as having been taken to Belleville at 7 p. m. did not reach there until 8:30 p. m., and then were side-tracked and opened for the accommodation of the crowds. These coaches awaited the passing of the regular express at 9:45 p. m., and were brought to St. Louis by it. Mr. H. S. DePew, G. P. A. of the Cairo Short line, says he is perfectly satisfied that all picnics and excursions on his road were better accommodated on the Fourth than were those of any other road leading out of the city, and if any of the people who went to Belleville on that day were left over until the next it was purely their own fault in missing the train, as ample coach accommodations were afforded.—ED. P.-D.]

The "Dangerous Class."

From ex-Senator Pinckney White's Fourth of July Address.

It is of the last importance that the private interests of men should be separated from their public interests. Therefore it is essential that the government should eschew all alliances with those who have only private purposes to subserve. It should avoid the grant of special privileges whereby to aid in building up one class of citizens to the detriment of others. While we have no privileged classes under the law, yet there has grown up in the last quarter of a century a dangerous class—a class against which a true democracy should be warned.

Great corporations, artificial creatures growing enormously opulent under special privileges granted to them by legislation, nurtured in their infancy by state or municipal subscription, having for their real object the private good of their corporators—sometimes only the enrichment of their managers—have become controlling forces in government. Some of them to-day rule states and control with an iron hand the country through which their property lies for hundreds of miles. They enter into syndicates, pools and combinations which were never contemplated by the fathers of the constitution. This is a standing menace in the people's pathway. The men who fought and bled for our liberties, who left us the constitution as the charter of freedom, kept before their eyes this underlying principle of the American system of government: "Protection to the toiling many against the aggressions of the favored few." The democracy, if they would succeed as a people's party, must renew and sustain this fundamental principle of its organization.

Hot Weather Advice.

From the Boston Herald.

Now take the shady side of the street; go slow; eat lightly; skip alcoholic drinks; don't worry; hang on to your temper. It is not the weather that heats the blood half so much as the fuel, wet and dry, that a man puts into his stomach, or the exercise he gives his body and mind.

Gone Abroad.

From the New York World.

A correspondent writes to know what has become of Col. A. Curiosibhoy, the Parsee merchant of Bombay, who used to write interesting articles for The World on Brahmaism and free trade. He is gone back to India, we believe, and is keeping a clothing store in Calcutta.

It Might Have Been.

From the Boston Post.

We do not wish to advance any savage or even unfeeling philosophy, but we believe that if Editor Elam should die of his wounds and Editor Beirne should be hanged for inflicting them, society would be well rid of two fools and a much-needed moral lesson would be inculcated.

The Slugger's Monopoly.

From the Boston Post.

"No," said the rumseller, "there's no use of my staying in the business! All the prize-fighters have opened saloons, and folks would rather pay twenty cents for a poor drink served by a tough than fifteen cents for a good one mixed by a quiet man."

Chinese Cheap Labor.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

The editor of the New York Chinese paper says: "There are 200 Chinamen in New York who would cut a man's throat for $15." It looks as if every branch of American industry has been invaded by our cheap oriental brethren.

Revenge.

From the Courier-Journal.

England is beginning to learn how sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have an Oscar Wilde and send him to the United States. Col. Tom Ochiltree is over there taking sweet revenge for this entire country.

Honorable Mention.

From the Springfield Republican.

Williams College is entitled to honorable mention for her conspicuous new departure in the matter of degrees. She confers no D. D.'s and LL. D.'s this year.

Pensions.

From the New Orleans Picayune.

Kansas is full of threshing machines. Hundreds of one-armed men will soon be coming up from there claiming pensions from the government.

THE LOUNGER.

I MET Dr. Laws in the corridor of the Southern yesterday. He has had the fortune or misfortune as president of the state university, to become very prominent on account of several of his recent utterances. He is a man who would be likely to be prominent in almost any position in which he should be placed, possessing, as he does, a strong character and an aggressive temperament.

* * *

HIS personal appearance is somewhat indicative of his characteristics, as he is rather Napoleonic in build—short, thick and fleshy. He has a bushy head of hair, coming low on his forehead, and pugged, but intelligent features, set off by a stubby beard; a sort of a fighting build, although, in reality, however tenacious of opinion the doctor may be, he is always good tempered in the assertion of his doctrines.

* * *

HE is a Virginian by birth, his father being a native of Delaware originally, and a near neighbor of Governor Polk's father. By the way, Governor Polk's name was Trusten Laws Polk, but when he was baptized the officiating ministers failed to catch the middle name and dubbed him Trusten only. Dr. Laws said he heard the explanation of the dropping of the middle name by accident through a relative of the governor's, and tells of the time in his younger days when, for mischief, he would address papers and pamphlets to the governor, writing his full name on the envelope, just to remind him of his middle name.

* * *

DR. LAWS' career has been a varied one. "In 1840," said he, "I landed on the levee in St. Louis from the Ohio river steamer Monsoon. I was then about sixteen years of age, and I went to work at once. I had learned the tool-making trade and I served in the hardware establishment of Donaldson & Hall. A short time after I came here I determined to study for the ministry, and I remember very well that I mastered Andrews' and Stoddard's Latin grammar in my business hours, reciting to a teacher on Fourth street." The doctor preached in this state and was at one time president of Westminster college, but in 1864, although committing no overt act against the government, he refused to take the partisan oath required at that time and left the state, residing in New York and figuring prominently in business circles there until called to the presidency of the state university in 1876. Dr. Laws is an author and pamphleteer of marked ability, and has added several valuable contributions to the subjects of ecclesiastical law and philosophy.

* * *

ONE remarkable incident connected with his residence in New York is worth recording. Not long after going there he was elected president of the gold board and ruled that pandemonium in a masterly manner during the exciting times following the war, when money values were as uncertain as a woman's fancies. It was also during his residence there that he invented an improved method of telegraphic communication, the royalty on which yields him a handsome income.

* * *

MAYOR EWING's contemplated step into the yoke of matrimony furnishes an interesting topic for speculation and harmless newspaper gossip. That our bachelor mayor should change his condition and take a mayoress, seems a fit subject for the poetaster, so here goes:

O, thou, within whose big right hand
  The destinies of a city lie!
O, mayor of the Future Great,
  Proud slicer of municipal pie!

Cannot the heavy cares of state,
  The tricks of politicians sly,
The saving of a threatened slate,
  Thy whole attention occupy?

Is't not enough to rule a town,
  To hear words full of flatt'ry's leaven,
To counter legislative fools,
  And sit upon a solid seven.

Must thy bold spirit, that has borne
  Lone-cussedness without repine,
Laid low by Cupid's fiery dart,
  At last succumb to Crinoline?

Are not our women fair enough?
  Come, tell me this, O brave Bill Ewing:
That thou shouldst go to Hoosierdom
  To find a mate and do thy wooing?

* * *

HOT weather and eating don't agree very well together, so a well-known Fifth street restaurateur declares. "Our checks get lighter as the weather gets hotter," he said. "People stop eating meat to a great extent in extremely warm weather and take more vegetables, fruits and light nick-nacks, but we have a great many more customers in summer than in winter, and our profits are almost double in the same amount of checks. There is less profit in a meat dish than any other kind. The number of customers in July and August is fully twice as large as in February and March; February is the smallest month for our business, as well as the shortest month. There are several reasons for this; one is that the families of many men are absent in the summer, and another that more people are on the streets."

* * *

I DROPPED into the Merchantile library reading-room the other day, that quiet retreat, sacred to book worms and paper devourers, where the sound of a footfall seems almost a sacrilege, and I had not been there long before I heard a pronounced giggle in one corner. The giggle proceeded from a very short young lady who was the companion of a very tall, long-coated young man, both evidently from the interior. This highly-contrasted couple had catalogues in their hands, and the young man, who had a decidedly pedagogic appearance, seemed to be explaining the historic significance and beauties of the works of art on walls and in niches. The couple kept up the suppressed talking and laughing until they had finished the investigation of the room, and I suppose the officers hadn't the heart to dispel the dream of happiness by an unpleasant allusion to the rules.

ADVERTISE for servants in the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs nothing.

SECURE your help through the help want columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs nothing.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns in the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest for making known your wants. Try it.

A QUEER EXHIBIT.

How Lawyers Do Business as Assignees.

Remarkable Neglect to Comply with the Provisions of the Law—Reports Frequently Not Filed for Years—The Careless Way in which Estates are Handled Under the Authority of the Court—A List Worth Reading.

For several days past a POST-DISPATCH reporter has been interesting himself in the examination of the assignment papers of the five circuit court rooms of St. Louis. The results are given below. Many of these papers resemble in their exterior the dusty papyrus of the catacombs, and are as innocent of system and order as an unborn babe of a trade dollar. No special register is kept of the filed reports, and the only way of getting at them is by a slow and laborious count. The fact that the assignee takes upon himself the cool responsibility of not filing his term reports in no way relieves him of the claim which a public trust enjoins upon him. To say that it is the creditors' business to see that the assignee files his term reports, is the thinnest moonshine that ever tried to fabricate itself into a funny falsehood.

THE PLAIN, UNVARNISHED TEACHING of these assignment records to the reporter was, that after the assignee had filed his inventory—in many cases—he snapped his fingers very carelessly at the future interests of the assignor.

Though the law directs the assignee to immediately apply for a discharge upon becoming satisfied that it is no longer advantageous to the creditors of his assignor to keep the assignment open, these assignment papers often show that the assignee allows the estate to drift along in a loose, slipshod way for years without the slightest attempt being made towards a settlement or even the filing of a report. Should the creditors of the assignor push the assignee for an early settlement, the assignee feeds them on the taffy-tolu promises of an early report, and a pitifully partial statement of the true condition of the estate; then drops them a letter mentioning that the demands against the estate have been somewhat complicated, and tops this off with a pun or an unusually bright legal metaphor. The fact that the assignee is a lawyer, sometimes a judge, affords pleasant latitude for this conspicuous exhibition of picturesque and unadorned judicial shrewdness, and even when the estates are virtually closed these old assignment documents afford ample facility for the unique study of the assignee's business promptitude and his eloquent obedience of statutory law.

THE CONSPICUOUS FAILURE of the assignee to comply with the requirements of the law in the filing of these term reports is perhaps nowhere more strikingly illustrated than in the assignment of Papin Tracy Bros. to W. H. Clopton, which was first filed as far back as December 29, 1876:

No report was filed in 1877!
No report was filed in 1878!
No report was filed in 1879!
No report was filed in 1880!
No report was filed in 1881!
No report was filed in 1882!
No report was filed in 1883!

It will be seen that Mr. Clopton has failed to file reports for nearly seven years! The present condition of the estate can be seen in the facts that since leave was given Mr. Clopton to sell all uncollected assets at private sale, September 24, 1877, no report has been filed from that day to this.

That the readers of the POST-DISPATCH may fully understand the law on the filing of reports, the following section of the revised statutes is inserted:

THE LAW.

Every assignee shall exhibit on oath a statement of the accounts of the trust, with proper vouchers, to the circuit court at its first regular term after the execution of the assignment, unless for good cause postponed, and shall file a like statement *at each regular term of said court* thereafter, until such assigned estate is fully settled; and if such assignee shall fail to make such settlement within the first three days of the term of such circuit court, then, on the application of any person interested, the court shall order a citation to issue to such assignee, requiring him to appear in court within a time therein named, and exhibit, on oath, a statement of his said accounts; and if said assignee shall neglect and fail to exhibit such accounts within the time named in said citation, then said court shall on motion, unless for good cause shown, dismiss said assignee from his trust. (Revised statutes 1879, 56 chap. 5, sec. 369.

THE REGULAR TERMS, as the reader is already aware, are February, April, June, October, December. The reader will now run his mathematical eye over the following facts and find out the number of times the assignee has complied with the law.

IN THE FIRST CIRCUIT COURT there are nineteen bundles of assignment papers which tell the following story:

In the matter of the assignment of Victor Wm. Reitz to B. H. Engelke, filed April 28, 1880, the assignee failed to report in 1880 at the December term. In 1882 no reports were filed. In 1883 all filed to June.

In the assignment of Keisker Bros. to Christ Bernet, filed July, 1882. In 1882 the assignee failed to report twice. In 1883 no report.

In the assignment of Blackman, Vogel & Co., to George Blackman, filed May 1882, the assignee failed to report in 1882 twice. No June report for 1883 filed.

In the assignment of Paul Coper to Moses L. Wieder, made December 22, 1882, the assignee failed to report at the April and June terms of 1883.

In the assignment of Tervy, Codson & Co., made January, 1883, to Horatio D. Wood, the assignee has failed to report at the June term.

In the assignment of Gore Kelsoe to Richard Bossewetter, made in April, 1883, the assignee has failed to report at the June term.

In the assignment of the National Manufacturing Co. to Charles K. Ramsey, made in January, 1883, the assignee has failed to report at the June term.

In the assignment of Jacob D. Groves to James Hefferman, filed March, 1882, the assignee failed to report in 1882 four times. In 1883 no report has been made.

In the assignment of Ottoman W. Heyer to Hugo Muench, filed December 1st, 1881, the assignee failed to report in October and December, 1882, and in 1883 no report.

In the assignment of the Southeast Missouri Lumber company to C. E. Walbridge, filed September 15, 1881, the assignee failed to report five times in 1882. In 1883 no report.

In the assignment of Wardwell Manufacturing company to Jos. W. Boeppler, filed December, 1878, the assignee failed to report in 1880 twice. No report since been filed up to June 6, 1883. No reports were filed in 1881.

In the assignment of Joseph Uhrig Brewing company to Lucien Eaton, filed January 3, 1880, the assignee failed to report twice in 1880, three times in 1881, and four times in 1882. No reports filed for 1883.

In the assignment of Anna M. Woerheid to Geo. H. Bruggerman, filed in August, 1881, the assignee failed to report in 1881 twice. In 1882 failed to report four times. In 1883 no report filed. In this case the assignee filed his petition for discharge, which is still pending.

In the assignment of G. A. Stein to Edward L. Gottschalk, filed in July, 1880, the assignee failed to report four times in 1881, once in 1882. No reports for this year have been filed.

In the assignment of the Farmer's and Trader's Savings bank to Charles L. Kraft, filed February, 1876. In 1880 the assignee filed no term reports; in 1881 no term reports filed; in 1882 no term reports filed; in 1883 no term reports filed. In this assignment the assignee has made annual settlements.

In the assignment of Frederick W. Springmeyer to Adolph Humzinger, filed May 25, 1876, the assignee made no annual settlement in 1876; none in 1877; none in 1878; none in 1879; none in 1880; none in 1881; none in 1882; none in 1883.

In the assignment of Adolph Bernstein to A. Gershon, filed September 8, 1876, the assignee made no settlement in 1876; none in 1877; made one report in 1878; none in 1879; none in 1880; none in 1881; none in 1882; none in 1883.

In the assignment of Papin Tracy Bros. to W. H. Clopton, filed December 29, 1876, no report was filed in 1877; none in 1878; none in 1879; none in 1880; none in 1882; none in 1883.

In the assignment of Jacob H. Pachen to Conrad Grenzebach, made January 3, 1878, the assignee filed no report in 1878; none in 1879; none in 1880; none in 1881; none in 1882; none in 1883.

CIRCUIT COURT NO. 2.

"These things have not been opened for a year or more," remarked the clerk to a reporter, as he proceeded to examine the musty documents, and knocked clouds upon clouds of thick entabulated dust from their brown-looking sides up to the dim roof of the second court-room.

In the assignment of S. H. Hood & Co. to Henry B. Davis, filed probaly about the beginning of January, 1879, the assignee filed his first report February 3, 1880; no report in 1881; no report in 1882; no report in 1883.

In the assignment of Melchior Falkenhainer to Charles Crouenbold, filed in January, 1879, the assignee filed his first report January 29, 1879; no report in 1880; no report in 1881; no report in 1882; no report in 1883.

In the assignment of William R. Hodges to Lorenzo Richmond, filed in April, 1878. No report filed in 1878; none in 1879; none in 1880; none in 1881; none in 1882; none in 1883.

In the assignment of the Flaven Printing company to William E. Jones, filed in June, 1879, no report was filed in 1879; none in 1880; none in 1881; none in 1882; none in 1883.

In the assignment of Robert Jacob to Hugo Muench, filed January 5, 1880. No report filed for 1881; none for 1882; none for 1883.

In the assignment of Henry Oberhellman to W. H. H. Russell, made 18th of January, 1881, no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Samuel J. Signor to Thos. W. Cavanaugh, made January 6, 1881. In this case no report whatever has been filed; none in 1881; none in 1882; none in 1883. The papers in this case are so higgledy-piggledied, flummixed and disorganized that it would take a resurrected Solon to readjust them.

In the assignment of H. C. White, made September 12, 1881, to S. G. J. McIntyre, only one report filed in 1882; none in 1883.

In the assignment of the Missouri Cotton Seed Oil company to Calvin Haskell, made January 24, 1881; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Hugh H. Lokrunle to Nathan Frank, filed in December, 1881; no report filed for 1882; no report filed for 1883.

In the assignment of Ronald McDonald to C. E. Bradley, made October 28, 1881; one report in 1882; one report in 1883.

In the assignment of Michael Spiro to Moses L. Weidner, made April 28, 1882; no report for December, 1882.

In the assignment of F. C. Rohde to George Jones, filed June 13, 1882; no report for 1883.

CIRCUIT COURT NO. 3.

In the assignment of Murdock asd Dickson to J. Priest, filed December 1, 1873, the assignee filed one report December 4, 1880. No report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Adalbert Rychliske to Othell O. H. Weidner made October 5, 1877. No report for 1877; no report for 1878; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Adolph Gluch to Charles Bruenstock, February 1, 1878. No report for 1878; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Mary Singer to John T. O'Rourke, made February 28, 1878. No report for 1878; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of M. S. Lester & Co. to J. Philip Kraiger, jr., made May 7, 1878. No report for 1878; none for 1879; none for 1880; none for 1881; none for 1882; none for 1883.

In the assignment of the Manufacturers' Union company to F. B. York, filed April 25, 1877. No report for 1877; none for 1878; none for 1879; none for 1880; none for 1881; none for 1882; none for 1883.

In the assignment of F. H. Sutkewitte to C. A. Schnake, filed September 24, 1877, one report filed October, 1878; no report filed for 1879; none for 1880; none for 1881; none for 1882; none for 1883.

In the assignment of Joseph Wheeler to J. A. Robertson, the condition of the papers were in such a demoralized condition that the reporter could make nothing of them.

In the assignment of Herr & Green to Gerhard H. Barth, filed March 12, 1877, no report for 1877; none for 1878; none for 1879; none for 1880; none for 1881; none for 1882; none for 1883.

In the assignment of J. J. Murdock to John G. Priest, filed in October, 1873, no report for 1873; none for 1874; none for 1875; none for 1876; none for 1877; none for 1878; none for 1879; none for 1880; none for 1881; none for 1882; none for 1883.

In the assignment of the English Pickle company to Thomas S. Hayes, filed June 18, 1875, no report for 1875; no report for 1876; no report for 1877; no report for 1878; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of R. G. Liles and Ebenezer G. Liles to S. B. Jones, filed in July, 1876, one report filed October 2, 1877; no report in 1878; no report in 1879; no report in 1880; no report in 1881; no report in 1882; no report in 1883.

In the assignment of E. R. Baker & Co. to Charles E. Bradley, filed March 14, 1882, the papers were so complicated the reporter did not have time to unravel them.

In the assignment of Bohle, Young & Co. to Benjamin R. Davenport, filed June 16, 1882, no term reports filed for 1833.

In the assignment of Charles F. Blanke to Henry Mier, filed May 26, 1880, one report filed January 2, 1881; no reports for remainder of the year; none for 1882; none for 1883.

In the assignment of Austin J. Ward to N. O. Gray, filed December 22, 1880, no reports for 1881; none for 1882; none for 1883.

CIRCUIT COURT NO. 4.

In the assignment of Sterling Price & Co., to George J. Davis, filed April 9, 1880, the last report was filed December 19, 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Julius Opalyer, made June 22, 1878, to B. Hysinger; no report in 1878; no report in 1879; no report in 1880; no report in 1881; no report in 1882; no report in 1883.

In the assignment of the St. George Furniture company, made in March, 1878, the last report was filed February 7, 1880; no report in 1881; no report in 1882; no report in 1883.

In the assignment of George H. Laker, made October 17, 1878, to William C. Marshall, the last term report was filed March 3, 1882; no report filed for 1883.

In the assignment of the Locker Tobacco company to George J. Chapman, filed October 19, 1878. The last report was filed December, 1882; no report filed for 1883.

In the assignment of Alexander B. Walsh to Charles C. Allen, made November, 1879. The last report was filed in October, 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Tevieshaus & Co. to Henry Meir, made February 12, 1880. The report of a temporary assignee was filed May 3, 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Mrs. Horace Stone to George Blackman, filed February 13, 1883, no term reports filed for April or June.

In the assignment of James D. Faulkner to Seely C. Burns, made January 18, 1882, the last report was filed April 5, 1883. No report for June.

In the assignment of the Buddenburg Furniture company to Henry Meier, made in May, 1882, the last report was filed January 10, 1883. No report for February; no report for April; no report for June.

In the assignment of Abraham Spiro to Falk Levy, made November 18, 1882, the last report was filed March 5, 1883. No report for April; no report for June.

In the assignment of the Peckham Iron company to J. C. Porter, filed in July, 1882, the last report was filed June, 1883.

CIRCUIT COURT NO. 5.

In the assignment of Delia Judah to Marcellus Brown, made the early part of January, 1883. No reports filed save on bids of sale.

In the assignment of the Star Brush Manufacturing company to George G. Gibson, made in April, 1883. No term report yet filed.

In the assignment of Frederick to Theodore Rassien, made in January, 1880. No term report save a report of sale. The minutes were so compicated the reporter could gather nothing further.

In the assignment of W. R. Codling to Silas B. Brown, filed June 13, 1877. No report for 1878; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of J. A. Curran to Joseph Frank, filed June 22, 1878. No report filed for 1879; no report filed for 1880; no report filed for 1881; no report filed for 1882; no report filed for 1883.

In the assignment of Eugene Haas to Edward Cunningham, filed April 6, 1877. No report for 1878; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Joseph Zengel and J. S. Caspari to Robert Mueller, September 30, 1874, the synoptical statements and minutes having been previously torn off, the reporter could gather nothing definite.

In the assignment of Moses C. Bignall to John J. Ostrander, made about April 27, 1878, reports were filed May, 1879, June, 1879, November, 1879. No report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Bateson, Bowling & Company to A. N. Craig, made February 25, 1881. No report on October term, 1882; no report on December term, 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Miller Bros. to Wm. N. Tivy, made in June, 1882; no report for February, 1883; no report for April, 1883; no report for June, 1883.

In the assignment of Frederick Kerkert to John Prack, made in December, 1882; no report for February, 1883; no report for April, 1883; no report for June, 1883.

In the assignment of Simon Meyers to Louis Lyon, made November 30, 1878; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

In the assignment of Eagan & Bro. to Wm. Dooley, January 29, 1879; no report for 1879; no report for 1880; no report for 1881; no report for 1882; no report for 1883.

The above facts clearly show that whilst the court empowers the assignee to administer oaths, examine witnesses, and grants his decision as final—unless an appeal is asked for—it evidently takes but little interest in urging the duty of the assignee towards the assignor, and practically takes no interest whatever in protecting the assignor's property.

THE BOND.

How this also affects the bond of the assignee is worthy also of more than a passing notice. The condition of the assignee's bond is here given from sec. 363 of the revised Missouri statutes: "The conditions of this obligation are such that if the above bound —— assignee of —— shall in all things discharge his duties as assignee of —— aforesaid, and faithfully execute the trust confided to him, then the above obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force." (Gen S. 453, s. 10,) Of course a few of these assignees have very good reasons for not reporting, but others have not. Surely they cannot urge as an extenuation for such a culpable neglect, that there is no remuneration in the work, for even in the smaller assignments, the assignee usually gets from two to three hundred dollars, whilst in matters like the People's Saving institution, the assignee received on an average of $2,000 a year, for some five years. The assignee of the State Saving institution received something in the neighborhood of $6,000. Of course some of the above estates are now closed, and the assignee discharged, but as they still afford an interesting study, showing the carelessness of the assignee to report before the final settlement of the estate, they are inserted with the rest.

PROBATE.

As a glance at the current probate docket may assist in substantiating the public opinion as to the culpable lack of business promptitude on the part of hundreds of the administrators, curators, executors and assignees of St. Louis, the following list of defaulters are inserted.

IN DEFAULT.

The following cases are cases in which citations and attachments were issued to make settlements at the June term, and are at this date in default:

James C. Bolander admr. Amos Bolander; Ernestine Loewenstein admx. Leopold Loewenstein; Manetta Hilton admx. Robt. J. Mann; Isaac N. Byrnes admr. Philip S. Byrnes; Philip Saal admr. Mathilde Bruemelle; Philip Saal admr. Adeline Bruemelle; August Pepmoeller admr. Herman Bendick; Thomas Vojta admr. Johanna Pelikan; Christian Staehlin admr. August Staehlin; Christian Staehlin admr. Alfred Staehlin; Mina Fink admx. William Fink; Henry G. Paschall admr. Nathaniel P. Card; Henry G. Paschall admr. Eliza A. Card; Henry G. Paschall admr. Walter B. Card; Benjamin L. Hickman admr. Benjamin F. Hickman; William H. Dell admr. William J. Dell; Christiana Lawmeier admr. H. H. Lawmeier; Albert Ledermann admr. Clara Krug; Charles C. Fulla admr. Mary Molson; Charles C. Fulla admr. Henry Molson; Charles C. Fulla admr. John Molson; John C. Fulla admr. Matilda Molson; Charles C. Fulla admr. Nellie C. Molson; Albert J. Conant admr. Helen B. Conant; William B. Morris admr. Robert N. Martin; William Walsh admr. Owen P. Meany; Newton Crane admr. Therese Sawyer.

To state that upwards of three-fourths of the assignment documents in each of the five courts are actually in such a shape as to afford no clew to the present drift of the estate, is a fact verified by the reporter's careful investigation. Of course, in many of these cases, there is nothing to report at the expiration of the legal term, but the minutes should at least show the reasons of the assignee's failure to comply with the law, inasmuch as the law so emphatically states that a term report shall be filed.

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ANOTHER SCANDAL.

Mazie Courtland, "the Witch of Wall Street's" Daughter, in Trouble.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Another scandal agitates Milwaukee and Chicago. Some time ago Miss Mazie Courtland, daughter of Grace Courtland of New York, known as "the witch of Wall street," became infatuated with a young Milwaukian named Will Jones, traveling for a Milwaukee house. The girl's father, who lives apart from his wife, Grace Courtland, at Milwaukee, heard of the acquaintance and engaged detectives to watch. He discovered, he says, Miss Mazie and Jones at a hotel under assumed names. The proprietor drove them out, Jones trying to escape from a window. He discovered, also, that Jones recently married another girl, and that he is trying to get a divorce from his wife so as to wed Mazie. The latter returned to Chicago, where her mother is living, and legal proceedings will be commenced against Jones. "The witch of Wall street" is furious.

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FRATERNITY FACTS.

De Soto lodge, No. 90, I. O. O. F., meet this evening.

Traveler's Rest lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., meet to-night with work.

Paragon lodge, No. 58, Knights of Pythias, install officers to-night.

Humboldt chapter, No. 3, A. O. Druids, confers the higher orders to-night.

Carondelet lodge, No. 114, I. O. O. F., will have work in the degrees to-night.

Jefferson lodge, No. 14, A. O. U. W., will have work on the degrees this evening.

Mercantile council, No. 771, Royal Arcanum, meets this evening with initiations.

Orient Francais lodge, No. 167, A. F. & A. M., meet this evening at the Elks' hall.

Benton lodge, No. 7, Good Fellows, will meet this evening and a good time is expected.

North Star lodge, No. 393, Knights and Ladies of Honor, have work in the degrees to-night.

North Star lodge, No. 905, Good Templars, will discourse on faith, hope and charity this evening.

Missouri encampment, No. 59, I. O. O. F., give the ever beautiful royal purple degree to-night.

Golden Crown lodge, No. 531, Knights and Ladies of Honor, meets this evening with degree work.

Summit lodge, No. 227, I. O. O. F., have an initiation this evening, and their work is always enjoyable.

Missouri council, No. 1003, American Legion of Honor, has some important matters under consideration to-night.

Cosmos lodge, No. 282, A. F. & A. M., meet this evening, Simon Suss, W. M.; the work is the master mason's degree.

The funeral of Past Grand William McClellan, of Hannibal, was largely attended by the odd fellows yesterday afternoon.

Occidental lodge, No. 163, A. F. & A. M., meet this evening with work on the Fellow Craft degree—Bosbyshell in the east.

For real, genuine and side-rifting fun, try Modoc Tribe, No. 9, Improved Order of Red Men, to-night, near the "Wild Hunter."

If you know what U. B. F. means, go to St. Louis grove, No. 8, A. O. Druids, to-night, where some fine floor work will be performed.

Lafayette lodge, No. 415, Knights of Honor, meets to-night; so does Benton lodge, No. 1822; and at Wayne lodge, No. 2874, you will see some fine initiatory work.

Missouri chapter, No. 1, Royal Arch Masons meet to-night, and work on the past and most excellent master's degrees—Joseph Mountain on the throne and William H. Mayo at the quill.

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WAR FOR ROCKS.

The Fight of the City on the Quarry Contractors.

The Latter Fined for Contempt—Quarrying from a Public Street—The Court Proceedings.

The war between the city and three quarrying firms, Caspar Stolle, Heman Bros. and Skrainka & Vieths, is attracting much attention. Briefly put, the situation is this: The firms in question have been quarrying rock upon the property of the city. In Stolle's case it is an alley that is being cut away, and in the case of the other two it is Commercial street, between Brooklyn and Lebaume streets. At present Skrainka & Vieths' quarry is under twenty feet of water, and work has been suspended. Last week Caspar Stolle was enjoined by Judge Lubke from taking more stone out of the alley between Main and Second and Brooklyn and Lebaume streets. Notwithstanding this, he continued work in defiance of the order, and was, on Friday, arrested for contempt of court and fined. On Saturday

AN INJUNCTION WAS GRANTED against Heman Bros., and all the employes, including the foreman, were personally served by a deputy sheriff. This morning, despite the notice, a gang of seven men were engaged in removing rock from Commercial street. M. L. Bates, the quarryman at Madison and Main streets, at once informed City Counselor Bell of the fact, which was also witnessed by a POST-DISPATCH reporter who accompanied Mr. Bates on the trip. The counsellor requested Mr. Bates to make an affidavit to the fact, which was done at once, and expressing his indignation at the manner in which the city authority was being set at defiance, Mr. Bell at once started for the Court-house, and in a few minutes attachments for contempt were issued and placed in the hands of the sheriff. When Casper Stolle's quarry was visited men were at work upon both sides of the alley, which towers in the air like a wall between two pits.

"The case is just this," said Mr. Bates in explanation to a reporter, "we who own our quarries have to pay for our rock. These men who are quarrying in the public streets, get theirs for nothing, and it is small wonder that we cannot go before the board of public improvements and bid against them successfully."

"Is that the reason why so many bids of certain contractors are rejected as excessive?"

"That is an entirely different matter, and I don't want to talk about it, just now. Let us get through with these quarrymen that are taking the city's own stone off of city property and then selling it to the city."

"How long has this thing been going on?"

"Ever since 1878. One or two attempts were made in the assembly to stop it, but the party who undertook it was always choked off. Councilman Stone is a man of nerve, and cannot be scared off, and if the city ever gets paid for the stone of which it has been plundered, the credit will be due to him. On May 31, Mr. Stone offered a resolution, instructing the president of the board of public improvements to ascertain how much stone had been removed by Stolle, Heman Bros., and Skrainka & Vieths, the estimated value thereof and the amount of rock remaining that may be quarried. On June 19

MR. FLAD INFORMED THE COURT as follows on the subject:

"1. No permit or authority was ever granted to any of the parties named in the resolution for quarrying rock on the public property mentioned therein, and no compensation was paid for rock taken out.

"2. The quantity of rock quarried from the alley in block 238, adjoining Caspar Stolle's quarry, amounts to 417 cubic yards.

3. Nine thousand six hundred and forty-two cubic yards have been quarried from Commercial street, immediately west of the quarry worked by Skrainka & Veiths, and 637 cubic yards have been removed from Commercial street, adjoining the quarry worked by Heman Bros. What quantities might still be quarried and removed from said street and alley I am unable to determine accurately, but I roughly estimate that from Commercial street, adjoining the quarry of Skrainka & Veiths, 2,500 cubic yards may still be quarried, about 10,000 cubic yards from the same street adjoining the quarry of Heman Bros. and about 2,000 cubic yards from the alley adjoining Caspar Stolle's quarry.

"The value of the stone taken from the public property in question I estimate to be about twenty-five cents per cubic yard."

This matter was referred by the council to the mayor, who intstructed the city counsellor to invoke the aid of the courts in protecting the city property. Mr. Bell first notified Caspar Stolle to quit quarrying in the alley. Stolle refused. Mr. Bell then went before Judge Lubke and secured an injunction which was served June 29 by a deputy sheriff, Mr. Bell accompanying him. The party had hardly left the quarry when the men resumed work on the forbidden ground. The proceedings in contempt were then commenced. In the meanwhile two of the trespassing firms played nicely into the hands of the city.

SKRAINKA & VEITHS had already taken nearly 10,000 yards of stone out of Commercial street, when the Hemans, whose quarries adjoin theirs, also commenced to take stone out of the street. Skrainka & Veiths thereupon commenced an ejectment and damage suit against the Hemans, who, in defending the suit, set up the claim that the property which it was sought to make them vacate is a public street. This fact was established and the suit dismissed. The city counsellor had the quarrymen just where he wanted them, and the next day entered suits against the three firms for ejectment, for payment for the amount of stone removed, and for $5,000 damages in each instance. And that is the way the matter stands. The stone carried away is valued at over $2,600. The quarrymen will bitterly contest the suits against them, and in the meantime show very little disposition to obey the orders of the court. The mayor is much worked up over the matter and has instructed Mr. Bell to vigorously push the prosecution.

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A HORSE EPIDEMIC.

Excitement Around Rinkelville Over an Equine Disease.

Considerable excitement prevails among the farmers and stock owners in the neighborhood of Rinkelville, and along the St. Charles rock road caused by the outbreak of a contagious disease among the horses of the vicinity. The disease appears in inflammation of the mucous membranes of the throat and nose with swelling of the glands. Many deaths have resulted and many believe that it is glanders. At Rinkel's the opinion seems to prevail that the disease is pinkeye, and the charge is freely made that it was introduced through the agency of a lot of sick horses sent out to a neighboring pasture by a firm of well-known horse dealers.

One of the firm was interviewed on the subject, and was singularly uncommunicative. At first he was profoundly ignorant of any sickness, but after awhile he remembered that some sick horses had been sent out to pasture for the benefit of their health. He believed that they were suffering with colds, but admitted that if they had glanders that he would not acknowledge it. He said he had lost over thirty head at the stable inside of a month from influenza, and the swelling of the hock was caused by standing in the stable. The introduction of glanders is a serious matter, and if these horses are affected with it they should be immediately killed, as the disease is liable to be communicated to man, and in such cases death usually results. Out of 245 attacks 208 are recorded as having terminated fatally.

A Notable Historical Picture.

The literary taste and enterprise of one of our successful and princely manufacturers, Mr. Walter Alden, of Alden & Brother, has called into existence a most beautiful picture, that not only tells the ever fresh "old, old story" of youthful love in a most bewitching and artful combination of line and color, but is also a valuable addition to the few really meritorious historical paintings delineating the home life of the Pilgrim Fathers.

The painting is an aquarelle or water color by J. Jaques Lewis, 24x30 inches, and valued at over $2,000. It was seen by a POST-DISPATCH representative to-day, who was at once enraptured with its beauties. It is entitled "John Alden and Priscilla," the theme being suggested by the following lines from the "Courtship of Miles Standish," by Longfellow:

"So as she sat at her wheel one afternoon in the autumn,
Alden, who opposite sat, and was watching her dexterous fingers,
As if the thread she were spinning were that of his life and his fortune,
After a pause in their talk, thus spake to the sound of the spindle:
"Truly, Priscilla," he said, "when I see you spinning and spinning,
Never idle a moment, but thrifty and thoughtful of others,
Suddenly you are transformed, are visibly changed in a moment;
You are no longer Priscilla, but Bertha the beautiful spinner."
Here the light hand on the wheel grew swifter and swifter; the spindle
Uttered an angry snarl, the thread snapped short in her fingers,
While the impetuous speaker, not heeding the mischief, continued:
"You are the beautiful Bertha, the spinner, the queen of Helvetia;
She whose story I read at a stall in the streets of Southampton,
Who, as she rode on her palfrey, o'er valley and meadow and mountain,
Ever was spinning her thread from a distaff fixed to her saddle.
She was so thrifty and good that her name passed into a proverb.
So shall it be with your own, when the spinning-wheel shall no longer
Hum in the house of the farmer, and fill its chambers with music.
Then shall the mothers, reproving, relate how it was in their childhood,
Praising the good old times, and the days of Priscilla the spinner!"
Straight uprose from her wheel the beautiful Puritan maiden,
Pleased with the praise of her thrift from him whose praise was the sweetest,
Drew from the reel on the table a snowy skein of her spinning,
Thus making answer, meanwhile, to the flattering phrases of Alden:
"Come, you must not be idle; if I am a pattern for housewives,
Show yourself equally worthy of being the model of husbands.
Hold this skein on your hands, while I wind it, ready for knitting;
Then who knows but hereafter, when fashions have changed and the manners,
Fathers may talk to their sons of the good old times of John Alden!"
Thus, with a jest and a laugh, the skein on his hands she adjusted,
He sitting awkwardly there, with his arms extended before him,
She standing graceful, erect, and winding the thread from his fingers,
Sometimes chiding a little his clumsy manner of holding,
Sometimes touching his hands, as she disentangled expertly
Twist or knot in the yarn, unawares—for how could she help it?—
Sending electrical thrills through every nerve in his body.

At the first glance the picture revealed a perfect embodiment of the thought of the poet, a living realization of the only romantic incident that revealed the glowing life of the stern band of pilgrims during the year subsequent to their landing upon the sterile shores of Plymouth, while a closer inspection of the painting compels the attention of the beholder to the careful and wonderful accuracy of the historical detail, which are most remarkable and instructive.

The interior of Priscilla's home is presented; the home made desolate by the death of all the members of the family, except the beautiful maiden, during the terrible winter that followed the landing of the pilgrims. The solid roof and walls of hewn timbers, necessary alike for protection against the rigors of a New England winter, and the attacks of the hostile savages, the substantial furniture of the room, copied from articles brought over in the Mayflower, many of which are heirlooms in the Alden family, are as typical of the puritan era as the beautiful poem that furnished the inspiration for the picture.

The spacious open fire-place, with its antique "fire-dogs" or andirons supporting a few ruddy embers, over which is suspended from a crane the traditional iron pot; the deal table with its snow-white cover; the graceful spinning wheel, with distaff crowned with a bunch of yellow flax; the reel standing idle upon the table, while the lover is performing its office; the ancient Dutch clock, brought from Leyden, where the pilgrims resided for several years before they sailed from Holland; the beautiful Delftware brought with them from the place of their departure, the old flint-lock or "snaphance" musket, the trusty companion of the pilgrim, even while attending divine worship, slung across the solid stone chimney, constitute a finely grouped collection of Mayflower antiquities. Attention, however, is hardly drawn closely to these details until one has exhausted the study of the figures of the sturdy and handsome youth and the beautiful maiden who are evidently so happy together, in that delightful autumn afternoon, whose balminess is shown by the open lattice, through which is caught a glimpse of Plymouth Bay, while immediately outside the parti-colored leaves of a graceful vine tells the story of autumn's progress.

The moment chosen is that in which "she disentangled expertly twist or knot in the yarn," and sent "electrical thrills" through every nerve in John Alden's body, who, seated upon a low stool, is gazing with all the intentness of uncontrolable love at the face of his fair companion, his costume of nut-brown fustian, with large white collar, from which falls tasseled cords, blue-gray stockings and low-cut shoes, with large blue-gray bows, is historically true as well as artistically graceful. So also is the attire of the beautiful girl standing near him, and holding the tangled thread in her delicate fingers with a grace that affords a striking contrast with the constrained pose of Alden's arms, outstretched in the effort to keep the skein at a proper tension. Her dress, of plain unbleached linen; apron, collar and cuffs of same material, bleached to a snowy whiteness, correctly reproduce the simple severity of the female attire of the period, and is only relieved by the delicate pink of the maiden's complexion and the graceful flow of her bonnie golden hair. All the simplicity of color and form of the costumes has been skillfully produced without even a suggestion of hardness in the folds of drapery and the delicate gradations of tints possible in such neutral colors are developed in the most admirable manner. The face of Priscilla is in itself a study, the finely cut features combine to produce a countenance, which, though lit up with an amused smile at the awkwardness of her lover, is at once beautiful and strong in its individuality and is a fitting representation of the woman who the chronicles say was "the most beautiful of all who came over in the Mayflower," and whose virtues excelled her beauty. The flesh tints are remarkably natural, the hands are exquisitely drawn, the attitude is the perfection of grace, and, what is more admirable than all these specifications of excellences, is the striking effect of the whole painting. The figures seem to stand forth and live before the observer, telling the story at a glance, while a desire is created to linger before the picture to study its beauties. Mr. Alden should place it on exhibition where the public can see and enjoy it.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

Auction Sale of Business Property.

Twenty-eight feet 6 inches by 137 feet on east side of Second street, between Vine and Washington avenue, being No. 504 North Second street. (lot 11 and part of 12, No. 28). Sale Tuesday, July 10, 1883, pursuant to an order of court at east front door of Court-house at 12 m.

L. E. ALEXANDER, Receiver.

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DUNCAN A. GRANT,

503 NORTH FOURTH STREET,

Still Offers 10 Per Cent. Off on All Cash Sales.

GREAT BARGAINS In Swiss Embroideries and Robes, Hamburg Embroideries and Robes.

DECIDED BARGAINS In Real Oriental Laces, Black and Cream Spanish Laces, Black and Cream Escurial Laces, Black Beaded Net for Jerseys, Black Silk and Wool Jerseys.

HIGHEST NOVELTIES In Neckwear, Embroidered Shawls and Oriental Fichus.

We take this opportunity to thank the Ladies for their Liberal Patronage during the past.

W. H. CURTIS, Secy. 503 N. FOURTH ST. C. A. CRAMER, Manager.

New Arrivals of Novelties Every Day.

DIED.

NOLKER—After a lingering illness, on the morning of Sunday, July 8, LOUISA, nee Brinckwirth, the beloved wife of William F. Nolker, aged 33 years 4 months and 23 days.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 1905 Cass avenue, on Tuesday, July 10, at 3 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Cincinnati and Baltimore papers please copy.

LANE—In St. Louis, July 7, 1883, of consumption, CHARLES J. LANE, aged 20 years and 11 months.

Standing on the threshold of manhood, and with the hopes of life opening up before him, an insidious disease has cut him off in his prime. His light is quenched in the darkness of the tomb, and a fond mother laments his untimely taking. His remains were laid to rest in Bellefontaine cemetery.

GALT—At 12:30 a. m., the 9th inst., SMITH P. GALT, twin child of Smith P. and Frances F. Galt, aged 13 months.

Funeral from residence, 2917 Lucas avenue, to Bellefontaine cemetery, on the 10th inst., at 3 p. m.

JOHNSTON—On Monday, July 9, 1883, at 6:30 o'clock a. m., MARGARET, daughter of Daniel and Mary A. Johnston, aged one month.

The funeral will take place to-morrow, Tuesday, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., from the family residence, No. 2624 Stoddard street, to Calvary cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

RING—At her residence 2710 N. Ninth street, CATHERINE, wife of the late Cornelius Ring.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

IN THE CORRIDORS.

"THE saloon-keepers may try to evade the Sunday law, by digging up an old statute of 1856, by which the merchants of St. Louis are authorized to vend refreshments on Sunday. The supreme court decided at that time that beer is a refreshment," said Chas. P. Johnson.

* * *

"I SHALL take a little trip over to Kentucky during the last two weeks of August," said Gov. Crittenden, "as I expect everything, including the Downing law, will be running smoothly by that time."

* * *

"I WAS up in the northwest all of last week," said Capt. W. P. Bentley, "and I find the old guard solid for Phelps for governor."

* * *

"I HAVE not as yet accepted command of the new zouave company," said Dr. Leslie. "It is a mistake to suppose that the new company is the old Bain zouaves, for that company is still in existence."

* * *

"DALY had it all his way again," said Richard Ennis, alluding to the state paper contract. "All other dealers will have too much sense to bid against him while Mike McGrath is secretary of state."

* * *

"THE anti-monopoly party will die in its cradle," said Geo. W. Jackson, the greenbacker. "It was a strange convention held at Chicago, and I am glad that the old line greenbackers kept away from it."

* * *

"AND this is the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday," Assessor Powers was heard to say as the 600 employes of the Anheuser brewery marched on their way to a picnic yesterday, to the music of three brass bands.

* * *

DR. POWERS is heard telling a friend that Mr. J. B. McCullagh's illness is not serious, but will keep him confined for some days yet. In his anxiety for his patient he has temporarily forgotten the mayor's slate.

* * *

"THE man with a beer-house license," said John H. Pohlman, "will throw a cherry into a pint of whisky and sell 'cherry wine,' without any fear of trouble."

* * *

"ABOUT all the trouble we have with the miners now," said E. J. Crandall, of the Abbey company, is that some of the ex-strikers catch one of our laborers away from the mines and punish him if they can."

* * *

"THE expense of the fight against that other museum was very heavy," said Frank Gregory, "and many weeks it cost me more to run my museum than it costs to run the Olympic theater."

* * *

"GOT my money back?" said Thomas W. Fitch, talking about his liberal contributions to the cause of immigration; "why, I have got it back in the increase on the sale of barbed wire fences to new settlers alone."

* * *

"I HAVE never said much about it," said Dr. J. H. McLean, the congressman, "but I am the legitimate holder of the title of Lord McLean of Scotland and will be happy to show you at any time the family tree establishing that fact."

* * *

"IT will take some very hard and delicate work to keep the great trade pageant of fair week down to two and one-half miles in length," said Major C. C. Rainwater. "We have already received over 500 applications for space in the line."

* * *

"THE formal transfer of the Mutual Union to the Western Union took place on July 1," said Manager Brown, "and now there is a consolidation that consolidates."

* * *

"THE Governor's interview on the Downing bill, as published in the Republican, reads a great deal like one of his messages, or as if written by himself. It is all nonsense to talk of closing the city beer saloons on Sundays," said Senator Vest.

* * *

"THE board of public improvements will continue to reject all granite bids, that are excessive," said President Flad of the B. P. I., "and if the price of granite is kept up too high, why we will have to try something else for reconstruction.

* * *

"How can any man tell when the water works extension will be completed?" retorts commissioner Whitman, "If I had two million dollars in hand, I might say when, but this doling money out from year to year makes the date of completion very vague to say the least.

* * *

"Now, if we only had our elevated road there wouldn't have been all that trouble to get to Forest park and the suburbs on the Fourth," S. D. Tucker was heard to say to a friend, just after reading about the crowded condition of the trains. "And there would have been more people out enjoying the country air. There is one big mistake that nearly every one makes, and this is that New York is just the right shape for such a road, because it is long and narrow. There are four competing lines running in the same direction there and draining the same territory, while here we could have as many running in as many different directions."

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

Muddy Water.

There are prospects of very muddy water now for a long time to come. All this trouble can be easily remedied by the use of Stevens' Upward Filter, which will render the water as clear as Apolinaris. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. SIMMONS HARDWARE CO., Sole Agents.

SECURE boarders by advertising in the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

ADVERTISE your rooms through the twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

THE AGONIES OF BILIOUS COLIC.

THE INDESCRIBABLE PANGS OF CHRONIC INDIGESTION. THE DEBILITY AND MENTAL STUPOR RESULTING FROM A COSTIVE HABIT, MAY BE CERTAINLY AVOIDED BY REGULATING THE SYSTEM WITH THAT AGREEABLE AND REFRESHING STANDARD PREPARATION, TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. PROCURABLE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

OUR MUSH BREAD

Is just like Homemade. See label on every Loaf. For sale by all Grocers. St. Louis and East St. Louis.

HOTELS.

"THE SOUTHERN."
ST. LOUIS, MO.
Is the most thoroughly
FIRE-PROOF HOTEL IN AMERICA.

The entire ceiling of the basement is formed of brick arches laid in English Portland cement. The entire interior construction is of iron, cement and concrete. No wooden partitions or lathing used. Roofing, four inches of cement on iron beams. Four iron stairways from top to bottom. No exception to this thorough fire-proofing in any part of the building. The proprietors so believe in its infallibility that they do not carry ONE DOLLAR OF INSURANCE on building or furniture.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
NEW YORK,
Broadway, Corner Twenty-Sixth Street.
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

Entirely refitted and furnished throughout. Parties desiring rooms will please communicate by telegraph in advance.

WM. M. CONNER & CO., Prop's.
D. J. SPRAGUE, Manager.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE BRIGHT HOUSE, at Rehoboth Beach, Del., having been refitted and refurnished, will open for the reception of guests on June 29, 1883. For terms etc., apply to J. T. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.
Sixth week of Success of
Chas. E. Ford's Comic Opera Co.
The Great London Success, entitled
RIP VAN WINKLE.

The new burlesque of BLUE BEARD will shortly be produced. Down-town ticket office, Wood & Co.'s music store, No. 517 Olive street.

PICKWICK THEATER.
Monday Evening, July 9, and During the week,
JOHN E. INCE
Musical Comedy Co., in the enormously funny
BOARDING-SCHOOL FUN,
(By permission of Miss Minnie Palmer.)

JOHN E. INCE as the Professor. The funniest characterization now being played. Musical comicalities, Witticisms and specialties.

MONDAY, JULY 16—Norcross Opera company, from New York. Down-town ticket-office, Balmer & Weber's Music Store.

FIRST GRAND SUMMER RIVER EXCURSION

By the "Can't Get Away" club, on steamer Chas. P. Chouteau, Saturday afternoon, July 14. Round trip only 50 cents. Music, dancing and refreshments. No improper characters allowed, or intoxicating liquors sold. Boat leaves foot of Vine street at 5 p. m. and returns at 11 p. m. sharp. Tickets at Balmer & Weber's, Southern hotel news stand and at boat.

RIVER EXCURSIONS.
STEAMERS
CHAS. P. CHOUTEAU
AND
HELENA.

For terms, dates and other information apply to W. H. THORWEGAN, Master, Southern Hotel from 10 a. m. to 12 m. and 6 to 7 p. m., dily.

Removal! Removal!

We will sell out our entire stock of FURNITURE consisting of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Suits, Cook Stoves, etc., etc., at cost for the next twenty days. Call and secure Bargains at

G. & W. BRANDON,
825 N. Seventh St., Bet. Franklin Av. and Morgan St.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES

Refrigerators, Gasoline Stoves, and a full line of Household Furniture, will be sold the coming week at slaughtering prices. Special inducements to parties desiring to furnish their homes. Don't miss this opportunity. It will pay you well to take advantage of the Low Prices. If you wish to secure bargains, call early and select from the greatest variety in the city.

HENRY McNICHOLS
1017, 1019, 1022 & 1024 Market St.
Open every Evening until 9 O'Clock.

TELEPHONE OFFICES ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office (twenty words for *ten cents*, when not of a business nature). Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park aves.; C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison ave.; Otto D'Armour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street; J. W. Tom fohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.; Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive st.; H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1800 Chouteau ave.; J. M. Good, Druggist, 2248 Olive st.; F. Sum, Druggist, 2855 Clark av.; Thos. Layton, Druggist, S. W. cor. St. Louis and Grand avs.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . . . 598.
Editorial Rooms . . . . . . 501.

LODGE NOTICES.

RED CROSS LODGE, No. 54, Knights of Pythias, will confer the armorial rank to-morrow evening at Druids' hall. The historian will read an interesting essay. Sojourning and visiting brethren cordially invited. GEORGE MELETIO, C. C.
Attest: EDGAR W. WOODS, K. R. S. m33

SCANDIA LODGE, No. 67, K. of P., meet Wednesday night July 11, at their new hall, northeast corner 5th and Christy av.; installation of officers. t33

COSMOS LODGE, No. 282, A. F. & A. M., will have a stated communication at Masonic Hall, cor. 7th and Market sts., this (Monday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the M. M. degree. Visiting brethren fraternally invited.
SIMON SUSS, W. M.
M. SWEENY, Secretary. m33

MISSOURI LODGE, No. 227, K. of H.—Regular meeting to-night. Business of importance to all members in regard to late anniversary. Election and installation of officers to serve vacancies.
J. H. BARKER, Reporter. 33
JOHN BRUCE, Dictator.

GOLDEN CROWN LODGE, No. 62, K. of P will meet promptly at their Castle Ha on Tuesday evening.
By order
C. ALVORD, C. C.
JOHN BRUCE, K. of R. & S. 33

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

PERSONAL—Bertha Wunsch, fortune-teller, 701 S. 4th st., cor. of Sarah, reveals the future and the past and guarantees for all sorts of sympathy. 74

MRS. LAURA DEKNEVETT, Natural Clairvoyant, Trance, Test and Business Medium, 1413 Morgan st.

A—TONIEST shoemaker of the world. Keeps over a hundred different styles on hand. Shoes to order from $7 to $15. Paris, France, is nowhere. WEBERT, 318 N. Sixth st., opposite Barr's. All kinds of repairing neatly done. 74

CARBONATED tea relieves headache and is ever so delicious and refreshing a drink. Drugstore, 5th and Market sts. 74

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune-teller, 921 N. 7th st.; side entrance, up stairs. 4

PERSONAL—Consult Una F. Silva, clairvoyant medium, on business or anything pertaining to life; spiritual communications. 819 Franklin av. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Reed treats all diseases and conditions of females; rooms furnished to patients in confinement. Address 811 Chestnut st. 74

PERSONAL—Look out for the drummers' excursion, where there will be plenty diversion; with Knight Templars' band so slick, and Max Phillips with the stick; all will enjoy the occasion. Yours, G. Hinzpeter. m74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Brown, nee Seiz, midwife, graduated with honor from the St. Louis School of midwives, receives ladies in house for confinement; business confidential. No. 1017 Chestnut st. 74

TRUNKS and SATCHELS, DRESS, OCEAN, SARATOGA and large PACKING trunks. Shawl and trunk straps retailed at FACTORY, corner 22nd and Morgan; also at STORE, 309 and 311 N. 3d st. We offer GOOD goods at low prices. TRUNKS REPAIRED at both places. Postal calls promptly attended to. Free delivery. HICKMAN TRUNK CO.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS opportunities, city and country brought to the notice of the largest number of possible buyers with the least amount of unnecessary publicity.
J. M. MOORE & CO.,
213 N. 8th st.
2

BUSINESS WANTED.

TWO large rooms for rent to small family, at 4038 Finney av. m3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

$1,000 WILL buy an old established book and stationery business; owner wishes to leave city. L 6, this office. w4

A SOAP-WORKS, with good facilities, for sale cheap on account of sickness of the proprietor. Apply to C. H. Hoffmeister, Carondelet. 4

BOARDING-HOUSE for sale.—Call at 3301 Broadway. m4

FOR SALE—Send for list of business chances just issued; drug stores, hotels, country stores, saw mills, manufacturing chances. No such list in the West.
J. M. MOORE & CO.,
213 N. 8th st.
4

FOR SALE—Saloons in center part; groceries, confectioneries, boarding houses and all kinds of business chances at all prices. CHAS. KUHN, 720 Pine st.
4

FOR SALE—Confectionery, tobacco and cigar store; also good news stand connected. Call at 1747 N. 9th st. 4

FOR SALE—Furnished-room house, containing 11 rooms, 9 nicely furnished; centrally located; filled with steady roomers; rent $35; price $450. Ad. L 21, this office. m4

FOR SALE—Furnished-room house, containing 23 rooms nicely furnished; best location; filled with rooms; profits over $100 per month; big bargain. Ad. L 22, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Small grocery store. Inquire at 1841 Broadway. 4

FOR SALE—Meat and vegetable store, with fixtures and lease; best corner on Market st. Ad. Cash, care Letter Carrier Byrne. 4

FOR SALE—Stock, stand and good-will of a well-established and paying millinery and ladies' furnishing goods establishment in a flourishing and growing town (county seat) in Missouri; poor health only reason for selling out. Inquire at Rosenheim, Levis & Co., 6th st. and Washington av. 4

FOR SALE—Restaurant, No. 1 stand, competent outfit, for $250; easy terms. D. H. Evans, 207 N. 7th st. 4

FOR SALE—At the front door of court-house, St. Louis, Mo., July 16, 1883; thirty shares capital stock of Kimbrough, Scott Hat Company, to the highest bidder for cash. George Scott, trustee. m4

FOR SALE—Cheap, second-hand store, 1534 Franklin av.; must be sold in two weeks. t4

FOR SALE—Restaurant or saloon, swinging fans and awning. Apply at 913 Wash st. m4

STORE FOR SALE—The whole outfit of china, glass and tinware, gasoline stoves, counters, shelving, etc.; cheap for cash; inquire in store. 1737 Franklin av

WANTED—A young man who writes a fair hand to do copying. Address with stamp for reply L 39, this office. m4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Building material of eighteen houses, between 10th and 11th on Papin st.: brick, joists, etc., joists 2x8, 2x10, 2x12, 14, 15, 16 and 18 feet long. P. W. Hassett, 10th and Papan sts. 5

FOR SALE—Five-horse power steam boiler and engine, detached; in good order. Jos. Schiller & Co., 307 N. 4th st. 5

FOR SALE—Full line of fine linen-lined ladies' trunks and valises; cheap. Cowperthwait, 315 Locust st. 5

FOR SALE—A fine Skye terrier dog pup, cheap. 1907 Franklin av. m5

FOR SALE—One hair-cloth parlor suite, seven pieces, cost $65 but a short time ago, will be sold $30; one bookcase, $13; library table, $7; bedroom suites from $20 to $80; wardrobes, $6, $16 and $22; bedsteads, washstands, cupboards, kitchen safes, etc., at all prices; center tables, $5 to $9; cane-seat chairs and rockers at all prices; three good ranges—one for $10, $18 and $25, and lots of other cook stoves from $3 up; also a full line of crockery, glassware, tinware, lamps, etc., at very low prices. All kinds of household goods bought, sold and exchanged. J. Neuroth, 1800 and 1802 Franklin av. s9

FOR SALE—Brussels carpet, 70 yards, new; also a number of walnut single bed. Add. L 31, this office. m5

FOR SALE—Type-writers, at less than cost. One No. 2 at $70, one No. 1 at $30; first applicant has the pick. Type-Writer Bureau, 419 Olive st., room 8.

I EMPLOY NO AGENTS,

Therefore I am able to sell you a reclining chair which can be adjusted into eight different positions. It is sold for cash and also on time payments. Cash, $10; time payments, $11 @ $1 per week. 1834 Franklin av. S. S. Dreifus, sole agent. 5

SAFE AND VAULT DOOR cheap at L. BARGMANN'S, 17 and 19 N. 3d st.

SOLD ON TIME—Pictures and looking-glasses, at F. W. Busse, 1403 Franklin av. 5

THE Cane-Brake, 812 Olive st.; walking canes at wholesale and retail; umbrella repairing and recovering done with neatness and dispatch. Country jobbing trade in canes respectfully solicited. 5

WE will sell new and second-hand furniture and household goods, either for cash or on time payments, and always at the lowest possible prices. [illegible] & [illegible], 1[illegible] Franklin av. [illegible]

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

3,000 FEET of beautiful ground in the Lindell tract. Choice lots on Delmar, Washington and Vandeventer place. Residence 3223 Lucas av.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
206 N. 8th st.
8

FOR SALE—A neat, three-room frame cottage, 25 feet of ground, in Cote Brilliante, $900; $300 down, balance long time. Apply at Barnard's drug store, 4101 Easton av. m8

FOR SALE—2827 Adams st., a six room house, all improvements; if not sold in ten days will be rented; house is open for inspection. Apply at 325 Ewing av. t8

FOR SALE—House and store. Inquire at 1517 O'Fallon st. 8

BARGAIN—Two six-room brick houses, 2113 and 2115 St. Louis avenue; renting at $40 per month; for $3,600. Call on owner at 2115. 8

S. E. COR VANDEVENTER AND ST. FERDINAND av.—House of four rooms, two-story stable; room for three horses; good cistern with filter, etc.; lot 25x130. A. Judlin, 717 Chestnut st. 8

FOR SALE—$1,300 cash will buy 100x120 on the corner of John and Emily streets, Bryan addition, if taken in the next four or five days. This is a big bargain; property is worth $1,600 at least.
PHIL E. GREEN & CO.,
103 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—Or trade for house and pay difference, corner lot on Jefferson av., near Benton park. Address L 7, this office. m8

FOR SALE—Cheap—Residence lots near the Water Tower. H. M. Bryan, Att'y at Law, 417 Olive st.

FOR SALE—Beautiful residence lot, southwest corner of Lafayette and Compton aves.; 60x193 feet; price $75 per foot. Henry M. Bryan, attorney at law, 417 Olive st. s8

FOR SALE—Central business lot, south side of Elm st., between 5th and 6th sts.; 27x72; price $150 per foot. Henry M. Bryan, attorney at law, 417 Olive st. s8

FOR SALE—Lot 50x122, south side Rutger st.; 50 feet east of Missouri av.; $30 per foot. K 11, this office. m8

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE

FOR SALE, or exchange for city property, 80 acres of land in Howard county, Mo., within one-fourth mile of railroad station, near county seat. L 33, this office. t8

FOR SALE—Splendid chance to buy, cheap, a handsome country residence, containing ten rooms, parlor, library, etc.; all accommodations for an agreeable home; four acres of highly improved ground, with plenty of fruit of all kinds in full bearing; equal distance from two railroads and their depots (quarter of a mile) and thirteen miles west of the city; good neighborhood, good schools, churches, in fact a place where country life and city business can be very pleasantly united. Apply at office of B. N. Sternberg, No. 6 N. 7th st. m6

FOR SALE—Large, elegant summer residence, with ten acres, five miles below Davenport, on the Mississippi river; modern improvements; everything in good repair; charming surroundings; cost over $15,000; can be bought for $9,000. Address H. M. Henly, Davenport, Iowa. 6

IMP'V'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Small house. Terms, part cash; balance in monthly payments. Apply at 4130 Olive st. m7

TEN PER CENT.

A choice corner property with splendid four-story building paying 10 per cent interest. 300 feet of beautiful ground on Grand and Cook avs. 50-foot lot on Chestnut and 22d sts. The property of a non-resident, which we are ordered to sell at decided bargains.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
7
206 N. 8th st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A NICE country home for sale, low, or would rent to a nice party that would take good care of it; my late residence and grounds in Florissant; seven daily trains to the place. M. Powers, 7 S. 16th st. 9

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

CHAS. H. HESSE, veterinary surgeon; office, northwest corner 7th st. and Geyer av.; residence, 1328 Russell av. 11

S. W. SLATTERY, V.S., member R. C. V. S., London, late army veterinary department, British service; offices, Park stable, Washington av., and 1111 N. 8th st.; residence 1208 Washington av. 11

Heideman-Benoist Saddlery Co.,
415 N. Main st.
Buggy harness $8 50; $10; $18; $30; $45; $60, on hand.

WANTED—Horse and surrey, or buggy, for the summer in exchange for the keep; very light use; references given. L 34, this office. t11

For Sale.

ASK your carriage-maker for Silvester patent tire; wheels with tire on for sale. 719 Locust st. 12

Heideman-Benoist Saddlery Co.,
415 N. Main st.
Very finest grades of carriage and coupe harness. 12

G. F. VOGEL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing.
MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

FOR SALE—A light-built Surrey, Timken make; side-bar springs; in good order; price $150. Apply to D. P. Hull, St. Louis av. cor Glasgow av. m12

THE best and cheapest place in St. Louis to buy buggies, phaetons, road carts, spring wagons, etc., is at Dolton Brothers, manufacturers, 802 N. 2nd st. You can get first-class new ones there cheaper than second-hand ones elsewhere; over 300 varieties and styles. All goods sold at strictly wholesale prices. Any style desired made to order.

THIRTY buggies, phaetons, surreys, rockaways, dog-carts, business and pleasure wagons; all descriptions; good new harness $10; sound bay pony horse $35. 1106 N. 8th st. s12

FOR SALE.—2732 Gamble street, a good farmer's wagon with spring and tongue.

A LIGHT spring wagon for sale; it can be seen at 104 S. Channing av. m12

FOR SALE—For want of use, a good sorrel saddle mare; I will sell for $50 or will trade for a good milch cow. Apply Logan, at Hamilton station, N. G. R. R., or L 29, this office. t12

FOR SALE—Large young bay horse and timken surrey; also fine harness; horse is safe for lady. Call at 1320 N. 15th st. m12

FOR SALE—Dirt wagon, horses and harness and license; cheap. Call at 1718 N. 10th st. m12

Heideman-Benoist Saddlery Co.,
415 N. Main st.
Saddles, bridles, whips, bits, spurs, sheets, dusters. 12

FOR SALE—A one-horse barouche, Timken spring; can be seen at 2008 Rutger st. before ten o'clock a. m. 12

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $13 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

120 N. SIXTEENTH ST.—Elegantly furnished front rooms; all conveniences; best attendance, with or without board; day boarders accommodated. 13

211 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—For Rent—Three rooms on first floor, to parties without children. t13

314 MOUND ST.—Large 7-room house; large yard and water; rent $25 per month. w13

512 S. THIRTEENTH ST.—Two rooms and kitchen; rent $7 per month. s13

603 WALNUT ST.—Opposite People's Theater, one nicely furnished room. m13

605 N. TWENTY-SECOND ST.—Three rooms; 2d floor; water; porch in rear. Ap. Keeley & Co., 715 Pine st. m13

710 OLIVE ST.—Third story front; two rooms. E. H. Benoist, 415 N. Main. s13

826 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Suite of rooms complete for light housekeeping; also hall bedroom for gent. m13

1110 S. THIRTEENTH ST.—Two nice unfurnished rooms on second floor for rent.

1113 CHESTNUT ST.—Very nicely furnished rooms, southern exposure, with or without board; gentlemen only. 13

1124 LOCUST ST.—Handsomely furnished, cool, airy rooms, with board; transient boarders solicited. m13

1209 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, front and back; first and second floors. s13

1211 CHOUTEAU AV.—Large second-story front room, so. exp.; good table board and all modern conveniences; also back room. 13

1300 OLIVE ST.—Second and third story front rooms, neatly furnished; with or without board. 13

1318 PINE ST.—Nice, cool, second-story front room, furnished, for one or two persons; rent $8 a month. t13

1417 CHOUTEAU AV.—Furnished rooms; two of the neatest, coolest rooms, with or without board, for rent to nice parties with good references. s13

1511 CHESTNUT ST.—Two large rooms on first floor completely furnished for housekeeping. m13

1513 CHESTNUT ST.—Second-floor back well furnished pleasant room $8 per month.

1621 WARREN ST.—A nicely furnished front room; southern exposure. f13

1716 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely-furnished 3d-story front room, large, light and airy; all conveniences; also two elegant unfurnished parlors, three exposures. 13

1812 OLIVE—Nicely furnished rooms, cool and airy; first or second floor; single or en suite; price according to location. m13

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; references exchanged. 13

1845 N. NINTH ST.—Pleasant room, with good private board, for two gents. m13

2102 CHESTNUT ST. Three rooms on second floor, bath and gas for family without children; also a front parlor, furnished, gas and bath for one or two gents only. m13

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

2111 MARKET ST.—Furnished front room, or can have house of five rooms complete for housekeeping. t13

2325 FRANKLIN AV.—Three large hall rooms, 3d floor; $10 a month; water and all conveniences. m13

2440 WASH ST.—One large front room with use of bath, for rent. 13

2617 PENROSE ST.—First floor, four rooms, hall, water in kitchen, front and side entrance; no children; southern exposure. s12

2730 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room with board, 2 gents; $50 per month; reference required. 13

2732 GAMBLE ST.—2 or 3 rooms for rent. m13

2811 WASH ST.—Four rooms, second floor, completely furnished for housekeeping; southern exposure; Stoddard addition. s13

3125 BRANTNER PLACE, near Webster av.—Three rooms on second floor suitable for gents or light housekeeping; bath in hall room. 13

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, with parlor attached; suitable for drummers; with young widow lady. Ad. L 13, this office. m13

FOR RENT—An elegantly-furnished front room, 2d floor; southern exposure; Stoddard addition; refs. ex. Ad. G 45, this office. m13

FOR RENT—To a man and wife, two rooms and kitchen, furnished for light housekeeping; reference exchanged. Ad. L 27, this office. m13

FOR RENT—Two large unfurnished rooms, with hot and cold water; new house; rent low to a good tenant. 1327 St. Ange av. s13

FOR SALE—Furniture of furnished room, and room for rent; centrally located; good opportunity for party desiring to room downtown. Address L 35, this office. m13

ONE furnished room for rent to one or two gents or man and wife, with or without board. No. 1020 Biddle st. m13

SECOND floor for rent to small family; S. 9th st. Inquire 614 Olive st. w13

TWO very handsome front rooms for rent, with or without board. Ad. L 10, this office. m13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

114 S. SEVENTH ST.—Seven rooms, basement and large rear building. 14

FOR RENT.—A desirable cottage at Godfrey, Ill.; five minutes on plank walk from the depot; two minutes from the Monticello female seminary. Apply to E. A. Mason, Godfrey, Ill. 14

FOR RENT—3152 Easton av., three elegant rooms, water, etc., $16. R. F. Miller, coal office. 14

FOR RENT—Large 3-story factory building, heretofore occupied as a furniture factory, with full machinery ready for use if desired. Apply to Herman J. Krembs, 822 Park av. m17

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

2331 GAMBLE AV.—Small house furnished; piano, hot and cold bath; large yard. s15

FOR RENT—To first-class tenant, a finely furnished stone-front house for the summer or one or two years; one of the most desirable places on Washington av. Ad. K 23, this office. s15

FOR RENT—For six months, handsomely furnished house, which parties without small children can have at a rent of only $40, allowing me to retain one room. Ad. H 5, this office. m13

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT

FOR RENT—With privilege of sale, a No. 1 country residence, with 10 or 20 acres, on line steam cars, one-half mile beyond city limits; rent low to a responsible party. Apply 710 N. 5th st. f16

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Front and back parlor; suitable for physician; splendid location; first-class neighborhood; board in house. 1224 Washington av. t17

BOARDING.

615 FRANKLIN AV.—Franklin House—nicely furnished rooms with best of board; terms reasonable. f18

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; also day boarding. a18

1426 AND 1428 OLIVE ST.—Large, light and airy rooms, elegantly furnished, with best of attendance and board; terms reasonable. 18

1831 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room with board; ref. required. w18

BOARDING—Elegant rooms, single or en suite, with accommodations equal to first-class hotels; table supplied with the best the market affords; delightful grounds and shade trees surrounding the whole house; verandas and porches and all modern conveniences; street cars pass the house up and down. A limited number, families or young gentlemen, can be accommodated with board in a perfect home. Apply at the Tower mansion, southwest corner Chouteau av. and St. Ange. t18

COUNTRY boarders wanted—Parties wishing board for the summer can find accomodations twelve miles east of St. Louis on the Vandalia line. For particulars address C. B. Cramer, Collinsville, Madison Co., Ill. s18

KIRKWOOD BOARDING—Parties without children; grass and shade; good water. Ad. M. W. E., box 88, Kirkwood. t18

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—By two gentlemen, day board in central part of city; must be first-class and cheap. Ad. A 42, this office. 21

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Rooms furnished for housekeeping near Chouteau avenue and Union depot for a family of three. Ad. for one week with terms and other information, K 43, this office. w21

WANTED—To buy a 6 to 8-room house in good location for spot cash. Ad. W 17, this office. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

NATURAL STONE SIDEWALKS.

SEE walks laid at 3511 Washington av., 3706 to 3755 Baker av., St. Vincent Seminary, corner Lucas and Grand avs.
By ST. LOUIS FLAGSTONE CO.,
Office, 618 Chestnut st.
N. B.—This stone is not affected by frost. 22

WANTED—To buy a 6 to 8-room house in good location for spot cash. Ad. W 17, this office. 22

MUSICAL.

$10 Per Month BUYS A NEW OR SECOND HAND PIANO AT **BARREIRAS',** Cor. Eleventh and Olive streets.

Henry F. Miller Pianos.

The brilliant record these pianos have made in the finest concerts in the principal cities of America is worthy the attention of all music lovers and those who desire to purchase such pianos as are at the present time favorites with the world's great artists.
J. A. KIESELHORST,
St. Louis Agency, 2706 Market st.

NEW and second-hand pianos for rent, from $3 to $5 per month. H. Koerber, 1103 Olive.

PARTIES leaving the city for the summer months would do well to have their pianos tuned and put in thorough repair by us for their return. All work fully warranted. Read & Thompson, 210 N. 5th st.

PIANOS of all grades sold on easy payments—no interest charged—at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive st.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS!

We are anxious to make room for new stock, and we offer the following pianos as special bargains:
One Weber Square, almost new.
One Hardman Upright, almost new.
One J. P. Hale Upright.
One Simpson & Co. Upright.
One Behring Square.
One Hayden & Co. Square.
Now is your time to secure a good piano for little money.

READ & THOMPSON,
208 and 210 N. Fifth st.

WANTED—To buy, for cash, second-hand pianos 1619 Franklin av. 27

EDUCATIONAL.

JONES' COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

309 and 311 North Fifth st. Established 42 years. The oldest and most successful school of its kind in the West. For circulars call at the office or address
J. G. BOHMER, Principal.
29

MARTIN'S Institute, Open day Established 1876. **SHORTHAND** and type-writing 618 Olive street and evening. Students assisted to positions. 32

SUMMER school, 1014 Clay av. $1 per week in advance. 29

WANTED—Pupils for half-day summer school; also music pupils. Music lessons, 50c per lesson; school, $1 per week. 1014 Clay av. 29

PERSONAL.

Purely "Personal" advertisements are charged for at the rate of ten cents for twenty words. Matter for insertion under this head can be sent through the mails. Have your answers addressed to office check only—which insures your receiving them.

PERSONAL—A gentleman, stranger in the city, desires to correspond with a respectable German lady; blonde preferred; no postals. Ad. K 42, this office. t1

PERSONAL—Wanted—"Some lone bird" with tender thrill; with dark blue eyes and genteel build; with passion soft and mouth that's still; who would listen to the plea of a whip-poor-will. K 44, this office. t1

PERSONAL—Wanted young lady correspondent, intelligent, handsome, accomplished and amiable; full of fun yet candid and sensible, by a young man of means and leisure; object enjoyment, mutual benefit, perhaps ripening into matrimony. George Tennyson, Springfield, Mo. t7

PERSONAL—The young gent who met a little woman dressed in black on Franklin av., went to 821 Franklin av. and to the Galt house: Please send your name to K 49, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Young widow desires the acquaintance of some gentleman who will assist her and be a true friend. Ad. K 26, this office. m1

PERSONAL—A gentleman 22 years of age, in good moral and financial standing, would like the correspondence of a well-educated, respectable young lady; object stated in letter. Ad. James Sterling, Sherrill, Texas county, Mo. m1

PERSONAL—Would like to meet young lady with red dress and black straw hat; got on car 14th and Washington av., Friday, 10:30; living near Bell and Cardinal avs.; send word where personal interview may be had through personals. Ad. K 48, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Letter at this office for you. "Hammond." m1

PERSONAL—Will lady in blue who noticed gent on Jefferson av. car on the 4th of July please send her address to H 23, this office? w1

PERSONAL—Cartwheel Hat: Leave the city sooner than anticipated; if possible will be down before I go. Naughty Boy. m1

PERSONAL—Tube Rose: Yours just received; can arrange through my agent, so will not leave city now. Let me hear all, and where will I see you? m1

PERSONAL—Will the three ladies—one dressed in white and one in blue—at Schnaider's garden Sunday eve., July 8, that received three button-hole bouquets, please send their address or appoint interview, as the gentleman who flirted with lady in white and sent her the bouquet is particularly anxious to meet them. Ad., in confidence, Billy Bouquet, this office. m1

PERSONAL—D 21: Call at Post-Dispatch office and get two letters. m1

PERSONAL—Friend: Please meet me on the corner of 4th and the same cross street at 4 o'clock.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Anderson will please send her address through personals of this paper. m1

PERSONAL—Cultured young widow desires to meet a single gentleman of means; must be cultured and highly respectable; object pleasant times. Ad. K 27, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Harriet Stuart (colored) will hear of an old friend if she will send her address to Miss Ella Beers, South St. Louis station, Mo. m1

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

COPYING of every description neatly and rapidly done at the Type-Writer Bureau. A. J. Page, Sec., 419 Olive st. Telephone 287. m26

CHAIRS all sizes caned 50c, perforated all sizes 20c to 35c. Furniture repaired, mattresses renovated; packing; jobbing in general. Miller, 210 N. 16th st. 26

DON'T buy a sewing machine until you see the new High-arm Howe. Office 921 Olive st. 26

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin av. to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and repaired. 26

GO TO F. W. Busse, 1403 Franklin av., to get your pictures framed in good style at low prices. 26

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of second-hand furniture, stoves and carpets at 'Squire Branden & Co., 1616 Franklin av. 26

WANTED—Second-hand elevator at 1202 S. 5th st. w26

WANTED—Type-writer and caligraph ribbons to re-ink. Type-Writer Bureau. Telephone 287. m26

WANTED—Sale for 1,000 young chickens per month. Call or address 2321 Olive st., city.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A peddler license No. 1,013, 1883; finder please return to Wm. Nolte on Mound between 10th and 11th st. and receive $2 50 reward. m30

LOST—On Sunday, between Lafayette park and 16th st. and Chouteau av., a gold bracelet; finder will be rewarded by returning to 1608 Chouteau av.

$10 REWARD—Lost, brown mare, about 15 hands high; has little scar on back, caused by saddle, and has been recently clipped. Return to 321 N. Main st., and get above reward. t30

LOST—A setter dog, tall, light brown wavy hair, with white breast, and muzzle. $5 reward by returning to 2009 Rutger st., near Lafayette park. 30

STRAYED—From Butchertown, July 3, a dark brown cow with white spots on back, belly and forehead; liberal reward if returned to Mrs. Kroenlein, next to Grant's pork-house, Butchertown

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner with $1,000 or $1,500 in the grocery business; good show for the right man. Ad d.B 25, this office. 23

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st. 84

CLEAN, dry and free from vermin at 'Squire Branden & Co.—'Squire buys and sells anything from a needle to an anchor. Call on him if you want to save money. 1616 Franklin av.

STORAGE—Cheapest and best in the city, for pianos, trunks, furniture and goods of all kinds; money advanced on same if desired; packing and shipping pianos and household goods a specialty; moving done at low rates with care, at the largest, best and most convenient warehouse of the kind in the city. Wm. O. Langan & Co., 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.

FINANCIAL.

Money to Loan.

$50,000, $10,000, $3,000, $1,000 on real estate in city and St. Louis county at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY & CO., 305½ Olive street.
31

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st.

$25 AND UPWARDS—Loaned on furniture without removal, at lowest rates, monthly or weekly payments taken, business confidential. F. W. Peters & Co., 620 Chestnut st., room 18.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine. 31

MONEY to loan on diamonds, watches, jewelry, guns, pistols, musical instruments and all other personal property in sums from 25 cents to $5,000, at S. VanRaalt's, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

MONEY to loan on household goods, pianos, etc., without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. J. H. Vette, Notary Public, 619 Chestnut.

MONEY TO LOAN at 6 per cent on improved city property; payable in installments if desired. H. C. Wilson & Co. 31

MONEY to Loan on household goods without removal; lowest rates; no charge for making loans. D. H. Evans, 207 N. 7th st.

ALL SORTS.

ALL cast off clothing bought and sold by John Allen, 707 N. 9th st. Call or address. 32

A THOUSAND Business Cards for $1. HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 1832 Franklin av.

BUSINESS men desiring short-hand correspondents and type-writers are supplied free at Martin's Short-hand and Type-writing Institute, 618 Olive st. 32

BUTTER CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. WM. N. TIVY, 424 N. Second St. HONEY.

CHEAP filling for lots can be obtained by applying to N. L. Woodward, 422 Walnut st. 32

Dangler Vapor Stoves.

Owing to the many spurious imitations of this Pioneer Vapor Stove, we say come, see, examine and be convinced that it is the only first-class, durable and time-tried stove, having been on the market the past four seasons, over 4,000 being in operation in St. Louis alone, and 100,000 in the United States. We give a guarantee that if this stove is not perfect in every particular we will refund purchase money. For cash or on time payments. 4-Shaw, 1513 Franklin av.

GASOLINE Stoves; cheapest and best, at 1118 and 1120 Washington.

HAVE your type-writer and caligraph ribbons re-inked by the Type-Writer Bureau. Telephone 287. m32

LATEST STYLES. F. HACKEY, FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, 724 Olive st.
Call and see new styles.

PARROTS, singing birds, pet animals, gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking-bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 622 Olive st.

PICNIC At Custom-house grocery, 719 Olive st. SUPPLIES

PATENTS OBTAINED. C. D. removed to 7th Olive street. MOODY

TYPE-WRITER ribbons. Caligraph ribbons of every complexion at Type-Writer Bureau. A. J. Page, Sec., 419 Olive st. Telephone 287. Buy the improved selvedged edge ribbons. m32

WANTED—Everybody to know that they can get first-class photographs, at reasonable prices, in all kinds of weather, at R. F. Adams' gallery, 215 N. 4th st., by the new rapid process.

PROFESSIONAL.

JAMES L. & FRANK P. BLAIR,
Attorneys at Law, 417 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.
PATENT LAW A SPECIALTY.
Correspondents of Chas. M. Alexander, Washington, D. C.

J. G. JOYCE, civil engineer and surveyor. Office, 701 Washington av. 3

G. E. LEDVINA & CO., architects, superintendents, mechanical and construction engineers, 713 Olive st. 34

MRS. H. TYLER WILCOX, M. D., 2943 Gamble st., general practice; also electricity and baths administered.

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

OLD BOOKS, engravings and coins bought and sold by Townsend & Co., 703 Olive st. 28

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan, bookseller, 4th and Washington av.

WATER-PROOFING FOR WALLS.

WATER-PROOFING STONE-FRONTS.—Stone-fronts cleaned and water-proofed, thereby preventing absorption and crumbling without changing the appearance; samples 2740 Locust, 3118 Pine st. and Bank of Commerce. Theodore Hunt, 413 N. 12th st.

REMOVALS.

H. C. CARROLL'S
Insurance Agency
Has removed to No. 305 N. Third st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Situations Wanted, Male and Female, and Help Wanted, Male and Female, not exceeding three lines, are inserted free.

Book-keepers.

AN experienced and thorough bookkeeper wants a situation; first-class city reference. Ad. H 49, this office. m36

GOOD bookkeeper, salesman, German, old member of Merchants' Exchange, best references, wants situation at moderate salary; must support his family. Address K 37, this office. t36

SITUATION wanted as bookkeeper, correspondent, or other office position, by an experienced young man; best references. Address K 29, this office. t36

WANTED—A light set of books to keep by an experienced book-keeper with best references. H 42, this office. m36

YOUNG man, of good business capacity, wants situation as bookkeeper or correspondent; is stenographer and operates type writer; best reference. Address K 25, this office. t36

Clerks and Salesmen.

IRON—Wanted—Position in foundry, warehouse or office; several years' experience at pig and merchant irons; willing to work; best reference. Ad. K 28, this office. t37

FIRST-RATE traveling salesman wishes engagement; six years' experience. Unexceptionable reference. K 27, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted as clerk in a retail grocery store without a saloon; can speak and write English and German. K 7, this office. m37

WANTED—By a young man that speaks and writes both German and English, a situation as clerk or to make himself generally useful; best ref. given. Ad. N. 34, this office. 37

WANTED—By a young man eighteen years of age a situation in some office or business house; best ref. H 36, this office. m37

WANTED—Situation as assistant book-keeper and collector, by first-class, responsible party, with best city ref. H 33, this office. m37

WANTED—A position in a store, in or out of city, by young man, age 20; city refs. J. S. Hansmann, 503 S. 5th st. m37

WANTED—Situation as traveling salesman for a wholesale grocery, or cigar and tobacco house; can give good reference. Ad. J. K. W., P. O. Box 155, Jackson, Tenn. t37

WANTED—Situation as city salesman in some dry goods or notion house; will work on commission to start. Ad. L 15, this office. t37

The Trades.

A COMPETENT butcher wants situation; speaks German and English. H 29, this office. m38

LOCOMOTIVE engineer wants to go out with steam thresher engine for the season; reliable man. Address K 5, this office. m38

SITUATION wanted by a first-class fireman who is steady and sober; best of recommendations. Add. G 2, this office. t38

WANTED—A situation by an engineer. Ad. H, this office. s38

WANTED—Situation as foreman carpenter, builder or framer; no objections to going to the country. K 41, this office. 38

WANTED—Situation by a first-class miller. Ad. B. E. Miller, 1307 Broadway. t38

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—A young lady with the knowledge of the Howe machine to perfect herself in cloak-making; wages paid while learning. A. B., 2916 Lindell av., west of Lindell park. t69

WANTED—Situation by a colored man, stranger in city, as coachman; thoroughly understands care of horses. Address S. E. Leonard, 606 N. 11th st.

Cooks.

BY a first-class meat cook in restaurant or hotel; country or city. Ad. L 2, this office. t40

Boys.

A BOY 14 years old would like a position in some store or office; can furnish reference. L 23, this office. t42

A BOY 17 years of age wishes to learn the carpenter's trade. L 12, this office. t42

A BOY of 14 wishes a situation of any kind. K 45, this office. t42

A BOY of 16 wishes a situation of any kind. Ad. H 46, this office. m42

BOY wants sit. in furniture store to go with wagon or work in store; had experience. L 8, this office. t42

BY a boy of 16, in some wholesale or retail house; can give best references. L 16, this office. t42

BOY of 16 wishes a situation in a wholesale house or railroad office; can furnish best of city refs. H 28, this office. m42

WANTED—By a boy 18 years old a position in some wholesale house or broker's office; can furnish best of references. Ad. G 14, this office. t42

WANTED—Situation of any kind by a boy of 16; willing to work; refs. H 43, this office. m42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 17 years to go in the country to take care of horses. 1819 Spruce st. t42

Miscellaneous

A YOUNG man of 19, wishes situation to drive a delivery wagon; had 5 years' experience; can give reference. L 20, this office. t43

A BOY of sixteen, quick and accurate at figures, rapid and good penman, wishes a situation. Address K 24, this office. t43

SITUATION wanted by man and wife in city as cook, baker or steward; best references given. S 42, this office. s40

SITUATION of any kind, by reliable man who is willing to work. L 25, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation of any kind by a young man. H 45, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation as buggy-washer. Address H 31, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by a young man as bartender, 21 years old; two years' exp.; best of city refs. K 38, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation by a boy to do any kind of store or office work. K 50, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation by man and wife; English; new comers; woman plain cook; neat at housework; man good at general work or care of stock. K 40, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation as porter in a country hotel by steady, sober young colored man. Address care 1707 Olive st. t43

WANTED—Situation by a first-class bartender; can give good refs. Ad. L 13, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation as porter in hotel or wholesale house; best of city refs. Ad. L 9, this office. t43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

DRUG relief clerk wanted for month or two. Address L 5, this office. t54

The Trades.

PAINTERS wanted at P. Henckler's, 512 Elm st. t56

WANTED—Ten or fifteen molders as soon as possible at the Terre Haute car works; no trouble only too much work for present force. T. H. Car & Mfg. Co., Terre Haute, Ind. 58

WANTED—A belt-maker at 404 N. Main st. m58

WANTED—First-class buggy gear makers, blacksmiths and trimmers. Dolton Bros., 802 N. 2d st. m58

WANTED—Foreman in cigar box factory. Ad. G. Schroeder & Co., 1317 Grand av., Kansas City, Mo. m58

WANTED—A first-class steam-pipe fitter; also a first-class machinist accustomed to putting in foundations and setting up work. K 43, this office. t58

WANTED—Ten first-class buggy body and gear makers. Dolton Bros., 802 N. 2d st. t58

Laborers.

WANTED—40 teamsters; wages paid, $18 a month and board, rain or shine; also 20 laborers at $1 75 per day. Quin & Co., 302 Chestnut st. m30

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Boys.

GOOD steady boy who can milk, assist in the garden and make himself useful. K 28, this office.

WANTED—Colored boy, with reference, at 109 N. 9th st., side gate. 61

WANTED—A good boy, who can milk, help in garden, and make himself useful. Address K 26, this office. t61

WANTED—Boy to make ready on small presses. Great Western Printing Company. t61

WANTED—Boy, 14 to 15 years old, to tend horses and make himself useful. 1237 N. 7th st. t61

WANTED—Two boys 17 or 18 for restaurant; 504 Market st. m61

WANTED—Two good bell boys, at Hurst's hotel, 4th and Locust sts. t61

WANTED—Smart, active boy seventeen years old to work in confectionery; $10 a mouth and board. Apply 3413 Olive st. t61

WANTED—Boy 17 years old who is willing to learn the retail dry goods business. Call at once at 408 Market st. t61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good man to take care of horse and wagon and make himself useful in general. Call 1602 Market st. t62

WANTED—A good butcher; call at once. 1602 Market st. t62

WANTED—Managers of picnics and parties to know that they can save time and money by ordering their cakes, ice creams, biscuit glace and all confections at Mohr's, corner Chouteau av. and 15th st. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

ALL ladies should know that L. Mohr, confectioner, corner Chouteau av. and 15th st., makes the angel cream. 44

EXPERIENCED young lady would like copying or writing of any kind to do. Is necessary that she should have work. K 33, this office. t44

GOOD business woman wants work; agency writing home or in office; substantial reference. Mrs. Rachel White, West End post-office. m44

Housekeepers.

A YOUNG widow wishes a situation as housekeeper for widower. Address K 39, this office. t47

SITUATION—By two young ladies, as housekeepers to go to Denver, Col. Ad. H 22, this office. m47

SITUATION by a young widow as housekeeper for widower with children. Address L 1, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a widow as housekeeper in a widower's family; has one little girl; no Irish need apply. Mrs. C. F., 1131 Olive st. f47

General Housework.

A GERMAN girl wants a place for housework. Call at 2324 S. 10th st. t48

A GIRL wants situation for housework; no objection to doing dining-room work. Call 113 S. 12th st. t48

BY a woman, a situation in a family to do general housework, cook, wash and iron. 2324 Franklin av. t48

BY young German girl, to do light housework; can give best references if required. Please call or address 2114 Franklin av., in the rear. t48

WANTED—Situation by a young woman to do housework and sleep at home. Address H 17, this office. m48

Cooks.

A GERMAN girl wishes a situation as cook; city or country. H 37, this office. m49

Nurses.

A GIRL wants to go out nursing and sleep home. Ad. L 14, this office. t50

A GIRL of fourteen years wishes a situation to mind a baby and to do light housework, and to come home at night. Call at 318 Targee st. t50

BY an old woman, a situation as child's nurse. L 17, this office. t50

SITUATION by a girl aged 14, as nurse; is competent and obliging. A. G., 3461 Market st. t50

WANTED—By a young girl, a situation to go traveling as companion or child's nurse; make herself generally useful. H 16, this office. m50

Laundresses.

WANTED—Family washing. Call at 150 Channing av. t51

Miscellaneous.

AN intelligent girl wishes a situation in a small family, or as working companion to a lady; best references. Add. C 29, this office. m52

GOOD young girl wants employment through day; lives near Grand and Easton av.; excellent city reference. Frances White, West End post-office. m52

TWO little girls of widow, 10 and 12, would like situation in respectable family to make themselves useful. L 11, this office. t52

TWO ladies wish to go traveling. Ad. L 19, this office. t52

"WORKINGWOMAN'S UNION," incorporated and responsible; reliable help furnished city patrons; satisfaction guaranteed. Office 812 Chestnut st.

WANTED—Situation by girl as dish-washer. Ad. L 4, this office. t52

WANTED—A man to work in kitchen and wash dishes. 1309 Washington av. t52

WANTED—Young ladies out walking with their beaux to stop in at Mohr's Garden, corner Chouteau av. and 15th st., for ice cream and cakes. 62

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—All ladies to be convinced that they can buy their confections at lowest prices of Mohr, corner Chouteau av and 15th st. 63

Housekeepers.

GOOD housekeeper wanted; four in family. Ad. stating terms and giving reference, P. O. box 373, Carthage, Mo. 65

WANTED—A good, experienced woman to attend a furnished rooms house and wait on dining-room. K 12, this office. m65

WANTED—A tidy housekeeper by two gents; state experience and salary required; good ref. given and expected. Ad. L 5, this office. t65

General Housework.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman to do general housework and milk cow; small family. 1829 Biddle st. m62

WANTED—At 1108 Stoddard av., a girl to do general housework. m66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework, 1723 California av., in family of three. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, at 2732, Adams st. m66

A STEADY young woman wanted for general housework and plain cooking in small hotel; no washing; no boarders kept. Ad., stating wages, P. O. box 234, Salem, Ill. m66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework at 2116 Clark av. m66

WANTED—Competent colored woman for general housework at once, 16 South Twentieth. m66

WANTED—A good German or Swede girl for general housework. Apply Sunday morning and Monday at 2728 Gamble or Biddle st. m66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in family of three; good wages. 3215 Pine st. m66

WANTED—Woman to do housework in a small family; must come well recommended. Apply at 3036 Eads av., formerly Sarsfield; 4th-st. cars to Compton av. t66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 2207 Chouteau av. t66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1917 Lasalle st. t66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; also nurse girl. Apply at 2713 Stoddard st. t66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 1917 Virginia av., one block south of Lafayette and one block west of Compton avs. m66

WANTED—Girl for housework; apply immediately. 1833 Morgan st. t66

WANTED—Girl about 16 to help with housework. Apply at once at 819 Tayon av. t66

Cooks, Etc.

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—Good steady German woman to cook; also good German girl for dining-room and general work. t68

ALL cooks should advise their madames to try L. Mohr's ice cream, fruit ices, fine cakes and confectionery, corner Chouteau av. and 15th st. 68

A COOK, washer and ironer at 2900 Russell av. t68

GOOD cook and housegirl. Apply Franklin house. t68

WANTED—Woman to do cooking and house work at No. 1224 Washington av. w68

WANTED—Girl, with references, to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 2902 Pine st. t68

WANTED—A first-class cook at 1219 Washington av. t68

WANTED—A good female cook; 1124 Locust st. t68

WANTED—A good cook, to wash and iron; also a house girl to assist; German preferred. 3412 Washington av. t68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—First-class dressmaker, (must cut by S. T. Taylor's system) to take charge of a first-class dressmaking department in a flourishing and stylish city of Missouri; good salary and permanent employment to a competent person. Apply to Rosenheim, Levis & Co., 6th and Washington av. m69

WANTED—At once, twenty-five experienced girls to work on pants by machine and hand; no machines run by pedal power. Apply 1713 Carondelet av. m69

WANTED—Girls, take home partly made cloaks to finish; sewing by hand; to those who can finish many garments work sent home. Max Judd & Co., 710 and 712 Washington av. 69

WANTED—Every lady in St. Louis to see the new High-arm Howe, at 921 Olive st. 69

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Nurses.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A GIRL wanted, to take care of a child two years old, and help in light housework. Apply at 213 N. 8th st., 1st floor. m70

WANTED—Neat, steady girl, 16 to 18 years old, as nurse; ref. required. Apply at 3625 Finney av., opp. Rock church, Grand av. m70

WANTED—A nurse girl, who will assist in housework, at 1721 California av. Take 4th-st. cars to corner California and Lafayette avs. m70

WANTED—A girl about 14 or 15 to assist with care of children. Apply 2638 Olive st. m70

WANTED—A German girl from 14 to 16 years old, to nurse in small family; a good home guaranteed. Call at 2847 Clark av. t70

Miscellaneous.

GIRL chambermaid and a middle-aged woman. Mechanics' hotel, 1523 Broadway. w71

LADIES should use telephone No. 3302 in ordering their cakes, ice creams and confections generally; delivered promptly all over the city, at lowest prices, by Mohr, cor. Chouteau av. and 15th st 71

WANTED—Good girl, at 1113 Locust st., for dining room and chamber work; one who understands waiting on the table preferred. t71

WANTED—Three German girls, to make paper boxes. 518 Christy av. t71

WANTED—A dining-room girl, at 1428 Olive st. t71

WANTED—Two first-class chambermaids at Hurst's Hotel, 4th and Locust sts. t71

WANTED—Two scrub girls at Hurst's hotel, 4th and Locust sts. t71

WANTED—Twenty respectable girls daily for families, hotels, etc., for best situations in St. Louis. Apply at "Workingwoman's Union," 812 Chestnut st.

WANTED—An English or colored girl 15 or 16 to help with housework in small private family; wages $1 75 a week. Call at 829 Tayon ave. m71

DRESSMAKING.

A LARGE yard and a large fourteen feet swing, for recess, at Mrs. E. M. McCarthy, 1343 N. 17th st.

WANTED—Every lady in St. Louis to see the new High-arm Howe, at 921 Olive st. 72

ORDERS OF PUBLICATION.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
April Term, 1883.
Wednesday, May 2, 1883.
Meredith Coleman Brickey
vs.
Mary Belle Brickey.

It appearing from the petition this day filed that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of the plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce on the grounds of desertion without reasonable cause, and a second marriage since contracted by defendant with one Henry Preston, with whom she is now living.

And unless she appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 3d day of May, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1883.
Saturday, June 16, A. D. 1883.
Estate of Alexander Valley.

Now at this day come Charles L. Thayer and R. E. Langwell, creditors of the estate of Alexander Valley, deceased, by their attorney, and present to the court their petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, and Martrom D. Lewis, public administrator in charge of said estate, having filed the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, hereto affixed this 16th day of June, 1883.
[L. S.] W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
R. M. Nichols, attorney for petitioners.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1883.
Wednesday, June 6, A. D 1883.
Daniel E. Garrison
vs.
The Kansas Rolling Mill Company.
No. 61,409.
Attachment.

It appearing from the sheriff's return upon the summous in this suit that said defendant cannot be found in the city of St. Louis; and it further appearing to the court from the affidavit this day filed herein, that said defendant is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Kansas, and that it has no office or place of business in the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of three thousand dollars and interest, on account of a certain negotiable promissory note, bearing date August 15, 1882, executed by said defendant, payable four months after date to the order of the National Bank of the Republic, with interest from maturity at six per cent per annum, and that its property has been attached;

And unless it appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid according to law, judgment will be rendered against it, and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 8th day of June, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ESTATE NOTICES.

ESTATE OF Francis W. Lancaster, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Francis W. Lancaster,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 21st day of May, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1883.
GONA LANCASTER,
54N Executor of Francis W. Lancaster, deceased.

ESTATE of Julia Farrelly, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Julia Farrelly,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 12th day of June, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
THOS. F. FARRELLY, Administrator.
Dated this 23d day of June, 1883.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

No. 14,743 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Timothy Desmond, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Timothy Desmond,

deceased, and that I did so on the 21st day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned, for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, 2d floor.
St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1883.

NOTICE—To the heirs of Guiseppe Cloch alias Louis Monteene, deceased, Guiseppe Cloch, alias Louis Monteene committed suicide on or about the 9th day of May, A. D., 1881, in the city of St. Louis. Deceased was an Italian by birth, was about thirty-eight years old, had dark eyes, black hair, dark complexion, goatee on chin, a stone mason by trade. Deceased left a lot of ground in city block 978, having a front of 25 feet on Gamble street, St. Louis; said lot had two 2-story six-room brick houses on it; cash, $11 38 and personal property valued at $33 55, open accounts due him $63 50. The houses were sold under an order of court to pay debts, and at a final settlement of said estate, filed in the probate court for the city of St. Louis, on the 21st day of June, 1883, there was a balance due the estate of seventeen hundred and thirty-six 29-100 dollars. If this money is not claimed by the heirs of deceased prior to June, 1884, it will be paid into the treasury of the state of Missouri.

For further particulars address
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public administrator City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, June 23, 1883.

TRUSTEES' SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, N. Grattan Murphy and Eliza W., his wife, and George W. Murphy and Margaret W., his wife, by their deed dated September 12th, 1870, and recorded on page 254 of book 443 of the records of the Recorder Deeds, for the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, (to which reference is here made for greater certainty of description) conveyed to a trustee the following described real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: All those certain lots of ground marked and numbered respectively as lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3 (on plat of subdivision made by C. E. Solomon), in Bonhomme township, said county, and more particularly known and described as United States survey No. 882, confirmed to the legal representatives of John Cummins, containing (formerly) 640 acres, and being the same acquired by Andrew Murphy by deed of David Barton, dated September 1, 1818, recorded in said St. Louis county, in book H, page 89. Plat of survey was made and subdivided by C. E. Solomon, County Surveyor, which said plat is on record with deed dated November 30, 1859, of partition, to George W. Murphy, recorded at page 482 in book 278, said office, whereby there was conveyed to said George W. Murphy lot No. 3, containing 94 44-100 acres.

And by deed of partition dated November 30, 1859, between the heirs of Andrew Murphy, deceased, recorded at page 56, of book 280, in said Recorder's office, and by deed from James S. Murphy and wife to N. Grattan Murphy, dated September 28, 1867, recorded in said Recorder's office, at page 35, book 350. Said N. Grattan Murphy acquired lots Nos. one (1) and two (2) containing 94 44-1000 acres, and in the aggregate 188 88-100 acres, said lots one (1) and two (2) and three (3) containing in all 283 32-100 acres, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and, whereas said trustee has refused to serve, and the Circuit Court of the County of St. Louis has, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, appointed the undersigned in the place instead of said trustee to execute said deed of trust; now, in pursuance of said deed of trust contained, and of the order of said court, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1883the at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, offer said property for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes provided for in said deed of trust.

ROBERT SCHNECKO,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, and, by appointment, Trustee. 45J

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, a note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by James Garnett and wife, dated the 24th day of June, 1874, and recorded in book 505, page 29 of the St. Louis city records, remains fully unpaid, and whereas the trustee in said deed of trust, named Richard H. Spencer, is absent from the state, and the sheriffs of the county and of the city have both declined to act, and the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 28th day of June, 1883, has appointed Charles Thaw as trustee to execute said trust, now, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, C. Thaw, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust and appointment aforesaid, will, on

FRIDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JULY, 1883,
at the eastern front door of the court-house in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust, the following described lot of land lying in the city of St. Louis, state of Missouri, and in city block number 1257, block 34 in St. Louis commons, being subdivision of lot No. 5, described in said deed of trust as follows: A lot having a front on the north side of Park avenue of 135 feet by a depth on its west line of 208 7-12 feet, more or less; and a width on its north side of 133 11½-12 feet, more or less; and a depth on its eastern line of 195¾ more or less; the present more exact description of lot somewhat changed by reason of Park avenue having been widened, is as follows: Front 135' 11"; west line 191' 7¾"; north side 133' 10½"; east line 179' 4¾"; bounded south by Park avenue, west by land of Francis Beehler, north by Tony's addition, east by lot Two assigned to Wm. Morris; and being the same real estate acquired by said Garnett, by deed from John F. Humphreys and wife, dated March 6, 1872, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county in book 447, page 191.

CHARLES THAW.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Wereas, Oliver P. Saylor and Mary Louise Saylor, his wife, by their deed dated January the twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the then county, now city of St Louis, in book 469, page 348, conveyed to Frederick S. Behrens, the following described lot or parcel of ground situated and lying in the city (and then county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the east line of Prairie avenue two hundred and forty-two (242 feet eleven (11) inches north of the north line of Parsons street, thence northwardly along the east line of Prairie avenue one hundred and ten (110) feet eleven (11) inches; thence eastwardly and parallel to Parsons street five hundred and thirty-three (533) feet more or less, to the west line of Spring avenue; thence southwardly along the west line of Spring avenue one hundred and ten (110) feet eleven (11) inches; thence westwardly and parallel on Parsons street five hundred and thirty-three (533) feet more or less, to the place of beginning, and being the same tract of land conveyed by deed recorded in book 423, page 68, and book 464, page 332, of the St. Louis county (now city) records, which conveyance was so made in trust to secure the payment of seven cert in negotiable promissory notes therein described, one of said notes being for the principal sum of six thousand dollars, payable three years after the date thereof, and whereas said principal note has long since become due and payable and now remains due and unpaid, and whereas, the said Frederick S. Behrens, trustee has departed this life, and the Circuit Court of St. Louis county, at its June term, 1883, to-wit: On the 6th day of June, 1883, ordered and decreed that the undersigned, Delos R. Haynes, be appointed trustee, to execute said trust in the place and stead of said Frederick S. Behrens, deceased, with all the powers and authority vested by said deed in said Behrens, the original trustee; now, therefore, the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of said unpaid note, and by virtue of the authority given in said deed and by said order and decree of said court, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF JULY, 1883,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property above described at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said unpaid note with the interest accrued thereon, together with the costs and expenses of this trust.

DELOS R. HAYNES,
Trustee.

St. Louis, 1883. 21N

WHEREAS, Edward Timmonds, by his certain deed of trust, dated June 16, 1882, and recorded in book 678, page 301, in the office of recorder of deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri, to-wit: Lots Nos. 10, 11 and 14, in block eight of the third subdivision of the estate of Robert Wash; each of said lots have a front of 50 feet on the northern line of Cottage street, by a depth northwardly of 133 feet, 11⅝ inches, to an alley, except lot 14, which is 55 feet front; also, lots 2, 3, 30 and 31, in block No. 10 of said sub-division. Said lots 2 and 3 have each a front of 50 feet on the northern line of Cottage street, by a depth northwardly of 133 feet, 11 7-16 inches, to an alley; said lots 30 and 31 have each a front of 50 feet on the southern line of Kennedy avenue, by a depth southwardly of 133 feet and 11 9-16 inches, to an alley, as per plat recorded in plat book 8, page 144, of the St. Louis recorder's office, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described. And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of one of said notes, therein described, now past due and unpaid. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will, on

FRIDAY, JULY 20TH, 1883,
between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell said property, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust. MARCUS A. WOLFF, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Henry R. Watson and Delia V., his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated February 4, A. D., 1881, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county of St. Louis, Mo., in book 18, page 73, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the County of St. Louis, Mo., to wit: Seven acres and one-seventh of an acre, commencing at a stake where the northern line of Page or Cook avenue intersects the western line of the land taken and condemned for the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway Company by proceedings in the Circuit Court of St. Louis, case No. 36,345, running thence north 74 degrees 31 minutes west along the northern line of Page or Cook avenue four hundred and eighty-six feet one and one-fourth inches (486' 1¼") to a stake, thence north 0 degree 29 minutes east seven hundred and seventy-eight feet and seven inches (778' 7") to a stake, thence south 89 degrees 31 minutes east two hundred and thirty-seven feet, seven and three-fourths inches (237' 7¾") to the intersection with the western line of land condemned for the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway Company as aforesaid, thence along the western line of said land south 7 degrees 45 minutes east, two hundred and five feet to a stake, thence south 52 degrees 45 minutes, east one hundred and forty-one feet and five inches (141' 5") to a stake, thence south 7 degrees 45 minutes, east six hundred and twenty-three feet, three and three-fourths inches (623' 3¾") to the point of beginning; being part of U. S. survey No. 2,033, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, and, whereas, one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, A. D., 1883,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above-described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Erskine C. Curtis and Sarah B., his wife, by their deed of trust, dated 25th July, 1874, and recorded in book 500, page 485, of present St. Louis city records, conveyed to the undersigned the following real estate, lying in block 757 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen and twenty, in the east half of block eleven of suburb St. George, an addition to said city of St. Louis, a plat whereof is recorded in the Recorder's office of then St. Louis county (now city), said lots containing an aggregate front of 150 feet on the west line of Main (formerly Front street) by a depth westwardly along the north line of Anna street of 240 feet to an alley, bounded north by lot No. 21 in said block, east by said Main street, south by Anna street, and west by said alley, with all the improvements thereon, consisting of buildings, engine, boiler, shafting and machinery in said premises, subject, however, to a deed of trust on the same premises, dated 24th July, 1874, and recorded in St. Louis county (now city), record to secure 8,000 dollars which conveyance was in trust to secure a certain note in said deed described, now long past due and wholly unpaid. Now, in pursuance of the powers and provisions therein, and at the request of the holder thereof, I will sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front court-house door, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on

TUESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1883,
between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of that day, to satisfy said note and interest and costs of sale.

GEORGE DENISON, Trustee.

TRUSTEES' SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Robert A. Bakewell as trustee of Sarah Annie Meegan, Sarah Annie Meegan and James Meegan her husband, by their deed dated the 19th day of January, A. D. 1877, and recorded in book 564, page 242, in the recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, state of Missouri, conveyed to Edward Daly, in trust, the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, state of Missouri: Beginning at a point in the south line of Austin street, at the distance of one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet, more or less, eastwardly from the east line of Sixteenth street; thence eastwardly along the southern line of said Austin street fifty (50) feet, more or less, to the westernmost boundary of lot No. twenty-one (21); thence southwardly along the western line of said lot No. 21 one hundred feet to a ten-foot alley; thence westwardly along the northern line of said alley fifty feet, more or less, to a point; thence northwardly on a direct line one hundred feet to the place of beginning; being lots Nos. 19 and 20, embraced in a deed from William Hassinger and wife by trustee to William H. Reid, dated April 10, 1860, recorded in book 233, page 400, of the records of St. Louis county, Missouri; which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described. And whereas all of said notes remain due and unpaid, with the interest thereon, and the said Edward Daly has died, and the circuit court of the city of St. Louis has, by its order made on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1883, appointed Charles Slevin, of the city of St. Louis, trustee, instead of said Daly, deceased. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and by virtue of the said order of court and the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, JULY 23, 1883,
between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

CHARLES SLEVIN, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by his deed of trust dated November seventh, 1878, and recorded in book 602, page 251 of the recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, which said deed was reformed by a decree of the circuit court of the said city of St. Louis, June seventh, 1883, Francis J. Laitner conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate situate in said city of St. Louis, to-wit: A lot on the northeast corner of Arsenal and Salena streets, bounded west by Salena street, south by Arsenal street, north by property of F. J. Laitner, and east by Hagens, having a front of 81 feet 6 inches on Salena street, and a depth of 83 feet 2¼ inches on Arsenal street, which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes, and the same are due and unpaid, now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed and said decree, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF JULY, 1883,
between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to sell, at the east front door of the court-house in said city of St. Louis, at public vendue or outcry, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described real estate, for the purposes of said trust.

CHARLES LAITNER, Trustee.
Hermann & Reyburn, Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST—Whereas Clark Hooper and Mary, his wife by their deed dated the 25th day of January A D., 1860, and recorded in the recorder's office of St Louis county, now city, in book 230, page 426, conveyed to Charles K. Dickson and Wm. S. Nelson in trust, the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, as follows, to-wit:

Lots number 7, 8, 9 and 10, of block number two, of the northeastern subdivision of block number 29, of the City Commons of St. Louis, and being more fully described as follows: Beginning at a point, being the intersection of the southern line of Shenandoah street with the eastern line of Kansas avenue, thence south with Kansas avenue 125 feet to the northern side of an alley, thence east with said alley 110 feet to a point in the said northern line of said alley, thence north and parallel with Kansas avenue, 125 feet to Shenandoah street, thence west to the place of beginning, being the same property this day conveyed to the party of the first part by James B. Eads, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of two certain promissory notes in said deed described. And whereas, said notes remain due and unpaid, and the said Charles K. Dickson and Wm. S. Nelson, said trustees, have departed this life without completing the duties imposed on them by said deed; and whereas by virtue and authority of the power vested in me by said deed of trust, in case of the inability of the trustees hereinbefore mentioned to perform the duties imposed on them by said deed of trust.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and by virtue of the power vested in me by said deed and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, A. D., 1883,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, June 28, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a pluries execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Michael Tarlotting, plaintiff, and against Adelia Bokern, defendant.

I have levied upon and seized, subject to her claim of homestead exemption, all the right, title and interest of the defendant in the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the west line of Twenty-first street, where the same is intersected by the south line of Clark avenue, and running west along Clark avenue on the south line of Clark avenue fifty (50) feet; thence south parallel with Twenty-first street eighty-two feet six inches; thence east parallel with Clark avenue fifty feet to Twenty-first street, and thence north along Twenty-first street eighty-two feet six inches to the place of beginning.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JULY, 1883,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named Adelia Bokern of, in and to the above described property, subject to her claim of homestead exemption, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 20, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of John Moran are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground 3 feet and 9 inches in front on Rappahannock street by 20 feet deep, and running to a point, being lot 51 in block 16 of Labadie and Lynch's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JULY, 1883,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 20, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term 1883, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Lyman P. Milligan and against John A. Sloan and Robert A. Stranahan.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant John A. Sloan subject to any right of homestead exemption in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Lot in city block 950, lot 11 block 9 of Carr's addition, 25 feet by 153 feet 7 inches to alley.

No. 2. Lot in city block 950, lot 19 in block number 9 Carr's addition, 25 feet front on Biddle street by 153 feet 7 inches deep to alley.

No. 3. Lot in city block 1678 Picot et al. subdivision lot five (5) twenty-five feet front by 90 feet deep to alley.

No. 4. Lot in city block 1678, lot six (6) Picot et al. subdivision, 25 feet front by 90 feet deep to alley.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JULY, 1883,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John A. Sloan of, in and to the above described property, subject to any right of homestead exemption, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of J. H. Degenhart and against Anton Barada and Eliza Barada, his wife.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number four (4) of block seven (7) in Bart Guion's subdivision of United States survey number 115, now in city block number 2932 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri; said lot fronts forty-three feet and four inches (43' 4") on the west side of Tenth street by a depth of seventy (70) feet, more or less.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1883,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Anton Barada and Eliza Barada, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said general and special execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 22, 1883.

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THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

SCROFULA

and all Scrofulous Diseases, Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Blotches, Ringworm, Tumors, Carbuncles, Boils and Eruptions of the Skin, are the direct result of an impure state of the blood. To cure these diseases the blood must be purified and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.

"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me. Yours respectfully,
MRS. ANN O'BRIAN."
148 Sullivan St., New York, June 24, 1882.

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stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures *Rheumatism, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility* and all diseases arising from an impoverished or corrupted condition of the blood and a weakened vitality.

It is incomparably the cheapest blood medicine, on account of its concentrated strength and great power over disease.

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RUDOLPH'S Floating Wire Minnow Bucket and Fish Decoy; never loses the inside bucket; floats on the water; draws other fish to it, making good fishing around the bucket. For sale at Meacham's, or Simmons', or McCleans', or Albright's and all dealers in sporting goods. Big discount to the trade.

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Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Excess Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Headache, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Treatment without hindrance to business, safe, sure and permanent. Sent everywhere by mail or express.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill, and physicians in regular practice all over the country, knowing this, frequently recommend cases to this oldest office in America, where every known appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. A whole house is used for office purposes, and all are treated with skill in a respectful manner; and knowing what to do, no experiments are made.

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All those who from indiscretions, excesses or other causes are weak, unnerved, low spirited, physically drained, and unable to perform life's duties properly, can be certainly and permanently cured, without stomach medicines. Endorsed by doctors, ministers and the press. *The Medical Weekly* says: "The old plan of treating Nervous Debility, Physical Decay, &c., is wholly superseded by THE MARSTON BOLUS." Even hopeless cases assured of certain restoration to full and perfect manhood. Simple, effective, cleanly, pleasant. Send for treatise. Consultation with physician free.
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Cures all Nervous Diseases, Mental and Physical Weakness, General Debility, Organic Weakness, or any of the train of evils arising from Indiscretions, Over Brain Work, OR ANY OTHER CAUSE, which often terminate in Consumption or Insanity. All those who from the effects of Youthful Imprudence have brought about a state of weakness that has reduced the general system so much as to induce symptoms of nearly every other disease, can use this remedy with the assurance of a speedy cure. The recuperative powers of DR. SCHNABLE'S restorative are truly astonishing, and its use for a short time changes the languid debilitated, nerveless condition to one of renewed life and vigor. The ingredients are—barks, herbs, etc., Price One Dollar For sale at Bohannan's Drug Store, No. 621 N. Fifth Street, Corner Christy Ave. St. Louis, Mo. Sole Agents for the U. S.

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SONNET UNTO A BAREFOOT BOY.

The barefoot boy! I mark him at his play—
For May is here once more, and so is he—
His dusty trousers, rolled half to the knee,
And his bare ankles dirty, too, as they;
Cross-hatchings of the nettle, in array
Of feverish-stripes, hint vividly to me
Of woody pathways winding endlessly
Along the creek, where even yesterday
He plunged his shrinking body—gasped and shook;
Yet called the water "warm," with never lack
Of joy. And so, half enviously, I look
Upon this graceless barefoot and his track—
His toe stubbed—aye, his big toe-nail knocked back
Like unto the clasp of an old pocket-book.

THREE BRAVE MEN.

Pretty Barbara Ferron would not marry. Her mother was in consternation.

"Why are you stubborn, Barbara?" she asked. "You have plenty of lovers."

"But they do not suit," said Barbara, coolly tying back her curls before the mirror.

"Why not?"

"I want to marry a man who is brave, equal to any emergency. If I give up my liberty I want it taken care of."

"Silly child! what is the matter with Big Barney, the blacksmith?"

"He is big, but I never heard that he was brave."

"And you never heard that he was not. What is the matter with Ernest, the gunsmith?"

"He is as placid as goat's milk."

"That is no sign that he is a coward. There is little Fritz, the tanner; he is quarrelsome enough for you, surely!"

"He is no bigger than a bantam cock. It is little good he can do if the house was set upon by robbers."

"It is not always strength that wins a fight, girl. It takes brains as well as brawn. Come, now, Barbara, give these young fellows a fair trial."

Barbara turned her face before the mirror, letting down one raven tress and looping up another.

"I will, mother," she said at last.

That evening Ernest, the gunsmith, knocked at the door.

"You sent for me, Barbara?" he said, going to the girl, who stood upon the hearth, coquettishly warming one pretty foot and then the other.

"Yes, Ernest," she replied, "I've been thinking on what you said the other night when you were here."

"Well, Barbara?"

Ernest spoke quietly, but his dark blue eyes flashed, and he looked at her intently.

"I want to test you."

"How?"

"I want to see if you dare do a very disagreeable thing."

"What is it?"

"There is an old coffin up stairs. It smells mouldy. They say Redmond, the murderer, was buried in it; but the devil came for his body and left the coffin empty at the end of a week, and it was finally taken from the tomb. It is up stairs in the room grandfather died in, and they say grandsire does not rest easy in his grave for some reason, though that I know nothing about. Dare you make that coffin your bed to-night?"

Ernest laughed.

"Is that all? I will do that and sleep soundly. Why, pretty one, did you think I had weak nerves?"

"Your nerves will have good proof if you undertake it. Remember, no one sleeps in that wing of the house."

"I shall sleep the sounder."

"Good night, then. I will send a lad to show you the chamber. If you stay till morning," said the imperious Miss Barbara, with a nod of her pretty head, "I will marry you."

"You vow it?"

Ernest turned straight away, and followed the lad in waiting, through dim rooms and passages up echoing stairs, along narrow damp ways, where rats scuttled before to a low chamber. The lad looked pale and scared, and evidently wanted to hurry away, but Ernest made him wait till he took a survey by the aid of his lamp. It was very large and full of recesses, which had been barred across. He remembered that the old grandsire Ferron had been insane for several years before his death, so that this precaution had been necessary for the safety of himself and others. In the center of the room stood a coffin, beside it stood a chair. The room was otherwise perfectly empty.

Ernest stretched himself out in the coffin.

"Be kind enough to tell Miss Barbara it is a very good fit," he said.

The boy went out and shut the door, leaving the young gunsmith alone in the dark.

Meanwhile Barbara was talking with the big blacksmith in the sitting-room.

"Barney," said she, pulling her hand away from his grasp when he would have kissed her, "I've a test to put you to before I give you an answer. There is a corpse lying in the chamber where my grandsire died, in the untenanted wing of the house. If you dare sit with it all night and let nothing drive you away from your post you will not ask me again in vain."

"You will give me a light and bottle of wine and a book to read?"

"Nothing."

"Are these all the conditions you can offer me, Barbara?"

"All. And if you are frightened you need never look me in the face again."

So Barney was conducted to his post by the lad, who had been instructed in the secret, and whose involuntary start at Ernest's placid face as he lay in the coffin was attributed by Barney to the natural awe of a corpse. He took his seat and the boy left him alone with the darkness, the rats and the coffin.

Soon after, young Fritz, the tanner, arrived, flattered and hopeful from the fact that Barbara had sent for him.

"Have you changed your mind, Barbara?"

"No; and I shall not until I know that you can do a really brave thing."

"What shall it be? I swear to satisfy you, Barbara."

"I have a proposal to make to you. My plan requires skill as well as courage."

"Tell me."

"Well, in this house there is a man watching a corpse. He has sworn not to leave his post till morning. If you can make him do it I shall be satisfied that you are as smart and as brave as I require a husband to be."

"Why, nothing is so easy!" exclaimed Fritz. "I can scare him away. Furnish me with a sheet, show me the room and go to your rest, Barbara. You shall find me at the post in the morning."

Barbara did as required and saw the tanner step lightly away to his task. It was then nearly twelve o'clock and she sought her own chamber.

Barney was sitting at his vigil, and so far all had been well.

The night seemed very long, for he had no means of counting the time. At times a thrill went through him, for it seemed as if he could hear a low, suppressed breathing not far away. He persuaded himself that it was the wind blowing through the crevices of the old house. Still it was very lonely and not at all cheerful.

The face in the coffin gleamed white still. The rats squeaked as if there was a famine upon them and they smelled dead flesh. The thought made him shudder. He got up and walked about, but something made a noise behind him, and he put his chair with its back against the wall and sat down again. He had been at work all day, and at last grew sleepy. Finally he nodded and snored.

Suddenly it seemed as if somebody had touched him. He awoke with a start, and saw nobody near, though in the center of the room stood a white figure.

"Curse you, get out of this," he exclaimed, in a fright, using the first words that came to his tongue.

The figure held out its arm and slowly approached him. He started to his feet. The specter came nearer, pressing him into the corner.

"The mischief take you!" cried Barney, in his extremity.

Involuntarily he stepped back; still the figure advanced, coming nearer and nearer, as if to take him in a ghostly embrace. The hair started up on Barney's head; he grew desperate, and just as the gleaming arm would have touched him he fell on the ghost like a whirlwind, tearing the sheet, thumping, pounding, beating and kicking, more and more enraged at the resistance he met, with, which told him the truth.

As the reader knows, he was big, and Fritz was little, and while he was pounding the little fellow terribly and Fritz was trying to get a lunge at Barney's stomach, to take the wind out of him, both kicking and plunging like horses, they were petrified by hearing a voice cry:

"Take one of your size, Big Barney."

Looking around they saw the corpse sitting up in his coffin. This was too much. They released each other and sprang for the door. They never knew how they got out; but they ran home in hot haste, panting like stags.

It was Barbara herself who came and opened the door the next morning.

"It's very early; one more little nap," said he, "one more little nap," turning over in his coffin.

So she married him; though she sent Fritz and Barney invitations to the wedding, they did not appear. If they discovered the trick they kept the knowledge to themselves and never willingly faced Barbara's laughing eyes again.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

ANCIENT RUINS IN SONORA.

One of the Recently Discovered Lost Cities of Mexico.

From the Tucson Citizen.

Ancient ruins have recently been discovered in Sonora, which, if reports are true, surpass anything of the kind yet found on this continent. The ruins are said to be about four leagues southeast of Magdalena. There is one pyramid which has a base of 4,350 feet and rises to the height of 750 feet; there is a winding roadway from the bottom leading up on an easy grade to the top, wide enough for carriages to pass over, which is said to be twenty-three miles in length; the outer walls of the roadway are laid in solid masonry from huge blocks of granite in rubble, and the circles are as uniform and the grade as regular as they could be made at this date by our best engineers. The wall, however, is only occasionally exposed, being covered over with the debris and earth, and in many places the sahuaro and other indigenous plants and trees have grown up, giving the pyramid the appearance of a mountain. To the east of the pyramid a short distance is a small mountain about the same size, which rizes to about the same height, and, if reports are true, will prove more interesting to the archæologist than the pyramid. There seems to be a heavy layer of a species of gypsum about half-way up the mountain, which is as white as snow, and may be cut into any conceivable shape, yet sufficiently hard to retain its shape after being cut. In this layer of stone a people of an unknown age have cut hundreds upon hundreds of rooms, from 5x10 to 16 or 18 feet square. These rooms are cut out of the solid stone, and so even and true are the walls, floor and ceiling, so plump and level, as to defy variation. There are no windows in the rooms and but one entrance, which is always from the top. The rooms are about eight feet high from floor to ceiling; the stone is so white that it seems almost transparent, and the rooms are not at all dark. On the walls of these rooms are numerous hieroglyphics and representations of human forms, with hands and feet of human beings cut in the stone in different places. But, strange to say, the hands all have five fingers and one thumb, and the feet have six toes. Charcoal is found on the floors of many of the rooms, which would indicate that they built fires in their houses. Stone implements of every description are to be found in great numbers in and about the rooms. The houses or rooms are one above the other, three or four stories high; but between each story there is a jog or recess the full width of the room below, so that they present the appearance of large steps leading up the mountain. Who these people were and what age they lived in must be answered, if answered at all, by the "wise men of the East." Some say they were the ancestors of the Mayos, a race of Indians who still inhabit Southern Sonora, who have blue eyes, fair skin and light hair, and are said to be a moral, industrious and frugal race of people, who have a written language and know something of mathematics.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

Hugh of Lincoln.

From the New York Tribune.

The trial of the Jews accused of murdering a Christian child and of mixing her blood with their passover bread, which began nearly a fortnight ago in a small city of Hungary, is almost precisely similar in details to that of the ninety-two Jews who were tried in Westminster, A. D. 1250, charged with the murder of Hugh of Lincoln, a boy of eight. Hugh's body being found in the well of a Hebrew usurer, it was declared that he had been crucified by the principal Jews of England and his blood mixed with their bread; whereupon the boy was elevated into a saint, whose bones had healing qualities. Eighteen of the Jews, who were mad enough to demand that they should not be judged by Christians alone, were sentenced by Henry III. to be drawn in his presence, which was done, we are told, "in the morning, and after the king had his dinner they were quartered." The property of the ninety-two Jews was seized by the rapacious Queen Eleanor, which conclusion explains the whole story from the beginning. The famous burning of Jews in Brussels, in 1370, grew out of a similar charge, only there it was the sacred wafers that were profanely stabbed and immediately became alive, spouting blood with groans and cries. In short, whenever the money or land of the Jews was wanted by the king or the church in any European country this story of the murdered child and passover bread has cropped up. If the reports are true of the present trial in Nyiregyhaza, it will prove quite as effective in wringing money out of the Jews as it has ever done.

E. W. SALLENKAMP, Washington, Mo., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters sells on its merits; parties once trying it use it again and again."

The Dead Duke.

From the New York World.

The sudden death of the Duke of Marlborough is announced. His grace was sixty-one years of age. Recently, for some reason, he began selling off the rare property of Blenheim estate. At a public sale he realized £36,750 for his gems; his Sunderland library brought him £60,000, and his pictures and enamels £13,122—a nice little total of £109,872. It was announced in London Truth that all the duke's fine pictures, including a costly Raphael, would be brought in due time to the hammer. The duke's great ancestor, General John Churchill, the founder of the house, was a very remarkable man. He was a page in the service of the Duke of York in the time of Charles the Second. His sister occupied peculiar relations to the duke, and through her influence the brother was advanced. When the Duke of York became James II. Churchill was made a general in the army. He was a good soldier and a most rapacious knave. He fought the battles of Ramilles, Malpaquet and Blenheim and taxed the British people beautifully for his service. Titles, pensions, presents, etc., were heaped upon him, and he died the richest man in England. It is related that he carried upon his army rolls for years the names of dead men, whose wages he drew and pocketed. It is to be regretted that the Marlborough title can't be brought to the auction-block and sold as bric-a-brac along with the old pictures and presents.

"WHAT is bred in the bone will never out of the flesh." But rheumatism, piles, malaria, constipation and all other confluents from derangements of the functions of the liver, kidneys and bowels will "out of the flesh" without fail after the thorough use of Kidney-Wort, the cure for all such diseases.

SAYS HE WOULD SMILE.

Well, I should smile in rapture gay
If she would only deign to say,
"I like you as a friend," and slip
Within my palm the finger-tip
She snaps in her coquettish way.

And if her eyes of azure-gray
Grew tender as the blooms of May,
In warmth of my companionship—
Well, I should smile.

But, O, if she her head should lay
Against my buttonhole bouquet,
And lift the lushness of her lip
To mine—my giddy heart would skip
The tra-la-lee till Judgment Day—
Well, I should smile!

LOVE IN THE DEPOT.

Two Families United on a Very Short Acquaintance.

From the Detroit Free Press.

A woman arrived here yesterday forenoon from the east with seven children in tow, and at almost the same hour a man reached the same depot from the north with five offspring of various ages and sizes. She was a widow and he a widower, and the children had not been spanked more than once around before there was a sort of mutual sympathy that begot admiration, and then friendship. One of the widow's boys offered one of the widower's girls a bite of his fried cake, which was accepted in the spirit tendered, and a ten-year old girl belonging to the man made up to the two-year old belonging to the woman, and soon secured the privilege of wiping its nose and combing its hair. Presently the widower made bold to inquire:

"Madam, am I wrong in believing that you are a widow?"

"I have been a widow fourteen months to-day," she answered.

"Great Scots! but it's just fourteen months to-day since my Hanner died! Which way be you going?"

"To Illanoy."

"That's just where I am going, too. Did you promise your husband never to marry again?"

"No."

"And I didn't promise my wife, either. Fact is, I believe I shall unite as soon as I find some good woman."

"And my children need a father's care," she sighed, as she pulled little John Henry off the window sill and bumped him into a seat.

The man got up and walked around the waiting-room and took a closer look at the children. Then he returned and said:

"I suppose you've got a few hundred dollars, belong to some church, can wash and bake and mend, and are of a mild and forgiving disposition?"

"Yes, that's me."

"Well, I'm kinder religious, even-tempered and am worth about $2,000. I'm sort o' struck on you. There's something about your eyes that reminds me of Hanner."

"And you look like Alonzo around the the mouth," she sighed.

Then he bent over and whispered something about Chicago and getting married, and she nodded her head. He gathered his children under his wing, took them into a corner, and solemnly and impressively observed:

"Children, I'm going to git married to that woman over there and give you a new mother. If any of you is going to kick and boohoo about it, begin now, so that I can tune ye down before the train goes. Henry, you are the oldest. Are you going to declare you'll run away or commit suicide? Let me know right now, for this is a good cool place to prance ye around with a shingle."

Henry said he guessed it would be all right, and the rest of the crowd seemed to agree, and ten minutes later the widower and widow sat holding hands and trying to eat peanuts, and twelve children were biting, pulling hair and kicking to see who should have a seat on the steam-heater.

"This is kinder the work of heaven!" chuckled the widower as he hitched a little nearer.

"You bet, love!" she replied, as she shucked another peanut with her teeth.

IF the blood be impoverished, as manifested by pimples, eruptions, ulcers, or running sores, scrofulous tumors, swellings or general debility, take Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Sold by druggists.

ADVERTISE for servants in the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

AN OUTCAST APACHE.

Why Juh, the Chiricahua Chief Was Banished by His People.

From the Tombstone (A. T.) Epitaph.

Much speculation has been indulged in since the return of Gen. Crook concerning the whereabouts of the notorious Juh, the wily Chiricahua chieftain. He was known to have led many of the most daring raids from his Sierra Madre stronghold into both Sonora and Chihuahua, and his numberless fiendish atrocities han caused his name to become a synonym with the Mexicans for all that was hateful and terrible. At the time the Chiricahuas surrendered to Gen. Crook it was stated that Juh and his band were absent on a marauding expedition, and such was generally believed to be the case, but from information recently obtained by an Epitaph reporter it seems pretty certain the dreaded savage, in addition to being at war with the entire white race, is also an outcast from his own people. The story as told to an army officer by one of Crook's captives, who was formerly enlisted as a scout and stationed at Fort Bowie, is about as follows: "Some time last fall Juh and his band made a descent from their mountain fastness upon a small foothill settlement in the state of Chihuahua. The village was surprised by the savages and the fighting portion of the inhabitants either killed or put to flight. After the red devils obtained possession they burned and pillaged the town, outraged the women and murdered the defenseless children, as is their usual custom. Among the plunder was a large quantity of mescal, and the savages, deeming themselves safe from attack, celebrated their victory by free indulgence in the favorite beverage of the Mexicans.

The result was a debauch which would have been worthy of Satan and his imps. Meanwhile the inhabitants who had fled at the time of the attack returned to the scene. They found the savage marauders nearly overcome by their excesses and in no condition to defend themselves. Realizing that their turn had come, the Mexicans were not slow to exact vengeance upon the murderers of their families and destroyers of their homes. An attack was made and only four of the band escaped, among whom was Juh and the ex-scout. They returned to their mountain stronghold, where the families and friends of the exterminated warriors were awaiting their coming. When the result of the ill-fated expedition and the cause of its failure were made known, a howl of indignation was raised and Juh, as the leader of the band, was held responsible for the disaster. His past successes and popularity were not sufficient to withstand the storm of indignation and the discomfited chief was forced to flee for his life, several relatives of the deceased bucks taking a shot at him as he disappeared. Since then the once powerful Juh has had no communication with his tribe and is doubtless still wandering about the Sierra Madres, mourning for his departed greatness.

MONS. O. GIRARD, the great chemist of France, certifies Cook's Imperial Champagne to be the purest and best—no artificial bouquet.

Virginia Anthracite Coal.

From the Baltimore Sun.

Mr. R. N. Pool, a Virginian, who for some years has resided in Philadelphia, is stopping in Baltimore at Barnum's. He has for a long time been engaged in geological investigations into the mineral resources of the Virginia valley region. He brought with him to Baltimore some handsome specimens of anthracite coal from a basin of that deposit near Rawley, twelve miles from Harrisburg, on the Valley railroad of the Baltimore and Ohio system. The coal is a pure white-ash anthracite, which, he says, shows better than Pennsylvania Lykens valley coal in analysis. It is an older deposit than the Pennsylvania anthracite, and this fact may have led to the statement of Maj. Hotchkiss before the American Institute of mining engineers that there is no anthracite deposit in Virginia worth anything as a commercial commodity. Mr. Pool, following the report of Rogers in 1836 on the geological resources of Virginia, has labored in that field since 1875, and spent thousands of dollars in his investigations. He used the diamond drill in his researches after anthracite, and says the facts established are incontrovertible that the deposit exists in veins of three to eight feet in a territory forty miles in extent, of which Rawley and Brooks' gap are the basins. He considers the supply very great, and that the coal is the purest anthracite known. He believes that the established existence of this coal will be of great advantage to Baltimore. A branch of a few miles from Broadway, on the Valley railroad, will lead into it, and one of twelve miles to Rawley will tap the basin there. The iron ore deposits of the same region are also said to be very rich.

CHOICE brands Whiskies and Wines for family and medicinal purposes, by the bottle or gallon. Delivery free. John R. Crump & Co., 5th and Market.

OBTAIN rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

A MESSAGE FROM THE SEA.

A Bottle and Its Message Carried 700 Miles to a Dead Captain's Home.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Six years ago the schooner Ida Burdsall, of Toms river, N. J., sailed from Philadelphia for a southern port. She was commanded by H. C. Brewer, of Point Pleasant, N. J., who had shipped a full complement of officers and men. The vessel and its ill-fated crew passed down the river and out beyond the capes with all sails set, apparently bound upon a prosperous and swift voyage. She was never seen again. Days glided by, and the owners of the Burdsall and Captain Brewer's wife waited patiently for news of a safe arrival in the schooner's south-bound port. Weeks wore on to months and no tidings came.

Mrs. Brewer and her son wept for the lost husband and father, and as the years passed on they gave up all hope. The son grew up to man's estate, and finally, when time had softened the grief of her loss, the wife married again and moved away from the old home whence her first husband had left her to go down to his watery grave.

Two weeks ago a passing idler along the surf at Ocean Beach picked up a sealed bottle from the waves. The bottle contained a scrap of paper, on which a few almost indistinct lines were written. It was a message from the dead, which had been tossed upon the ocean for six years, buffeted for thousands of miles, and thrown up at last within a few miles of the home for which it was intended. The scrawling lines were written by Capt. Brewer to his wife, dated off the terrible coast of Hatteras, where his vessel went down. The captain wrote that he expected to go down every moment, and he desired, in case the bottle and its contents were found, that the paper should be sent to Mrs. Brewer, at Point Pleasant, Ocean county, N. J. He sent his love to her and his son, and exhorted the latter to always look out for the comfort and welfare of his mother. Young Brewer, the son, now lives at Cape May, and the bottle and paper were the other day forwarded to him. He at once recognized the handwriting as that of his father, and was the bearer of the long-delayed missive to his mother, who was greatly affected at the reception of such an unexpected message from her dead husband. She confirmed the judgment of her son as to the writing, and retained the paper as a precious souvenir.

A. T. NICHOLS, Trenton, Mo., says: "I have never sold anything that gives more universal satisfaction than Brown's Iron Bitters."

ANGEL CAKE shipped to all parts of the U. S Beers, caterer, Twenty-ninth and Olive street.

The Origin of Restaurant.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

In 1765 a cook named Boulanger, who kept a shop at the corner of the Rue des Poulies and the Rue Bailleul, in Paris, hung out a large white flag bearing the inscription (imitated, of course, from the passage in the New Testament): "Venite ad me, omnes qui stomacho laboratis, et ego restaurabo vos." Beneath these words was a list of his prices. And as the good man did not look for outrageous profits, his dining-room was quickly invaded by all the young bloods of the capital, and every one began to ask his neighbor, "Have you been to Boulanger's?" The favorite dish at the new house was nothing more appetizing than sheep's trotters; but so excellently was the humble fare cooked that large quantities of it were sent out daily to all the great mansions in the neighborhood.

The restaurant was much resorted to by the courtiers of the day, and even the celebrated gourmet Moncrieff, the academician, went there regularly. Being reader to the queen, he at last sounded the praise of sheep's trotters to the ears of royalty; and Boulanger, who had by this time accumulated a fortune, was ordered to supply the table of Louis XV. Thenceforward the restaurant became one of the peculiar features of Parisian life; and within the next few years Very opened that far-famed establishment which, after having been the resort of Saint Just and Marat, was removed in 1808 from the Allee des Oranges to its present quarters.

Interested in Fire and Water.

Such leading men as Capt. Ben. Bullwinkle, of the fire patrol, Chicago, Ill.; Thomas F. Nevins, Esq., chief engineer fire department, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Jas. Thompson, Esq., fire marshal, Philadelphia, Pa.; Thos. Willard, Esq., fire commissioner, Albany, N. Y., have used the infallible cure, St. Jacob's Oil, and endorse and recommend it.

OBTAIN rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

Talmage Meets a Western Man.

From the Chicago Tribune.

On his way home from his western trip the Rev. Dr. Talmage saw a man on the train whom he thought he knew, and, approaching him, he asked politely if he was not the Rev. Dr. Sturgis.

"No you don't," replied the man. "You can't get me into no game and ring four kings on my jacks! I've traveled too much right on this line!"

The doctor apologized and turned away.

"Do you know who that was you insulted so grossly?" asked the conductor of the stranger in an angry tone.

"No, I don't," replied the stranger.

"That was the Rev. Dr. Talmage, a minister of the gospel."

"Just my infernal luck!" ejaculated the man. "That's me clean through! I thought he was a card sharp from Reno. If I'd knowed he was a sure-enough minister I'd have gone into his poker game in a holy minute! I say, you go and explain it to him, and tell him he can use his own deck if he likes."

Wade Hampton on a Scared Horse.

From the Wilmington (N. C.) Star.

Gen. Wade Hampton lost a leg by a mule. He is still a fine horseman. He was marshal at Lexington, Va., on the great occasion of last week, when a burst of music excited his horse greatly, and he began to plunge, and rearing, he fell back on his hannches. An account in the Richmond Dispatch says: "The general seemed to totter and was about to fall to the stone pavement, but ere the cry of alarm had been uttered by those who were standing near by, the gallant horseman had alighted on his foot unhurt, still holding to the rein of the plunging animal, and though ready hands were offered to assist him, saying quietly: 'I can manage him,' the veteran cavalryman, standing upon his only good leg, vaulted into his saddle and rode unconcernedly away."

Skinny Men.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

Genelli 923 OLIVE ST.
Best Cabinets Half-Price During July
To Introduce the New "Genelli" Process.
A fine display of Life-Size Crayons of our prominent citizens executed at our Studio by our own Artists now on exhibition.

Best Hard and Soft Coal.
St. Louis Improved Street Sprinkling Co.,
722 OLIVE STREET.

STATIONERY PRINTING
Robt. D. Patterson & Co.
BLANK BOOKS.
316 & 318 North 3d Str.

CITY NEWS.

ITEMS of interest for the ladies will be found at D. Crawford & Co.'s dress and shoe departments on Monday—see their ad.

FOR A GOOD HAVANA CIGAR, RETAIL Or Wholesale, go to P. Roddy, 422 Washington ave.

A ST. LOUIS belle in Paris writes: "I find Pozzoni's Powder as highly prized here as at home, and the Princess of the Asturias is wild about it."

Dr. E. C. Chase,
12 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, treats with unparalleled success, blood impurities, impediments to marriage, nervous prostration, debility—diseases from indiscretion, excesses, exposure, indulgences. Moderate charges; safely, confidentially; advice free. MARRIAGE GUIDE, 260 pp., sealed, by mail 25 cts.; pamphlet free. Treatment by mail, express or boat.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

At the cave last evening Ford's opera company presented for the first time here Planquette's new three-act opera, "Rip Van Winkle." It has scored a great success in London and will appeal to the popular taste of the west-end amusement-seekers. The libretto was arranged by W. H. Seymour. No expense has been spared by the management at Uhrig's to give due effect to the production. The costumes are handsome, the mounting of the work is complete and elaborate. In the first act the children's roles were sustained by Lily Chambers and Delia Fox. Miss Marie Bockel filled the role of Gretchen in the first act and Meenie in the third. The leading parts were distributed as follows: Rip, Mr. W. H. Seymour; Nick Vedder, Mr. Samuel Reed; Hans von Beekman, Mr. Phil Branson; Derrick, Mr. L. W. Raymond; Kathrina, Miss Louise Eissing. The opera will be repeated to-night.

PEOPLE'S.

The People's theater was re-opened last evening for the presentation of the "White Crook." A large and appreciative audience pronounced it a success, and if the cool weather continues the "White Crook" will draw large houses during the week. All the spectacular features are well brought out. The programme is diversified with some good specialty work. The cast is complete and much taste is displayed in the scenery and costumes. There will be matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

THE PICKWICK.

At this pleasant resort the John E. Ince comedy company will commence an engagement to-night, appearing in the musical comedy "Fun in a Boarding School."

Elgin Creamery Butter.

$10,000 purchase, choice product, best quality; by the tub, 23c; single pound, 24c; choice dairy, by the tub, 18c, single pound 19c; grass butter, by the tub, 11½c; single pound 12c. On sale at all of our stores—725 Franklin avenue, 621 North Sixth, 1306 South Fifth. We have in stock upwards of 48,000 pounds of butter, bought at rock-bottom cash prices, and can supply for a time all who may come. Having an ice chest on each wagon enables us to deliver it fresh, cool and sweet.

IRA BOUTELL & CO.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

TO GROCERS: We guarantee you the finest bread and best rates at Smith's Bakery, 616-620 Wash street. Open day and night.

CITY NEWS.

Capt. R. J. Holcombe of Springfield is in town arranging details for the forthcoming reunion of the survivors of the battle of Wilson's creek.

Sadie Mitchell, a little girl four years of age, wandered from her home at 521 South Fifth street, yesterday morning, and has not been heard of since.

The coroner's jury yesterday held Robert Grayor, alias Wade, responsible for the death of Berry Evans at Reilly & Walfort's stable last Friday.

The Pensioners' Union yesterday afternoon appointed a committee to wait on the mayor, requesting employment in the city departments for members of the association.

Daniel Scruggs, a colored porter, was badly laid out yesterday by Sarah Colman, a colored woman at Eleventh and Carr streets. She threw a brick at his head, causing an ugly wound.

Mrs. Wm. F. Nolker, wife of the brewer, and daughter of the late Theodore Brinckwirth, died yesterday at the family residence, 1905 Cass avenue. The deceased was foremost in works of local charity.

Chief Campbell yesterday afternoon mounted the box of the patrol wagon, drove down to Second and Poplar streets and picked up Fritz Swenzer, a small-pox patient, who was creating a panic in the neighborhood.

A fire yesterday morning at the establishment of Mawdsley & Mephan, Sixth and Chestnut streets, damaged the stock and material considerably. The firm were insured for $3,500. The Dozier-Weyl Cracker company's cake-room suffered to the extent of $2,000; covered by insurance.

The Irish societies met at St. Patrick's hall yesterday afternoon to ratify the action of the Philadelphia convention. The attendance was not large. Dr. Thomas O'Reilly delivered an address. Patrick O'Malley was elected president, Miss Ellen Le Bert vice-president, and Simon Jordan secretary. After effecting organization, a resolution was adopted, offered by Thos. F. Hogan, pledging the Irish in Missouri not to purchase any article of English manufacture.

A. V. VENNES, St. Joseph, Mo., says after taking two bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters he was able to eat the first hearty meal in four years.

OBTAIN rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH, twenty words for ten cents.

THE Washingtonian Home of St. Louis. Inebriety, the opium, morphine and chloral habits specially treated. Robert J. Reilly, M. D., in charge. Meramec street and Virginia av., St. Louis, Mo.

READING NOTICES.

A Card to All suffering from the Error and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

News of the Day from Suburban Points.

Happenings in Illinois and Missouri Towns—Belleville, East St. Louis, Carondelet and Bremen Doings.

Summerfield, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

SUMMERFIELD, ILL., July 7.—While engaged at work in the harvest field, the eleven year old son of Henry Knoecke, residing two and a half miles northeast of here, was instantly killed by a stroke of lightning. The two men who were within a few feet of the unfortunate lad were severely stunned, but were left uninjured otherwise.——With the exception of a few private partyies there was but little interest shown here in the celebration of the Fourth. Many of the patriotic citizens went to the neighboring towns of Trenton, Mascoutah, Lebanon and O'Fallon to witness the demonstrations at those places.——Mr. C. Eisenmayer is absent on a trip through the East.——D. R. Hirschler, after a sojourn of nine months at Ann Arbor, Mich., returned home Tuesday.——G. Vogt made a business trip to St. Louis yesterday.——Miss Ella Peeples has returned home from Missouri, where she has been teaching.——Charley, Julius, and Fred. Fisher all spent the Fourth at home.——Chas. O. Hodgdon, of St. Louis, spent the Fourth here.——Mrs. J. Geers will visit her parents in Ohio preparatory to starting for Washington, Ter., where she will join her husband.——The Misses Lillie and Katie Spilker, two pleasant young ladies from St. Louis, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Julius Winkler.

Jacksonville, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, ILL., July 6.—At five o'clock p. m. on the Fourth the fire alarm was sounded and the column of thick, dark smoke that rolled up South Main street told that it was no false alarm. The fire proved to be the family grocery store of Jones & Guy. The firemen were soon on the ground, and in a few minutes the fire was extinguished. The stock of goods was entirely destroyed, upon which there was partial insurance. The building was damaged about $500, upon which there was no insurance.——The county jail has now only five inmates, three of whom are negroes, who spend most of their evenings singing plantation songs.——Great preparations are being made for the Harrison camp-meeting, which opens at the Fair grounds on the 19th inst. and continues till the first of August. Bishop Warren, Chaplain McCabe and fifty other distinguished ministers will be in attendance. The grounds are the finest in the state, and more than two hundred tenters are expected.——Henry Ward Beecher lectures here on the evening of the 18th inst.——The circuit court has been in session for eight weeks, and Judge Epler has about cleared the docket. It will most likely adjourn for the term in a few days.

Oswego, Kas.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

OSWEGO, KAS., July 7.—Oswego celebrated between the 3d and 5th on the Neosho in a picnic.——Farmers are uneasy about the chinches in the corn.——Young Mr. Argenbright of Macomb, Ill., died here yesterday of phthisis.——Mrs. Harding starts in a day or two to Tucson, A. T., to control the legacy left her by her brother.——There is a movement on foot to organize an United States bank here.——Miss Maggie Newcomb is visiting at Tubsa, I. T.——The grand army had a celebration the Fourth, seven miles east of here.——Robert Carpenter and wife start soon to St. Paul for a pleasure trip.——Rev. Elliott preached at Chetopa last Sunday.——A jury has decided Mr. McAuther insane.——Judge Perviance has sold his residence and will build in the east part of town.——Prof. Chidester has been elected to take charge of the city schools.——Mr. and Mrs. Thompson of Fredonia visited us this week.——Judge Perkins and wife go to California on a visit.——A sister of Mrs. Harding is here on a visit.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Royal fun to-night at branch 42, Iron Hall.

The saloons were all open as usual yesterday.

Carondelet lodge, No. 114, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds regular session to-night.

A branch of the National association of stationary engineers has been organized with a membership of fifteen.

The Klausman Brewing company, having no fears of prohibition, will make improvements to the amount of $100,000.

The postponed picnic of the Sts. Peter and Paul Benevolent society will take place at Waterloo, Ill., on Monday, the 19th.

Two or three drunks and disturbances of the peace before the police court this morning. Fines ranging from $3 to $10 were imposed.

Rev. Mr. Shields, pastor of the Presbyterian church, will to-morrow night, at the Baptist church, address the Sunday-school institute.

A son of Mrs. Snyder, nine years of age, while playing yesterday, fell, and, by throwing out his arms to protect his body, fractured both elbows.

Killian Frank, B. M. of the order of Truebund, was engaged every night last week in installing officers. To-night he will install the officers of Lincoln, No. 3, corner of Clinton and Fourteenth streets, in the city.

George Evans was found yesterday morning on the railroad, suffering with a fit. He was taken to the station, but during the day had frequent attacks. He stated that he had been working at the Springfield rolling-mills, and came here in search of employment.

The Vulcan started again this morning, the entire establishment having been put in first-class order for a continuous run the balance of the year. The new patent rail-straightener will leave the rails in such condition that one man will complete the straightening process where three have been required heretofore.

Dr. Starkloff said to the reporter this morning that so far as he was concerned the notice in a morning paper relative to the postmastership of St. Louis was news to him. In regard to Gov. Fletcher being in Washington in his interest, he knew nothing of it, and had not spoken to or even seen Mr. Fletcher for four years.

Peter Anderson, as usual in such cases, was not aware that his gun was loaded, and as a consequence a bullet was lodged in the leg of Andrew Hansen. Drs. Outten and Bribach were called to attend the wounded man, but failed to find the ball. A few days will determine the seriousness of the wound. No arrests, as Mr. Hansen regards it as accidental.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Frank Prange, of the Prange Bros.' Furniture Company, has gone to the east.

The Hall & Brown Wood-working Machinery Co. will probably have an exhibit at the Louisville exposition.

Garfield Circle, Fenian Brotherhood of St. Louis, will hold their second annual picnic at Lindell park next Sunday.

The officers elect of North Star lodge, A. O. U. W., will be installed this evening by Charles F. Wenneker, district deputy.

Officer Garry, of the Third police district, captured an owl early this morning, and it awaits an owner at the Third district station.

The Gruner Brothers Lumber company, through its president Colonel Philip Gruner, jr., has purchased 2,000,000 feet of rafted Wisconsin lumber for the yards here.

The game of base-ball at Liberty park, on the Natural bridge road, yesterday afternoon, between the Liberty and Lyon clubs, for a $25 silver cup, resulted in favor of the Liberty club by the score of 9 to 1.

The semi-annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis furniture workers' association will be held on the evening of the 17th inst. at 8 p. m., in the North St. Louis Turner hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets.

Officer John Kiernan ordered four decaying trees on Tenth, between Benton and Warren streets, and one at Ninth and Benton streets, to be cut down to prevent any possible accidents by the wind blowing them down.

The officers of the Schulenberg & Boeckeler Lumber company announce that their new saw mill at the foot of St. Louis avenue will be tested next Monday morning. All of the prominent saw mill men of the city will be in attendance.

While sitting on his own door-step, 3218 North Tenth street, on the evening of the Fourth, Hugh Curran was struck over the left temple by a stray bullet. It is impossible to extract the ball, and Curran is confined to his bed in a critical condition.

The St. Louis manufacturing company, recently organized by John H. Douglass of the Knapp, Stout & Co. company, Richard Schulenburg of the Eau Claire Lumber company, and several other prominent lumbermen, have purchased the Mullanphy plaining mill, Tenth and Mullanphy streets. The company has a paid up capital of $70,000.

Mrs. C. Jamison, late of the Mound City hotel, who was generally reported to have died on Saturday morning, is still alive, although in a critical condition. The announcement of the popular lady's death in the POST-DISPATCH on Saturday evening is much regretted, but was an error occasioned by apparently reliable information.

Rev. A. Schnelling, of the Lowell German Catholic church, Fourteenth street and College avenue, had John Priester arrested Saturday afternoon for disturbing the peace, by attempting to destroy a portion of the fence around the church. The trial will be called up in the Second district police court to-morrow morning at nine o'clock.

Louis Hullman, residing at Sixteenth and Montgomery streets, met with an accident at eight o'clock this morning that will probably cause his death. At the hour mentioned Hullman, who is porter in John Ringen's store, 706 North Fourth street, was descending in an elevator from the third floor when the cog-wheel broke and the elevator fell with frightful rapidity to the cellar. Hullman had no bones broken in the fall but was injured internally and became unconscious. He was removed to his home in the Third police district patrol wagon.

BELLEVILLE.

The entertainment under the auspices of the Vorwaerts takes place at the city park this evening.

The concert given by the Kronthal Liedertafel at Brosius' park last evening was very largely attended.

Christian Knoblekamp and a man named John Wiley quarreled last evening during which Knobelkamp struck Wiley on the head with a brick. The brick was shattered to atoms but Wiley's head escaped without injury. Wiley feels aggrieved, however, and swore out a warrent against Knobelkamp in Squire Guentz' court this morning.

The robbery of the Belleville bank by three men last Saturday was the only subject discussed on the streets of Belleville this morning. Sheriff Ropiequet had discovered no clue up to noon to-day which might lead to the arrest of the robbers. The only facts discovered in the case in addition to those published Saturday, are that three men were implicated. The amount secured was $1,454, and the men suspected of committing the robbery hired a team of horses and a buggy at Arnott's stables last Saturday morning.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

J. C. Wilder was jailed this morning for being drunk and will have a hearing this afternoon.

R. Newkirk will be arrested this afternoon and required to furnish bond to prevent him carrying his threats to kill John Killenburg into execution. 'Squire Bunyan will try the case.

Wm. Buncamp of St. Louis was tried by 'Squire Draggon this morning for using his wagons here without a license and fined $3 and costs. Buncamp threatens to appeal the case and enter suit against the city.

A special meeting of the city council is called for Wednesday afternoon to increase the dram-shop license law and allow the claims of city employes. An ordinance will also be passed creating the position of city attorney.

CALIFORNIA Sherries and Ports; best in the world for table use. $1 50 per gallon only. Delivery free. J. R. Crump & Co., 5th and Market Sts.

SECURE your help through the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

SPORTING NEWS.

Base Ball and Racing Events—The Shoot—Notes.

The last game of the present series between the Browns and the Alleghenys was easily won yesterday by the Browns, in presence of about six thousand people. The score was: St. Louis, 5; Allegheny, 2. Base hits: St. Louis, 14; Allegheny, 6. Errors: 3 each. Runs earned: St. Louis, 1.

Columbus, at home, yesterday, won again from the Metropolitans, the score being 6 to 4. Base hits: Columbus, 7; Mets, 14. Errors: Columbus, 1; Mets, 3. Earned runs, 2 each. On Saturday the Metropolitans were white-washed by the same team, who piled up three runs as their share. Base hits: Columbus, 8; Mets 1. Errors: Columbus, 4; Mets, 2. Runs earned, Columbus, 3.

The game at Louisville, yesterday, was stopped by rain at the beginning of the fourth inning, at which time the Eclipse had three runs and the Athletics two. The Athletics won Saturday's game by a score of 4 to 3 in 11 innings. Base hits: Athletics, 11; Eclipse, 9. Errors: 4 each. Runs earned: 1 each.

At Cincinnati, on Saturday, the champions beat the Baltimores in a well-played game, the score standing 4 to 3. Base hits: Cincinnatis, 5; Baltimores, 9. Errors: Cincinnatis, 1; Baltimores, 5. Runs earned: Baltimores, 3.

The following League games were played on Saturday. At New York: Providence 5, New York 3. At Chicago: Clevelands 7, Chicago 6. At Boston: Boston 15, Philadelphia 4.

THE SHOOT.

The St. Louis Gun club defeated the team from Chicago at Compton Avenue park on Saturday after a close contest. The score alternated during the whole contest, St. Louis finally winning by 366 to 357.

A GOOD NINE.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

As an admirer of the national game I think the following players if they could be secured would bring the pennant to St. Louis in 1884, and I think the patronage bestowed fully justifies such a nine, viz: Catchers, Deasley and Bennett; pitchers, Whitney and Galvin; first base, Brouthers; second base, Dunlap; third base, Latham; short stop, Irwin; left field, Dalrymple; center field, Hotrling; right field, Horning.

Yours truly, BASE-BALL.

NOTES.

The St. Louis club defeated the Double Extras yesterday in 11 innings by a score of 14 to 13.

The League standing is as follows: Providence, won 34, lost 15; Cleveland, won 29, lost 15; Boston, won 28, lost 19; Chicago, won 26, lost 19; New York, won 22, lost 25; Buffalo, won 18, lost 25; Detroit, won 19, lost 28; Philadelphia, won 10, lost 40.

The standing of the clubs in the American association to-day is as follows: Athletics, won 30, lost 13; St. Louis, won 30, lost 15; Louisville, won 27, lost 15; Cincinnati, won 26, lost 17; Metropolitans, won 21, lost 23; Pittsburg, won 14, lost 30; Columbus, won 15, lost 29; Baltimore, won 12, lost 33.

St. Louis has secured the services of Lewis, the left fielder of the Philadelphias. He will play here the balance of the season. Capt. Manning and Lewis never pulled well together, and this is the only reason why he leaves Philadelphia. Mr. Von der Ahe paid Al Reed $800 to release him.

Nearly 5,000 persons went out to the Grand Avenue park last evening to witness the fireworks exhibition that was advertised to take place, but it was postponed until Sunday next, owing to the death of the wife of Director W. F. Nolker, of the Sportsman's association. The ball game between the St. Louis and Columbus clubs, which is scheduled for to-morrow, is also postponed, and will be played next Saturday afternoon.

WE notice the Texas watermelon has been withdrawn from our market and that the Georgia has taken its place. The firm of Stevens, Loring & Davis, of Atlanta, are doing a great deal in the interest of this melon. We have met the senior of the firm, Mr. O. B. Stevens, who is located at 108 North Fourth street, and has control of the business at this city. He tells us the crop will be light, but the melons will be fine. He is now and will continue to receive fresh stock each day direct from the fields of southwest Georgia. Mr. Davis gives his attention to the Atlanta office, and Mr. Loring is in charge of the Chicago house. This firm gives the best of reference, and are entitled to the consideration of our people. The market has declined rapidly, opening two weeks ago at $40 per hundred and to-day selling at $20. We think now the market is on a fair basis and within reach of the majority of our people.

☞ EVERY color of the Diamond Dye is perfect. See the samples of the colored cloth at the druggists. Unequalled for brilliancy.

DISAPPROVED.

The Columbia Receiver's Sale on Second Street—Cases in Court.

A few days since, under order of the circuit court Receiver Alexander, of the Columbia Life Insurance estate, sold some property on the east side of Second street, north of Vine street. Dwight Durkee was the purchaser, for $17,600. This morning the matter of confirming the sale came up in Judge Thayer's court, and it was clear from the array of talent around the bar that the sale would not be approved. It was whispered around that the highest price for the property had not been realized and that the attention of capitalists had not been thoroughly invited. Mr. Haeussler stood ready to bid $1,000 more than the price of purchase. With this practical proposition under the nose of the receiver there was nothing to be done but to move that the sale be disapproved, and Judge Thayer ordered the receiver to sell the property over again at the court-house to-morrow. Mr. Durkee was not exactly pleased at this ruling, but the court could not ignore a higher offer.

RAILROAD SALE RESTRAINED.

An application for an injunction to restrain a sale at the court-house to-day was presented this morning in Judge Thayer's court. John O'Grady, with Colonel Easton of Chicago, appearing for the St. Louis and Western Railroad company, moved in a petition filed against Daniel Dillon, trustee, that the sale be restrained. The St. Louis and Western Railroad company is better known in this state as the Laclede and Fort Scott Railroad company. Its corporate name was changed in June, 1881. The property is valued in its present condition at $750,000. The petitioners alleged that in December, 1879, Michael Kinealy entered into a fraudulent arrangement with the directors of the road, whereby they gave him a bond for $10,000, secured by a first mortgage on the road. The petitioners allege furthermore, that this proceeding was void because it was without consideration. That the special meeting for taking such action was not legally called, and the action was not ratified by the stockholders of the company.

An order of court issued restraining the sale announced to take place to-day under the mortgage, providing that bond in the sum of one thousand dollars was furnished. Mr. O'Grady called J. W. Paramore to the witness stand as surety, and he was put through a long course of questioning by Mr. Kinealy. Mr. Paramore said that he was worth probably from half a million to a million dollars. He owned the property on Lucas place where the family reside. There is an incumbrance of $10,000 on that property. The court accepted the bond and the sale did not take place.

MAMMOTH MINING CASE.

An important mining suit has just been decided in the United States court at Denver of great interest to local parties whose investments lie westward. The Brittenstene silver mines, twelve in number, lying adjacent to the Mary Murphy, near Alpine, Col., were claimed by John E. White and others, of New York, on the one side, and Nelson & Noel and others, of St. Louis, on the other. The trial came on before Judges McCrary and Hallett in the U. S. Court at Denver. The decision is in favor of the St. Louis parties, and their title to the mines was declared good. The Mary Murphy mine has been sold once for $1,000,000. From recent strikes in the Brittenstene mines they are believed to be still more valuable. The New York parties were represented by Mr. Smith and Mr. Kellogg of Denver, and the St. Louis parties by Mr. Bruck of Leadville and John D. Pope of this city.

THE twenty words for ten-cent columns of the POST-DISPATCH is the best and cheapest medium for making known your wants. Try it.

ADVERTISE for servants in the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

The River Convention.

The executive council of the river convention will meet in the restaurant of the Southern hotel on the morning of the 11th of July. The following committee on reception has been appointed by President Ewald: Thomas H. West, R. J. Lackland, Henry Hitchcock, J. C. Ewald, Web M. Samuels, Charles Parsons, A. H. Smith, Wm. M. Senter, John M. Gilkeson, Job Franklin, Gerard B. Allen, John Jackson, D. P. Rowland, Jerome Hill, R. W. Gibson, Nathan Cole, M. McEnnis, E. O. Stannard, Henry Haarstick, J. C. Magintie, C. S. Freeborn, A. O. Grob, Ewing Hill, J. R. Keiser, Chas. W. Barstow, D. P. Slattery, L. C. A. Koenig, W. L. Greene, jr., Architect Craig. The committee will meet to-morrow, Tuesday, in the reading-room, at three o'clock, without further notice, and perfect arrangements for receiving the delegation on Wednesday. The following committee has been selected on entertainment: Frank Gaiennie, D. R. Francis, S. M. Kennard, D. P. Greer.

ADVERTISE for servants in the help wanted columns of the POST-DISPATCH. It costs you nothing.

A WOMAN'S EXPERIENCE.

MRS. WM. DOWNES, of Uxbridge, Mass., writes on March 15, 1883, as follows:

"During the past three years I have been a great sufferer from a complication of diseases which baffled the skill of the most experienced doctors, as I could not obtain permanent relief by their treatment and prescriptions; and I have also tried many so-called cures in the medicine line, but could get no relief. The pains, aches and weakness increased so rapidly and constantly that I was so reduced in strength as to be unable to leave the bed, and the doctors informed me that there was no hope of a recovery. In this exhausted and discouraged condition a dear friend persuaded me to use Hunt's Remedy, and after taking it only three days I commenced to get better, and to my great joy and delight I have continued to improve constantly by its use, until now, after having taken the remedy only a few weeks, I am able to be about my house again, and am now doing my housework. My lame back is cured, the severe pains have disappeared, and I am now in better health than for many years, and beg this privilege of gladly recommending Hunt's Remedy to all who are affected with any disease of the kidneys or liver; and I also highly recommend it for the attacks of sick headache. My husband also has experienced a very great benefit to his health by the use of this most valuable medicine, Hunt's Remedy."

"OUR FLAG IS STILL THERE."

MR. S. B. LONGFELLOW, Augusta, Me., east side of river, writes us under date of April 15, 1883:

"To whom it may concern: This may certify that two years ago I was very badly afflicted with kidney and urinary difficulties, which extended through the system and laid me up for weeks, so that I could do no work. I had the most skillful physician in town who gave me no assistance. Hearing of Hunt's Remedy, I got a bottle, and half of it cured me entirely, so that I have been well ever since. The other half I gave to a neighbor who was afflicted much as I was, and it restored him to health. I can truly say Hunt's Remedy has been of great and inexpressible worth to me."

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

THE THIRD NATIONAL BANK,
ST. LOUIS, June 25, 1883.

DIVIDEND—At a meeting of the board of directors, held this day, a dividend of three and one-half (3½) per cent was declared, payable on and after the 2d of July prox. T. A. STODDARD, Cashier.

LESSONS IN NATURAL HISTORY!

THE "TOMMY" KITTEN.

BY THE JUDGE.

"I am a warm admirer of the 'Thomas' canine," remarked the chairman, as he vigorously agitated the air with a palm-leaf fan; "and from the time he takes his milk from a saucer until he begins holding concerts on the kitchen fence, his e-RAT-ic career has been a profound mystery to me. I have often lain in wait for him—during the still hours of the night—well supplied with blacking brushes, flat-irons and chunks of coal, that I might contribute in a feeble way to the success of the grand concert, which was held under my bed-room window, and when on other occasions I've beheld his agile and graceful form on some adjacent roof, outlined against the sky, with his back the shape of a rainbow, and his tail distended to the dimensions of a flour barrel, then my heart has swelled with the vain wish that a Missouri cyclone might waft him and the other members of the orchestra into space, and thus hastily put an end to the 'Thomas concert.' There is no authentic case on record that the 'Felis domestica' has ever died a natural death, and even when his early decease is brought about by violent means, he always reappears at stated intervals and revenges himself on humanity by making the night hideous with unseemly howls." Just at this point "the Judge" was about to relate an anecdote about a cat his grandmother owned, who was run over by a train of twenty freight cars, and came up smiling for his breakfast next morning, when he noticed that the committee were asleep, so he quietly sprinkled a handful of red pepper on the floor and took the nearest street car for the "Famous," that he might investigate the

Great Stock-Taking Clean-Out Sale
Going on this week at
FIFTH AND MORGAN.

This is our stock-clearing season. We carry nothing over and mark goods so they will go, regardless of their value. Don't miss it.

Bargains in Every Department.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS—Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 29th day of August, 1883, a meeting of the shareholders of the Caruth & Byrnes Hardware company will be held at the office of the company, 525 N. Main st., St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the company from $215,500 to $250,000.

DAVID W. CARUTH, Prest.
M. J. BYRNES, Vice-Prest.
T. McLEAN, Secretary.
GEO. W. CURRY, Treasurer.

NOTICE is here by given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Duggan-Parker Hardware Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the company, in the city of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 18th day of July, 1883, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of voting upon the following propositions:

1. The increase of the capital stock of said company from $30,000 to $50,000.
2. The increase of the number of Directors from five to seven.
3. The amendment of the By-Laws of said company.
4. The election of Directors and such other business as may come before the meeting.

Witness our signatures as President, Vice-President and Secretary, and composing a majority of the present Directors of said company, this 14th day of May 1883.

HENRY C. DUGGAN, President.
C. S. RUSSELL, Vice-President.
L. PARKER, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION AND MUSIC HALL ASSOCIATION,
ST. LOUIS, MO., May 15, 1883.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the St. Louis Exposition and Music Hall Association, that a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation will be convened on the 16th day of July, 1883, at 9 o'clock a. m., and shall be continued until 6 o'clock p. m., of that day, for the purpose of voting upon the adoption or rejection of certain proposed by-laws of said corporation, and also for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said corporation from $500,000 to $600,000. Said meeting will be held at Mercantile Club Rooms, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri.

JNO. T. DAVIS,
CHAS. T. TURNER,
R. M. SCRUGGS,
JOSEPH FRANKLIN,
HENRY V. LUCAS,
ROB'T. S. BROOKINGS,
D. M. HOUSER,
E. O. STANARD,
E. C. SIMMONS,
ELLIS WAINWRIGHT,
S. M. KENNARD.
} Majority of Directors.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Glass and Queensware company will be held at the company's office, No. 520 N. Main, on Tuesday afternoon, July 10, at 3 o'clock, for the election of officers and transaction of such other business as may come before the board.

F. BREMERMANN, Secretary.

Want Columns.

Houses For Rent—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. — TRY IT.

Horses For Sale—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. — TRY IT.

Pianos For Sale—Only Five Cents a Line.
FIVE CENTS. — TRY IT.

Houses Wanted—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. — TRY IT.

Dogs Lost—Twenty Words for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. — TRY IT.

Horses to Hire—Five Cents a Line.
FIVE CENTS. — TRY IT.

Wagons For Sale—Five Cents a Line.
FIVE CENTS. — TRY IT.

Boarding—Three Lines for Ten Cents.
TEN CENTS. — TRY IT.

All advertisements in Want Columns, not pertaining to business, are charged for at the rate of Ten Cents for Twenty Words. Give them a trial and profit by it.

POST-DISPATCH.

AN OVERCOAT.

A LIGHT-WEIGHT TOP COAT? Certainly, we've got SUMMER OVERCOATS—a varied and choice assortment of them, and at the MOST REASONABLE PRICES. We're ALWAYS PREPARED, as is pretty well known by this time, for any change in the weather.

We have for SALE, and are ready to exhibit Garments of suitable weight for any possible condition of the Elements, from a Heavy Overcoat to a 13-Ounce Seersucker Suit.

It is OUR "REGULAR BIZNESS" to furnish the people with the KIND of CLOTHING they WANT, regardless of the Antics of the Signal Service (the Latest Weather Reports may be seen on our BULLETIN BOARD in front of Store), and the Public can RELY upon finding the CORRECT THING at our establishment—GRAND CLOTHING HEADQUARTERS—whether it's HOT or COLD, RAIN or SHINE.

COME AND SEE.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO
Seasonable Clothiers : : : Fifth and Pine.

☞ Write for our Illustrated Fashion Book, which gives rules for self-measurement, and tells how to order by mail.

Refrigerators and Ice Chests!

600 NOW IN STORE!

Finest assortment ever offered in this market, together with full line of House Furnishing Goods. Our prices are lower than the lowest for Cash or on Payments.

J. W. STALEY & CO.,
Southwest Cor. Seventh and Morgan.

RECEIVER'S SALES.

RECEIVERS SALE.

Property of Commercial Insurance Co.,
Carondelet Park Addition.

By virtue of an order of the St. Louis Circuit Court the undersigned will, on,

SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1883,

between the hours of 12 m. and 6 p. m., at the

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,

No. 14 N. Seventh street, near Chestnut, in the city of St. Louis, offer for sale,

AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

The following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and held and owned by him as receiver of the Commercial Insurance Company, now dissolved, to-wit:

First. A tract embracing lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, in city block No. 2965, in Carondelet Park Addition, having an aggregate frontage of 100 feet on Kansas street and running southwardly to an alley.

Second. A tract embracing lot 17, 18, 19 and 20, in said city block No. 2965, in said Carondelet Park Addition, fronting in the aggregate 110 feet 10 inches on Ninth street and running back eastwardly 120 feet to an alley.

Third. All that portion of city block No. 2966, in said Carondelet Park Addition, lying north of north line of Carondelet commons north of River Des Peres, embracing lots numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 of said city block No. 2966.

Fourth. A tract embracing lots 6, 7, 8 and 9, in city block No. 2969, in said Carondelet Park Addition, having an aggregate frontage of 109 feet 4½ inches on the south line of Kansas street and running back southwardly 125 feet to an alley.

Fifth. A tract embracing lots 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29 of said city block No. 2969 in said Carondelet Park Addition having an aggregate frontage of 151 feet 6½ inches on the west line of Fourth street, and running back westwardly 137 feet 6 inches to an alley.

Sixth. Also a piece of ground in city block No. 2970 lying in the southeast corner of U. S. survey No. 122 of Carondelet Common Fields, and bounded as follows: West by Fourth street, on which it fronts 40 feet; south by the southern line of said U. S. survey No. 122, being also the northern line of Carondelet commons north of the river Des Peres, on which it has a depth of 9 feet 4½ inches; east by the eastern line of said survey No. 122, on which it has a width of 39 feet 8 inches; and north by a line parallel with said south line of said U. S. survey No. 122 and 40 feet distant therefrom along the line of said Fourth street, and 5 feet 3⅛ inches in length.

All of said lots described lie east of Carondelet park. They will be sold free from all liens and incumbrances, including taxes of 1883, shortly to become payable, but not taxes of succeeding year.

The property will be sold by lots as above described.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third the purchase money in cash, to be paid on delivery of deeds to the purchasers; one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, promissory notes, bearing six per cent interest, secured by deeds of trust, to be given for deferred payments. The entire purchase money will be received in cash from parties desiring so to pay.

Of the cash payments, $10 must be advanced upon each lot when bid off.

This sale will be made subject to the approval of the St. Louis circuit court.

Persons desiring further information may apply to the undersigned or to S. V. Papin & Bro., agents.

Sale will begin promptly at 2:30 o'clock p. m.

St. Louis, June 21, 1883.

HORATIO M. JONES,
Receiver of Commercial Insurance Company.
S. V. Papin & Bro., agents.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—By virtue of an order of the judge of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, the undersigned surviving partner and administrator of the partnership estate of Dodson & Woods, will sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the east front door of the court-house in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 a. m., and 4 p. m., on Wednesday, July 18, 1883, the uncollected accounts, notes and judgments as follows, to close administration of said estate:

Accounts—J. C. Strang, $8 44; W. Lowry, $2 43; J. W. Patrick, $47 89; J. S. Symonds, $2 91; A. Lomax & Bro., $45 47; J. H. Hart, $320 19; Anderson, Nolan & Co., $18 17; W. M. Collins, $13 64; J. S. Borland, $5 10; F. McCambridge & Bro., $21 33; J. B. Armistead, $4 28; J. W. Hart & Bro., $138 30; D. S. Freeman, $30 46; A. H. Ballagh, $11 58; Hart & Preston Bros., $36 48; J. F. Barrett, $261 61; David Owen, $3 29; W. B. Wells, $31 50; D. F. Bates, $32 10; E. G. White, $3 54; W. G. Stewart, $3 13; S. T. Ellis & Co., $4 89; I. D. Lear, $47 32; John Blanchard, $16 93; S. Evans & Son, 50c; A. T. Lowry, $24 09; C. P. Greenly, $14 01; B. Tankersley, 49c; Wm. K. Ewing, $285 10; A. Bollinger, $6 60; Canaday & Collins, $169 14.

Notes.—One on John McBrine, $143 75; one on John C. Blair, $110; one on Francis & Link, $169 13; two on Watterman & Ballagh, $167; two on H. H. Meinershagen, $116 79; one on N. S. Dimmitt, $37; one on A. E. Mick, $183 92; one on John Crockett, $500; one on John Starkey, $99 16; one on Canaday & Collins, $500; one on T. N. Sickles, $70; one on Nathan Dodson, $160; one on W. J. Duggan, $10 83; two on John Collett, $713 75; one on Boyd Braden, $50 98; one on D. D. Sprague, $109 20; one on J. Fosbender, $188 26; three on E. H. Simmons, 3,491 70; one on Owen Lee, $191 93; one on J. D. Burr, $50; one on W. J. Edwards, et al., $75; J. F. Griffith, $82 30; four on D. Hodgkins, et al., $319 80, and the unpaid and accrued interest in the foregoing notes.

Judgments—Two against A. Lomax & Bro. for $308 78 and $183 78, together $492 56; one against W. Kipp, $379 31; one against Thomas G. Kessinger, $94 59.

WILLIAM WOODS,
Administrator of the partnership estate of Dodson & Woods.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Balthasser Lorch,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the second Monday of September next.

ANNA LORCH,
Administratrix of Balthasser Lorch, deceased.
St. Louis, July 7, 1883.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

George Kissel,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the second Monday of September next.

IDA LOUISA KISSEL,
Executrix of George Kissel, deceased.
St. Louis, July 7, 1883.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICES

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF THOMAS COFFEY, deceased.—Thomas Coffey died April 24, 1881, at St. Vincent's Institution (an asylum for the insane), in the city of St. Louis; was an Irishman by birth, a laborer by occupation; he was a tall, spare made man, dark hair and eyes; he left an estate of eight hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty-five cents ($835 55) in cash. At a final settlement of said estate, to be made in June next, there will be a balance due the heirs after payment of all legal demands of about two hundred and fifty dollars ($250). If this money is not claimed by June, 1884, it will be paid into the State Treasury.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st., 2d floor.
St. Louis, April 27, 1883. 83F

No. 14,733 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Charles Kaiser, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Charles Kaiser,

deceased, and that I did so on the 13th day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo, July 2, 1883.

No. 14,741 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Asher G. Squier, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Asher G. Squier,

deceased, and that I did so on the 20th day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same, with the will annexed, and I did so under an order of the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, made this 20th day of June, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1883.

No. 14,731 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Edward Castleman, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Edward Castleman,

deceased, and that I did so on the 12th day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Amministrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, 2d floor.
St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1883.

No. 11,010 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS DE BONIS NON.—In re estate of Charles W. Ford, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Charles W. Ford,

deceased, and that I did so on the 15th day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same as administrator de bonis non, and the same was done in pursuance of an order of court. The authority of Chester H. Krum, the former administrator of said estate, ceased on the 15th day of June A.D., 1883, by reason of the revocation of his letters on that day, for failure to make his settlements in said estate.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1883.
John G. Chandler, attorney for estate.

No. 14,736 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of an unknown white man, floater, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

An Unknown White Man, Floater,

deceased, and that I did so on the 15th day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same. For description of estate call at my office.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, 2d floor.
St. Louis, July 2, 1883.

No. 14,729 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Jeremiah Stanton, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Jeremiah Stanton,

deceased, and that I did so on the 9th day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same, with the will annexed, under an order of the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, made on that day.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, 2d floor.
Mills & Flitcraft, attorneys for administrator, 2d floor,
St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1883.

No. 14,738 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John Gillespie, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John Gillespie,

deceased, and that I did so on the nineteenth day of June, 1883, for the purpose of administering on the same, and that I did so under an order of court made on that day.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office, 615 Chestnut st., second floor,
St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1883.

IN THE MATTER OF the assignment of Charles Wesley Handley and Helen F. Handley. Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of Charles Wesley and Helen F. Handley, that on the 18th day of July, 1883, I will pay the third dividend, being six per cent, on all claims proved against the assigned estate of said Charles Wesley and Helen F. Handley.

EDWARD S. ROBERT, Assignee.
St. Louis, Mo., July 9, 1883.